

SpaceX Project

This project analyzes the SpaceX flight database to predict rocket booster recovery, enabling cost estimation and helping competitors assess if they can offer more cost-effective launch services.

By, Harsh Tripathi

Executive summary

• • •



- Analyzed SpaceX flight data to identify factors influencing rocket booster recovery.
- Built predictive models to estimate booster recovery outcomes in advance.
- Enabled early estimation of launch costs based on recovery likelihood.
- Provided insights for competitors to benchmark against SpaceX and explore cost advantages.





Executive summary



Data collection



EDA



Predictive analysis



conclusion

Introduction

- Collected SpaceX flight data using APIs and web scraping techniques.
- Performed Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA) to uncover patterns and insights.
- Developed both static and interactive visualizations to enhance understanding.
- Applied predictive methodologies to forecast rocket booster recovery.
- Conducted SQL-based EDA for structured querying and analysis.
- Integrated interactive Folium maps for geospatial visualization of launch sites.

02 Data collection SpaceX

Data Collection Data collection through API and cleaning

}	FlightNumber	Date	BoosterVersion	PayloadMass	Orbit	LaunchSite	Outcome	Flights	GridFins	Reused	Legs	LandingPad	Block	ReusedCount	Seı
4	1	2010- 06-04	Falcon 9	NaN	LEO	CCSFS SLC 40	None None	1	False	False	False	None	1.0	0	В
5	2	2012- 05-22	Falcon 9	525.0	LEO	CCSFS SLC 40	None None	1	False	False	False	None	1.0	0	В
6	3	2013- 03-01	Falcon 9	677.0	ISS	CCSFS SLC 40	None None	1	False	False	False	None	1.0	0	В
7	4	2013- 09-29	Falcon 9	500.0	РО	VAFB SLC 4E	False Ocean	1	False	False	False	None	1.0	0	B.
8	5	2013- 12-03	Falcon 9	3170.0	GTO	CCSFS SLC 40	None None	1	False	False	False	None	1.0	0	B [.]
89	86	2020- 09-03	Falcon 9	15600.0	VLEO	KSC LC 39A	True ASDS	2	True	True	True	5e9e3032383ecb6bb234e7ca	5.0	12	В
90	87	2020- 10-06	Falcon 9	15600.0	VLEO	KSC LC 39A	True ASDS	3	True	True	True	5e9e3032383ecb6bb234e7ca	5.0	13	В
91	88	2020- 10-18	Falcon 9	15600.0	VLEO	KSC LC 39A	True ASDS	6	True	True	True	5e9e3032383ecb6bb234e7ca	5.0	12	B.
92	89	2020- 10-24	Falcon 9	15600.0	VLEO	CCSFS SLC 40	True ASDS	3	True	True	True	5e9e3033383ecbb9e534e7cc	5.0	12	B [.]
93	90	2020- 11-05	Falcon 9	3681.0	MEO	CCSFS SLC 40	True ASDS	1	True	False	True	5e9e3032383ecb6bb234e7ca	5.0	8	B [,]
90 ro	ws × 17 columns														

Data Collection Data collection through Web Scraping and cleaning

• • •

df= pd.DataFrame({ key:pd.Series(value) for key, value in launch_dict.items() }) display(df.head()) **∓** Flight Launch Payload Version Launch Booster Payload Orbit Customer Date Time landing No. site outcome Booster **Dragon Spacecraft Qualification** CCAFS 0 LEO SpaceX Success\n F9 v1.07B0003.18 Failure 4 June 2010 18:45 Unit 8 December LEO 2 **CCAFS** Dragon 0 NASA Success F9 v1.07B0004.18 Failure 15:43 2010 CCAFS Dragon 525 kg LEO NASA F9 v1.07B0005.18 No attempt\n 22 May 2012 07:44 2 Success **CCAFS** SpaceX CRS-1 4,700 kg LEO NASA Success\n F9 v1.07B0006.18 No attempt 8 October 2012 00:35 CCAFS SpaceX CRS-2 4,877 kg LEO NASA F9 v1.07B0007.18 No attempt\n 1 March 2013 15:10 Success\n

