

Game States and Groups



What is our GOAL for this MODULE?

In this lesson, we learned defined behavior of different objects of the game based on GameState “PLAY” & “END”

What did we ACHIEVE in the class TODAY?

- Used JavaScript objects to save different types of data in key-value format.
- Created two new game states - **PLAY** and **END**.
- Assigned different game behavior for the different states.
- Grouped similar game objects/sprites in a group and assigned the same behavior to all of them.

Which CONCEPTS/ CODING BLOCKS did we cover today?

- JavaScript objects [JSON]
- Groups of similar objects
- Game states and assigning different behaviors

How did we DO the activities?

1. Practice JavaScript objects. Apart from an array, it is another method to store multiple data in a single variable:
 - First, we declare a variable name, set it equal to empty parentheses.
e.g. **var Student = { };**
 - Add data name (key) and their value between { } separated by comma:

```
1  var Student = {  
2    name: "Sammy",  
3    class: 7,  
4    roll_no:21,  
5    favorite_subject: "coding",  
6    marks : [30,35,40,50]  
7  
8  };
```

- Access each data from this variable using a dot eg. variablename.key name:

```
1  var Student = {  
2    name: "Sammy",  
3    class: 7,  
4    roll_no:21,  
5    favorite_subject: "coding",  
6    marks : [30,35,40,50]  
7  
8  };  
9  
10 function setup() {  
11  
12   createCanvas(400, 400);  
13   console.log(Student.name)  
14   console.log(Student.class)  
15   console.log(Student.favorite_subject)  
16  
17 }
```

2. Write one more code using JavaScript object to draw circle of different size & color:

```
var ball = {  
  x:20,  
  y:30,  
  r:30,  
  xspeed:0,  
  yspeed:0,  
  color:["blue","red","green","purple"],  
};
```

```
function draw()  
{  
  background(220);  
  circle(ball.x,ball.y,ball.r);  
  fill(ball.color[0]);  
}
```

3. Add **Group** functionality to group similar objects into a single group (Cloud and obstacle(cactus)). Using group properties program the behavior of all the objects in a single stroke:

```
invisibleGround = createSprite(200,390,400,10);  
invisibleGround.visible = false;  
  
//create Obstacle and Cloud Groups  
obstaclesGroup = new Group();  
cloudsGroup = new Group();  
  
console.log("Hello" + 5);  
  
score = 0;  
}  
  
function draw() {  
  background(180);  
  //displaying score  
  text("Score: "+ score, 500,50);
```

4. Add sprites to the groups:

```
case 2: obstacle.addImage(obstacle2);
        break;
case 3: obstacle.addImage(obstacle3);
        break;
case 4: obstacle.addImage(obstacle4);
        break;
case 5: obstacle.addImage(obstacle5);
        break;
case 6: obstacle.addImage(obstacle6);
        break;
default: break;
}

//assign scale and lifetime to the obstacle
obstacle.scale = 0.5;
obstacle.lifetime = 300;

//add each obstacle to the group
obstaclesGroup.add(obstacle);
}
```

```
function spawnClouds() {
  //write code here to spawn the clouds
  if (frameCount % 60 === 0) {
    cloud = createSprite(600,300,40,10);
    cloud.addImage(cloudImage);
    cloud.y = Math.round(random(280,320));
    cloud.scale = 0.4;
    cloud.velocityX = -3;

    //assign lifetime to the variable
    cloud.lifetime = 134;

    //adjust the depth
    cloud.depth = trex.depth;
    trex.depth = trex.depth + 1;

    //adding cloud to the group
    cloudsGroup.add(cloud);
  }
}
```

5. Add a variable that will hold the value of the game state. The game state could be **PLAY** or **END**:

```
var PLAY = 1;
var END = 0;
var gameState = PLAY;

var trex, trex_running, trex_collided;
var ground, invisibleGround, groundImage;

var cloudsGroup, cloudImage;
var obstaclesGroup, obstacle1, obstacle2, obstacle3, obstacle4, obstacle5, obstacle6;

var score;
```

