

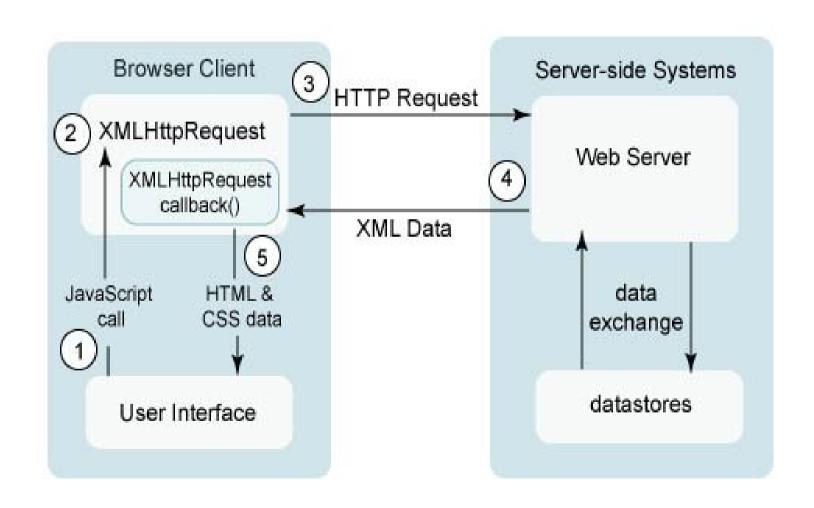
# What is Ajax?

- Ajax can help increase the speed and usability of an application's web pages by updating only part of the page at a time, rather than requiring the entire page to be reloaded after a user-initiated change.
- Using Ajax, the pages of your application can exchange small amounts of data with the server without going through a form submit.
- AJAX is the art of exchanging data with the server and updating part of web pageswithout reloading the whole page asynchronously

# The Ajax Technique

- The Ajax technique accomplishes this by using the following technologies:
  - JavaScript that allows for interaction with the browser and responding to events.
  - DOM for accessing and manipulating the structure of the HTML of the page.
  - XML which represents the data passed between the server and client.
  - An XMLHttpRequest object for asynchronously exchanging the XML data between the client and the server.

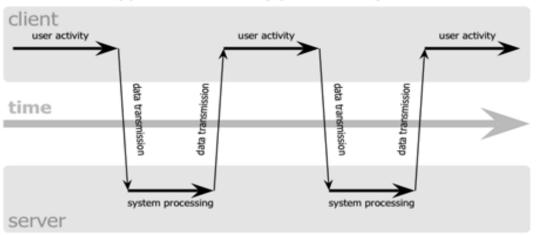
## **AJAX Request**



Source: http://java.sun.com/javaee/javaserverfaces/ajax/tutorial.jsp

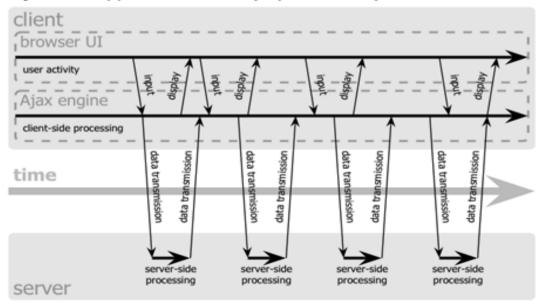
## Interrupted and Uninterrupted Operations

### classic web application model (synchronous)



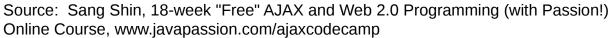
Interrupted user operation while the data is being fetched

### Ajax web application model (asynchronous)



### Uninterrupted

user operation while data is being fetched



## Steps

### JavaScript

- Define an object for sending HTTP requests
- Initiate request
  - Get request object
  - Designate a request handler function
    - Supply as onreadystatechange attribute of request
  - Initiate a GET or POST request to a JSP page
  - Send data
- Handle response
  - Wait for readyState of 4 and HTTP status of 200
  - Extract return text with responseText or responseXML
  - Do something with result

#### HTML

- Loads JavaScript from centralized directory
- Designates control that initiates request
- Gives ids to input elements that will be read by script

# Defining a Request Object

```
var ajaxObject=null;
if (window.XMLHttpRequest)
ajaxObject=new XMLHttpRequest();
else if(window.ActiveXObject) /*ie 6 and 7*/
ajaxObject=new ActiveXObject("Microsoft.XMLHTTP");
if(ajaxObject!=null){
/*Open an GET request for resource url asynch.*/
ajaxObject.open("GET",url,true);
ajaxObject.send();
else{
alert("Not having suitable browser ...");
```

# Handle Response

```
ajaxObject.onreadystatechange=function()
{
    if(ajaxObject.readyState==4 && ajaxObject.status==200){
        document.getElementById(id).innerHTML=ajaxObject.responseText;
    }
};
```