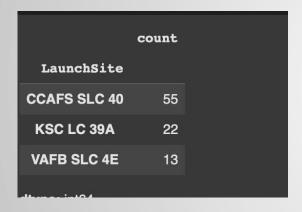
[] df.to_csv('spacex_web_scraped.csv', index=False)

03 Data Wrangling SpaceX

Data Wrangling

• • •

Number of launch sites



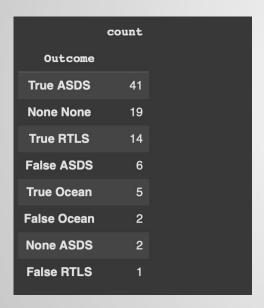
Number and occurrence of each orbit

	count
Orbit	
GTO	27
ISS	21
VLEO	14
РО	9
LEO	7
sso	5
MEO	3
GEO	1
ES-L1	1
HEO	1
so	1

Data Wrangling

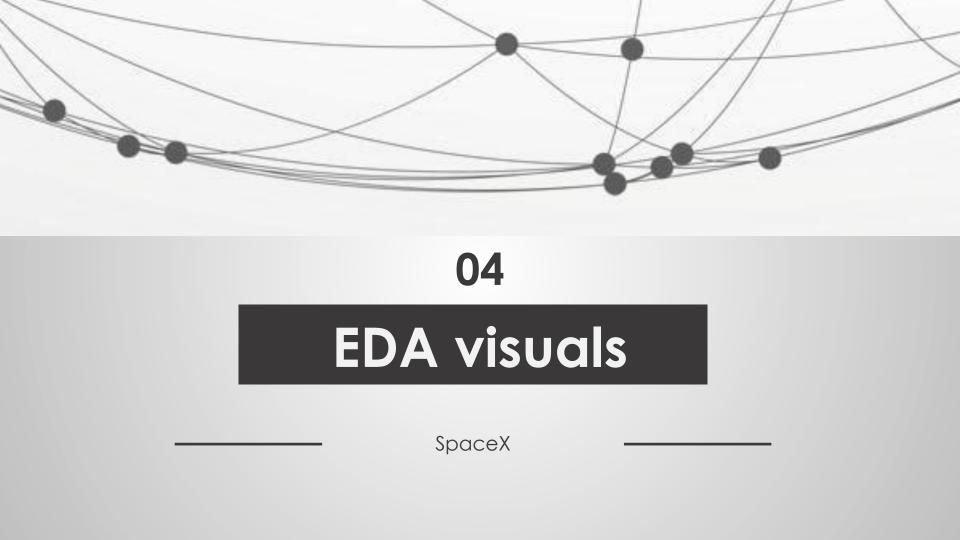
• • •

Mission outcomes in different Orbits



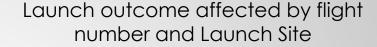
cumulative mission success rate

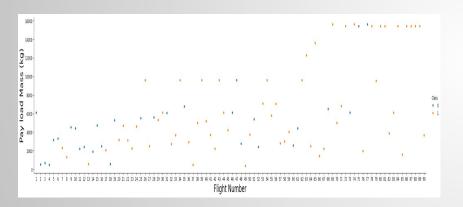
```
df["Class"].mean()
np.float64(0.666666666666666)
```

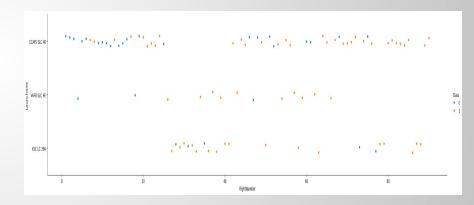




Launch outcome affected by flight number and Payload

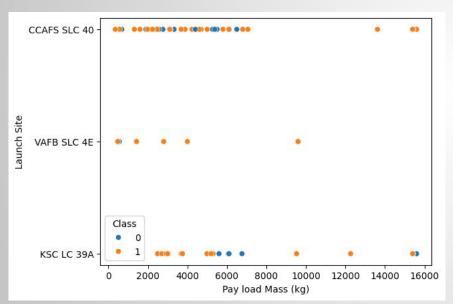




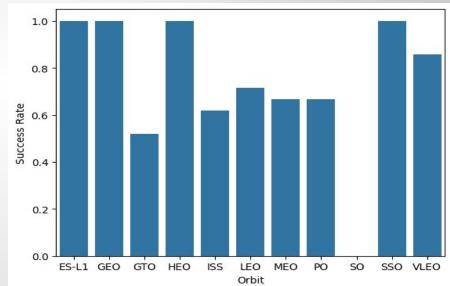




Launch outcome affected by Launch Site and Payload

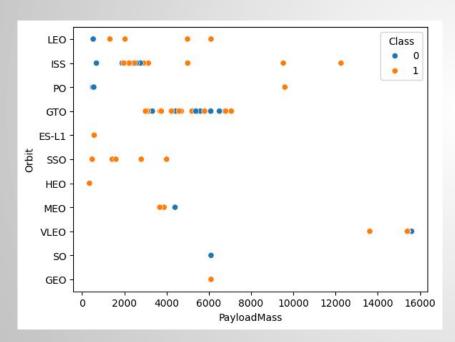


Launch outcome affected by orbit type

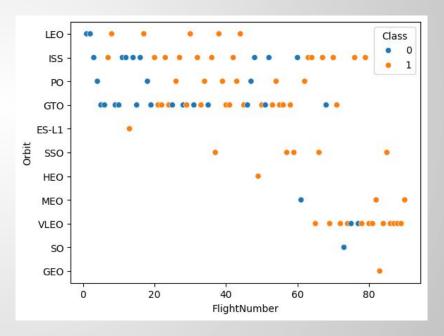




Launch outcome affected by Payload mass and Orbit type

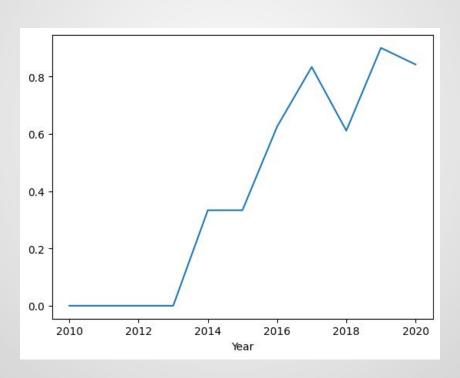


Launch outcome affected by flight number and orbit type





Launch success trend over the years







Unique launch sites in the space mission

Launch Sites starting with CCA

```
* sqlite://my_datal.db
Done.

Launch_Site
CCAFS LC-40
VAFB SLC-4E
KSC LC-39A
CCAFS SLC-40
```

	Time								
Date	Time (UTC)	Booster_Version	Launch_Site	Payload	PAYLOAD_MASSKG_	Orbit	Customer	Mission_Outcome	Landing_Outcor
2010-06- 04	18:45:00	F9 v1.0 B0003	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon Spacecraft Qualification Unit		LEO	SpaceX	Success	Failure (parachute
2010-12- 08	15:43:00	F9 v1.0 B0004		Dragon demo flight C1, two CubeSats, barrel of Brouere cheese		LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS) NRO	Success	Failure (parachut
2012-05- 22	7:44:00	F9 v1.0 B0005	CCAFS LC- 40	Dragon demo flight C2	525	LEO (ISS)	NASA (COTS)	Success	No attempt
2012-10- 08	0:35:00	F9 v1.0 B0006	CCAFS LC- 40	SpaceX CRS-1	500	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt
2013-03- 01	15:10:00	F9 v1.0 B0007	CCAFS LC- 40	SpaceX CRS-2	677	LEO (ISS)	NASA (CRS)	Success	No attempt



Total mass carried by boosters launched by NASA

Average mass carried by F9 V1.1

```
* sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.
sum(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_)
45596
```

```
* sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.
avg(PAYLOAD_MASS__KG_)
2534.6666666666666
```



First successfully landing on ground pad

```
* sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.
min(DATE)
2015-12-22
```

Boosters with success on drone ship and payload between 4000 and 6000

```
* sqlite://my_data1.db
Done.

Booster_Version

F9 FT B1022

F9 FT B1026

F9 FT B1021.2

F9 FT B1031.2
```



Total failure vs success

* sqlite:///my_data1.db)
Mission_Outcome	count(*)
Failure (in flight)	1
Success	98
Success	1
Success (payload status unclea	r) 1

Booster that have carried maximum payload mass

```
Booster_Version
F9 B5 B1048.4
F9 B5 B1049.4
F9 B5 B1051.3
F9 B5 B1056.4
F9 B5 B1048.5
F9 B5 B1051.4
F9 B5 B1049.5
F9 B5 B1060.2
F9 B5 B1058.3
F9 B5 B1060.3
F9 B5 B1049.7
```



Records of landing outcome failures in 2015

Month Landing_Outcome Booster_Version Launch_Site

01 Failure (drone ship) F9 v1.1 B1012 CCAFS LC-40

04 Failure (drone ship) F9 v1.1 B1015 CCAFS LC-40

Ranking of landing outcomes between 04-06-2014 and 20-03-2017

Landing_Outcome	Count
No attempt	10
Success (drone ship)	5
Failure (drone ship)	5
Success (ground pad)	3
Controlled (ocean)	3
Uncontrolled (ocean)	2
Failure (parachute)	2
Precluded (drone ship)	1



Records of landing outcome failures in 2015

Month Landing_Outcome Booster_Version Launch_Site

Failure (drone ship) F9 v1.1 B1012 CCAFS LC-40 01 04

Failure (drone ship) F9 v1.1 B1015 CCAFS LC-40

Ranking of landing outcomes between 04-06-2014 and 20-03-2017

Landing_Outcome	Count
No attempt	10
Success (drone ship)	5
Failure (drone ship)	5
Success (ground pad)	3
Controlled (ocean)	3
Uncontrolled (ocean)	2
Failure (parachute)	2
Precluded (drone ship)	1



Launch Sites Proximities Analysis

• • •

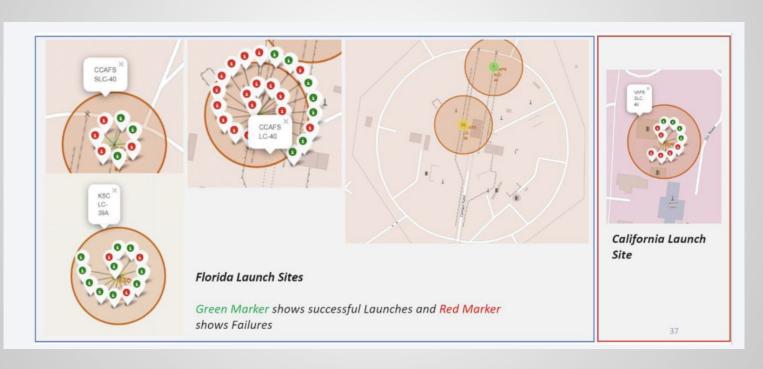
All launch sites global map markers



Launch Sites Proximities Analysis

• • •

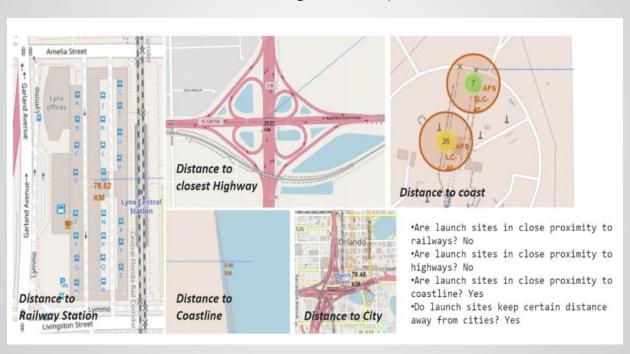
Markers showing launch sites with color labels



Launch Sites Proximities Analysis

• • •

All launch sites global map markers

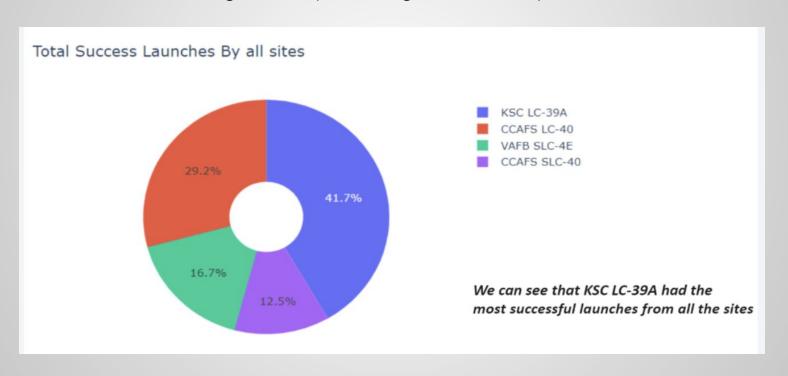




Dashboard with Plotly Dash

• • •

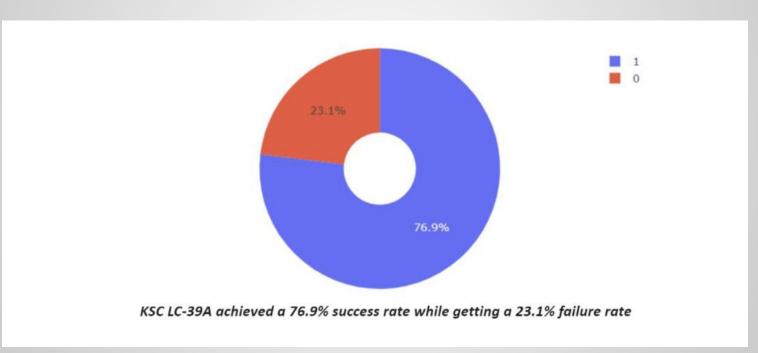
Pie chart showing success percentage achieved by each Launch site



Dashboard with Plotly Dash

• • •

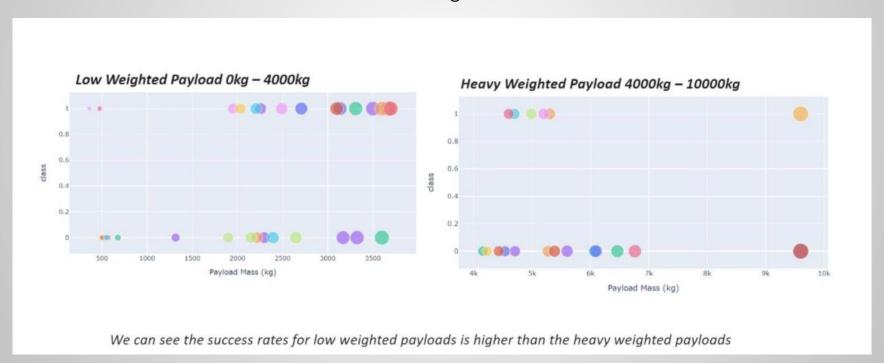
Pie chart showing Launch Site with highest Launch success ratio



Dashboard with Plotly Dash

• • •

Scatter Plot og Payload vs Launch Outcome for all sites, with different payload selected in the range slider