6. Add an **if** and **else if** condition inside the **draw()** function:

```
function draw() {
  background(180);
  //displaying score
  text("Score: "+ score, 500,50);
  score = score + Math.round(frameCount/60);

  if(gameState === PLAY){

  }
  else if (gameState === END) {

  }
}
```

7. Add behaviors inside the game state:

```
function draw() {  
  background(180);  
  //displaying score  
  text("Score: "+ score, 500,50);  
  score = score + Math.round(frameCount/60);  
  
  if(gameState === PLAY){  
  
  }  
  else if (gameState === END) {  
  
  }  
}
```

8. Move the ground, in **PLAY** state, stop the movement in **END** state:

```
//displaying score  
text("Score: "+ score, 500,50);  
score = score + Math.round(frameCount/60);  
  
if(gameState === PLAY){  
  //move the ground  
  ground.velocityX = -4;  
}  
else if (gameState === END) {  
  //move the ground  
  ground.velocityX = 0;  
}
```

9. Display score at all times:

```
function draw() {  
  background(180);  
  
  //displaying score  
  text("Score: "+ score, 500,50);  
  
  if(gameState === PLAY){  
    //move the ground  
    ground.velocityX = -4;  
    //scoring  
    score = score + Math.round(frameCount/60);  
  
    if (ground.x < 0){  
      ground.x = ground.width/2;  
    }  
  }  
}
```

10. Reset the ground during play:

```
if(gameState === PLAY){  
  //move the ground  
  ground.velocityX = -4;  
  //scoring  
  score = score + Math.round(frameCount/60);  
  
  if (ground.x < 0){  
    ground.x = ground.width/2;  
  }  
  
  //jump when the space key is pressed  
  if(keyDown("space") && trex.y >= 100) {  
    trex.velocityY = -13;  
  }  
}
```

11. Make trex jump only during the play state:


```
//move the ground
ground.velocityX = -4;
//scoring
score = score + Math.round(frameCount/60);

if (ground.x < 0){
  ground.x = ground.width/2;
}

//jump when the space key is pressed
if(keyDown("space")&& trex.y >= 100) {
  trex.velocityY = -13;
}

//add gravity
trex.velocityY = trex.velocityY + 0.8
}
```

12. Make the invisible ground support the Trex at all times:

```
else if (gameState === END) {
  ground.velocityX = 0;

  obstaclesGroup.setVelocityXEach(0);
  cloudsGroup.setVelocityXEach(0);
}

//stop trex from falling down
trex.collide(invisibleGround);

drawSprites();
}
```

13. Spawn the cloud and the obstacles In **PLAY** state:


```
//spawn the clouds  
spawnClouds();  
  
//spawn obstacles on the ground  
spawnObstacles();
```

14. Write code to **END** the game when the Trex collides with the obstacles/ cactus:

```
if(obstaclesGroup.isTouching(trex)){  
    gameState = END;  
}
```

```
else if (gameState === END) {  
    ground.velocityX = 0;  
  
    obstaclesGroup.setVelocityXEach(0);  
    cloudsGroup.setVelocityXEach(0);  
}
```

15. Give '0' velocity to all the obstacles and the clouds in the game when the Trex collides with an obstacle:

```
if(obstaclesGroup.isTouching(trex)){  
    gameState = END;  
}  
  
else if (gameState === END) {  
    ground.velocityX = 0;  
  
    obstaclesGroup.setVelocityXEach(0);  
    cloudsGroup.setVelocityXEach(0);  
}
```

What's next:

We will learn to fix the bugs in the game.

Extend Your Knowledge:

Learn and experiment with Groups.

<https://studio.code.org/docs/gamelab/createGroup/#:~:text=Creates%20a%20new%20group%20and,all%20the%20%22enemy%22%20sprites>

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