

## REWARDS AND OBSTACLES



### What is our GOAL for this MODULE?

In this class, we created sprites and added them to groups on a real-time basis. You also created random fuel & power coins as rewards for players to collect.

### What did we ACHIEVE in the class TODAY?

- Created sprites on a real-time basis & add them at random positions
- Created sprites in real-time & displayed them in fixed positions
- Learned about the **overlap()** function to remove the fuel tank & coin which the player touches.

### Which CONCEPTS/ CODING BLOCKS did we cover today?

- Sprite groups
- The **overlap()** function
- Initializing a Parameter "**positions=[]**" in function.

### How did we DO the activities?

To add multiple sprites for the fuel tank and powerCoins at random positions in our game.

1. Create two variables for a group of sprites.

```
fuels = new Group();  
powerCoins = new Group();
```

2. Create a function **addSprites()** to create sprites for fuel and powerCoins.
  - Give a random position to each sprite.
  - Add **fuels** & **powerCoins** sprites into their respective groups.

```
// Adding fuel sprite in the game  
this.addSprites(fuels, 4, fuelImage, 0.02);  
  
// Adding coin sprite in the game  
this.addSprites(powerCoins, 18, powerCoinImage, 0.09);
```

3. Create an **overlap()** function to check when a player's car is touching any of the sprites (fuel/powerCoins).
  - Remove the touching sprite from the game.

```
handleFuel(index) {  
  // Adding fuel  
  cars[index - 1].overlap(fuels, function(collector, collected) {  
    player.fuel = 185;  
    //collected is the sprite in the group collectibles that triggered  
    //the event  
    collected.remove();  
  });  
}  
  
handlePowerCoins(index) {  
  cars[index - 1].overlap(powerCoins, function(collector, collected) {  
    player.score += 21;  
    player.update();  
    //collected is the sprite in the group collectibles that triggered  
    //the event  
    collected.remove();  
  });  
}
```

Output:



Now, to add multiple sprites for obstacles at a fixed position in our game to make it interesting.

4. Declare global variables for images and obstacles in **sketch.js**.
  - Preload images in these variables in **preload()** function.

```
var canvas;
var backgroundImage, car1_img, car2_img, track;
var fuelImage, powerCoinImage, lifeImage;
var obstacle1Image, obstacle2Image;

var database, gameState;
var form, player, playerCount;
var allPlayers, car1, car2, fuels, powerCoins, obstacles;
var cars = [];

function preload() {
  backgroundImage = loadImage("../assets/background.png");
  car1_img = loadImage("../assets/car1.png");
  car2_img = loadImage("../assets/car2.png");
  track = loadImage("../assets/track.jpg");
  fuelImage = loadImage("../assets/fuel.png");
  powerCoinImage = loadImage("../assets/goldCoin.png");
  lifeImage = loadImage("../assets/life.png");
  obstacle1Image = loadImage("../assets/obstacle1.png");
  obstacle2Image = loadImage("../assets/obstacle2.png");
}
```

5. Create an **obstacles** group in the **start()** method of **Game.js**.

```
obstacles = new Group();
```

6. Use the predefined positions for each obstacle, sprite an array **obstaclesPositions**.

```
var obstaclesPositions = [
  { x: width / 2 + 250, y: height - 800, image: obstacle2Image },
  { x: width / 2 - 150, y: height - 1300, image: obstacle1Image },
  { x: width / 2 + 250, y: height - 1800, image: obstacle1Image },
  { x: width / 2 - 180, y: height - 2300, image: obstacle2Image },
  { x: width / 2, y: height - 2800, image: obstacle2Image },
  { x: width / 2 - 180, y: height - 3300, image: obstacle1Image },
  { x: width / 2 + 180, y: height - 3300, image: obstacle2Image },
  { x: width / 2 + 250, y: height - 3800, image: obstacle2Image },
  { x: width / 2 - 150, y: height - 4300, image: obstacle1Image },
  { x: width / 2 + 250, y: height - 4800, image: obstacle2Image },
  { x: width / 2, y: height - 5300, image: obstacle1Image },
  { x: width / 2 - 180, y: height - 5500, image: obstacle2Image }
];
```

7. Call the **addSprites()** function to create **obstacleSprites** and add to the group.
  - Modify **addSprites()** to pass positions of each obstacle sprites.
  - Do not modify previously made calls, as we are also initializing the default value to the new parameter.

```
//Adding obstacles sprite in the game
this.addSprites( obstacles, obstaclesPositions.length, obstacle1Image, 0.04, obstaclesPositions );
}

addSprites(spriteGroup, numberOfSprites, spriteImage, scale, positions = []) {
  for (var i = 0; i < numberOfSprites; i++) {
    var x, y;
```

- Modify **addSprite()** function to create obstacles at predefined positions.

```
addSprites(spriteGroup, numberOfSprites, spriteImage, scale, positions = []) {
  for (var i = 0; i < numberOfSprites; i++) {
    var x, y;
    if (positions.length > 0) {
      x = positions[i].x;
      y = positions[i].y;
      spriteImage = positions[i].image;
```

```
    } else {  
  
        x = random(width / 2 + 150, width / 2 - 150);  
  
        y = random(-height * 4.5, height - 400);  
  
    }  
  
    var spirte = createSprite(x, y);  
  
    spirte.addImage("spirte", spirtelImage);  
  
  
    spirte.scale = scale;  
  
    spriteGroup.add(spirte);  
  
}  
  
}
```

Output:



### What's next?

In the next class, you will build a ranking mechanism that ranks the player according to their performance in the car racing game. We will also build a Progress Bar for fuel and player's life property.

### EXTEND YOUR KNOWLEDGE:

1. To know more about groups from the following link created by Mozilla and individual contributors:  
[https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Guide/Regular\\_Expressions/Groups\\_and\\_Ranges](https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Guide/Regular_Expressions/Groups_and_Ranges)

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