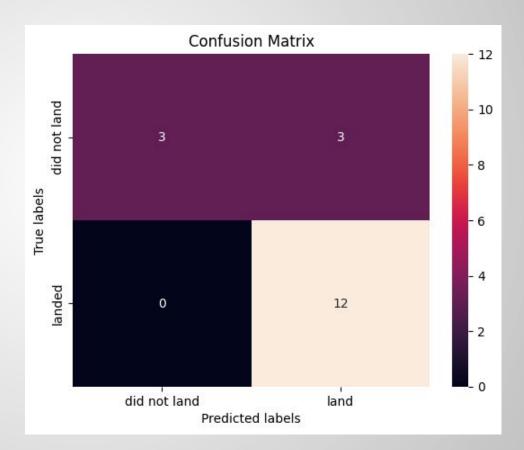


80 Predictive analysis SpaceX

Predictive analysis Results Logistic Regression

Accuracy score train data: 84.4%

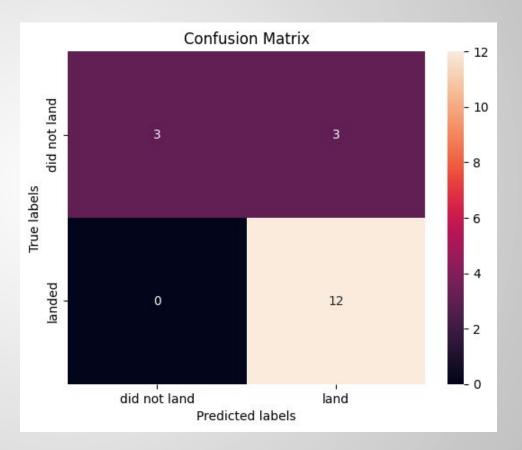
Accuracy score test data: 83.3%



Predictive analysis Results Vector machine object

Accuracy score train data: 84.8%

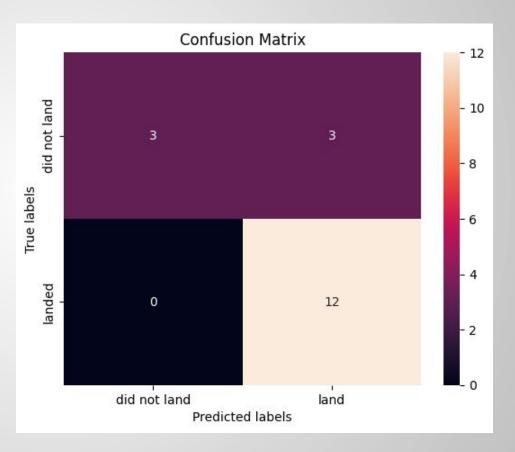
Accuracy score test data: 83.3%



Predictive analysis Results Decision Tree Classifier

Accuracy score train data: 87.7%

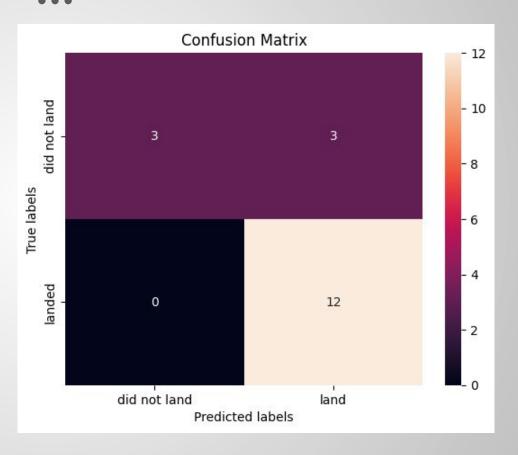
Accuracy score test data: 83.3%



Predictive analysis Results K nearest object classifier

Accuracy score train data: 84.8%

Accuracy score test data: 83.3%





Conclusion

We can conclude that:

- The launch site that has more flights, have higher success rates.
- Launch site success rates has been increasing overtime
- Orbits ES-I1, GEO, HEO, SSO, VLEO had the highest success rate
- KSC LC-39A had the most successful launches of any sites
- The decision tree classifier is the predictive algorithm for this particular task



Best regards, Thank you

Special thanks to all the people who made and released these awesome resources for free

SpaceX

Wikipedia