# CS 188

**Scalable Internet Services** 

Andrew Mutz September 26, 2019



## Today's Agenda

- Course Introduction
  - Motivation
  - Course Structure



Let's say...

...I want to find a home to live in.

...I am lost in a foreign city.

...I want to go on a date.

... what do I do?



Every day, billions of people use the same suite of technologies to solve these problems: internet services.

As these services get increasingly popular, they need to continue to function.

Scaling even relatively simple web applications (Twitter) can be very complex.



Suppose you've built something the world is excited about.

What do you do when your popularity doubles?

What do you do when your data set doubles in size?

And doubles again. And again...

These are good problems to have, and this course is about how you solve them.



### What do we mean by an Internet Service?

- For the purposes of this class, we are referring to HTTP services.
- Yes, there are many other protocols on the internet, but HTTP is the 800 pound gorilla.
- Do we mean HTML?
  - Not necessarily. HTTP is much more than just HTML.

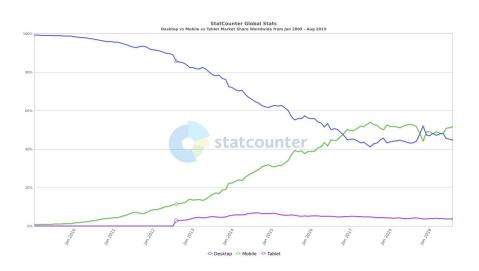


#### Do we mean web browsers?

Yes, but so much more.

- HTTP is the foundation for most APIs on the internet today
- REST, GraphQL and SOAP are conventions on top of HTTP for machine to machine communication.
- If two companies, or two applications today want to exchange data, HTTP is the go-to solution

#### Do we mean mobile devices?



#### Yes!

- Mobile web isn't going away
  - We will cover optimizations.
- Most native mobile applications are backed by internet services.
  - We will cover REST

Ok, so we're clear on what we mean by an "internet service".

What do we mean by scalable?



Ok, so we're clear on what we mean by an "internet service".

What do we mean by scalable?

An internet service is scalable if increasing demands can be effectively met with increasing capacity.

- By demands, we usually mean traffic
- Other demands apply as well, such as the size of data set



What do we mean by "effectively meet demands"?



What do we mean by "effectively meet demands"?

- Service stays available
- Response time does not excessively degrade

An example of an internet service that is not scalable:

- Run everything on one server.
- When traffic grows too high, buy a faster server
  - Why is this not scalable?



Scaling is the core of the course, but along the way we will learn about the tools and technologies surrounding scalable internet services today:

- Performance
- Agile software development
- Test driven development
- Security
- Intelligent applications



## In summary...

This course won't teach you how to build an application that gets worldwide attention and usage.

That's your problem!

This course will teach you how to build an application that can respond to worldwide attention and usage.



- Taught by
  - Andrew Mutz
    - Chief Technology Officer, Appfolio
    - Taught this course UCLA 2014-2016
  - John Rothfels
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    - Taught at Stanford 2009-2012
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# Lectures Tuesday and Thursday at 12PM in Boelter Hall 3400

- Lectures will cover the concepts introduced in this class
- Lab Friday at 12pm in Dodd Hall 78 & 2pm in Rolfe Hall 3126.
- The lab will be focused on the course project.
- Demo each week.
- Remember to charge your laptops.



This course is **project intensive**. We will be learning about scalable internet services by building them. You will...

- Work in teams of four.
- Develop an interesting internet service
- Deploy it on Amazon EC2
- Measure its performance and scalability
- Apply the techniques presented in class to improve it
- Document these improvements and present them

This course demands a lot of work, but can be very rewarding.

Skills you will learn in the next 10 weeks:

- A programming language (Ruby)
- An application development framework (Rails)
- Amazon Web Services: EC2, S3, ElasticBeanstalk
- How to load test an internet service using Tsung
- Test-Driven Development
- Agile/Scrum software development



This is **not a deep-dive** in Relational Databases, Networking, Distributed Systems, Network Security, or Cloud Computing, but will touch on each of these.

- If you are looking for deep dives, please see
  - Networking: CS 118, 117, 211, 218
  - Distributed Systems: 133
  - Databases: 143
  - Network Security: 136



This course has an **industrial focus**. We will use industrial software development techniques.

- The goal of the course is successful projects that demonstrate the concepts introduced in the course
- All project code will be open source
  - Learn from your classmates!
- Toolchain will be from industry:
  - