Out[2]:	date         meantemp         humidity         wind_speed         meanpressure           0         2013-01-01         10.000000         84.500000         0.000000         1015.666667
	1       2013-01-02       7.400000       92.000000       2.980000       1017.800000         2       2013-01-03       7.166667       87.000000       4.633333       1018.666667         3       2013-01-04       8.666667       71.333333       1.233333       1017.166667
	4 2013-01-05 6.000000 86.833333 3.700000 1016.500000 
	1457       2016-12-28       17.217391       68.043478       3.547826       1015.565217         1458       2016-12-29       15.238095       87.857143       6.000000       1016.904762
	1459       2016-12-30       14.095238       89.666667       6.266667       1017.904762         1460       2016-12-31       15.052632       87.000000       7.325000       1016.100000         1461       2017-01-01       10.000000       100.000000       1016.000000
	1462 rows × 5 columns
[n [11]:	<pre>df_useful = df.drop(["humidity","wind_speed","meanpressure","date"],axis=1) df_useful</pre>
Out[11]:	<b>0</b> 10.000000
	<ul> <li>1 7.400000</li> <li>2 7.166667</li> <li>3 8.666667</li> </ul>
	4 6.000000
	1457       17.217391         1458       15.238095
	1459       14.095238         1460       15.052632         1461       10.000000
	1462 rows × 1 columns
[n [12]:	<pre>df_useful_indexed = df_useful.set_index(df.date) # df_useful_indexed = pd.to_datetime(df_useful_indexed.index)</pre>
Out[12]:	df_useful_indexed meantemp
	date       2013-01-01 10.000000       2013-01-02 7.400000
	2013-01-03 7.166667 2013-01-04 8.666667
	<b>2013-01-05</b> 6.000000
	2016-12-28 17.217391 2016-12-29 15.238095 2016-12-30 14.095238
	2016-12-31       15.052632         2017-01-01       10.000000
	1462 rows × 1 columns
In [15]:	<pre>from statsmodels.tsa.stattools import adfuller import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # Compute and print ADF p-value df_useful_indexed.plot()</pre>
	<pre>plt.show() result = adfuller(df_useful_indexed) print("The p-value for the ADF test is ", result[1])</pre>
	40 35 -
	30 - 25 -
	20 - 15 -
	meantemp
	2013-01 <del>201</del> 13-07 <del>201</del> 14-02 <del>201</del> 14-08 <del>201</del> 15-09 <del>201</del> 16-04 <del>201</del> 16-04 <del>201</del> 16-11-01 date The p-value for the ADF test is 0.2774121372301609
[n [19]:	# Import the modules for plotting the sample ACF and PACF from statsmodels.graphics.tsaplots import plot_acf, plot_pacf  # Take first difference of the temperature Series
	<pre>chg_temp = df_useful_indexed.diff() chg_temp = chg_temp.dropna() # Plot the ACF and PACF on the same page fig, axes = plt.subplots(2,1)</pre>
	# Plot the ACF plot_acf(chg_temp, lags=20, ax=axes[0])
	<pre># Plot the PACF plot_pacf(chg_temp, lags=20, ax=axes[1]) plt.show()</pre>
	Autocorrelation  1.0
	0.5
	0 5 Partial Autocorrelations 20
	0.5
In [20]:	# Import the module for estimating an ARMA model
	<pre>from statsmodels.tsa.arima_model import ARMA  # Fit the data to an AR(1) model and print AIC: mod_ar1 = ARMA(chg_temp, order=(1, 0))</pre>
	res_ar1 = mod_ar1.fit() print("The AIC for an AR(1) is: ", res_ar1.aic)  # Fit the data to an AR(2) model and print AIC:
	mod_ar2 = ARMA(chg_temp, order=(2, 0)) res_ar2 = mod_ar2.fit() print("The AIC for an AR(2) is: ", res_ar2.aic)
	<pre># Fit the data to an ARMA(1,1) model and print AIC: mod_arma11 = ARMA(chg_temp, order=(1, 1)) res_arma11 = mod_arma11.fit()</pre>
	<pre>print("The AIC for an ARMA(1,1) is: ", res_arma11.aic)  C:\Users\U.R Computer\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\arima_model.py:472: FutureWarning: statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARMA and statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARIMA have been deprecated in favor of statsmodels.tsa.arima.model.ARIMA (note the .</pre>
	between arima and model) and statsmodels.tsa.arima.model.ARIMA (note the statsmodels.tsa.SARIMAX. These will be removed after the 0.12 release.  statsmodels.tsa.arima.model.ARIMA makes use of the statespace framework and
	is both well tested and maintained.  To silence this warning and continue using ARMA and ARIMA until they are removed, use:
	<pre>import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore', 'statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARMA',</pre>
	warnings.filterwarnings('ignore', 'statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARIMA', FutureWarning)
	<pre>warnings.warn(ARIMA_DEPRECATION_WARN, FutureWarning) C:\Users\U.R Computer\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\base\tsa_model.py:524: ValueWarning: No frequency information was provided, so inferred frequency D will be used. warnings.warn('No frequency information was' The AIC for an AR(1) is: 5614.068005431916</pre>
	C:\Users\U.R Computer\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\base\tsa_model.py:524: ValueWarning: No frequency information was provided, so inferred frequency D will be used. warnings.warn('No frequency information was'
	The AIC for an AR(2) is: 5600.849349106674  C:\Users\U.R Computer\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\base\tsa_model.py:524: ValueWarning: No frequency information was provided, so inferred frequency D will be used.  warnings.warn('No frequency information was'
In [28]:	The AIC for an ARMA(1,1) is: 5544.459909968323  # Import the ARIMA module from statsmodels from statsmodels.tsa.arima_model import ARIMA
	<pre># Forecast temperatures using an ARIMA(1,1,1) model mod = ARIMA(df_useful_indexed, order=(1,1,1)) forc = mod.fit()</pre>
	<pre># Plot the original series and the forecasted series forc.plot_predict(start='2016-12-28', end='2017-1-8') plt.show()</pre>
	C:\Users\U.R Computer\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\arima_model.py:472: FutureWarning: statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARMA and statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARIMA have been deprecated in favor of statsmodels.tsa.arima.model.ARIMA (note the .
	between arima and model) and statsmodels.tsa.SARIMAX. These will be removed after the 0.12 release.  statsmodels.tsa.arima.model.ARIMA makes use of the statespace framework and
	is both well tested and maintained.  To silence this warning and continue using ARMA and ARIMA until they are removed, use:
	<pre>import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore', 'statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARMA',</pre>
	<pre>warnings.filterwarnings('ignore', 'statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARIMA',</pre>
	<pre>C:\Users\U.R Computer\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\base\tsa_model.py:524: ValueWarning: No frequency information was provided, so inferred frequency D will be used.     warnings.warn('No frequency information was' C:\Users\U.R Computer\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\base\tsa_model.py:524: ValueWarning: No frequency information was provided, so inferred frequency information was provided, so inferred frequency information was provided.</pre>
	ency D will be used. warnings.warn('No frequency information was' C:\Users\U.R Computer\Anaconda\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\tsa\arima_model.py:472: FutureWarning: statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARMA and statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARIMA have
	been deprecated in favor of statsmodels.tsa.arima.model.ARIMA (note the . between arima and model) and statsmodels.tsa.SARIMAX. These will be removed after the 0.12 release.
	statsmodels.tsa.arima.model.ARIMA makes use of the statespace framework and is both well tested and maintained.  To silence this warning and continue using ARMA and ARIMA until they are removed, use:
	removed, use:  import warnings warnings.filterwarnings('ignore', 'statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARMA', FutureWarning)
	Futurewarning) warnings.filterwarnings('ignore', 'statsmodels.tsa.arima_model.ARIMA', FutureWarning) warnings.warn(ARIMA_DEPRECATION_WARN, FutureWarning)
	- forecast - meantemp 95% confidence interval
	16 - 14 -
	12 -
	8 - 28 29 30 31 01 02 03 04 05 06 07 08
In [ ]:	Jan 2017
-11 [ ]:	

import pandas as pd
df = pd.read\_csv("https://raw.githubusercontent.com/KlrShaK/Delhi-Temperature-Prediction-Time-Series-data/master/daily\_temp\_dataset/DailyDelhiClimateTrain.csv
df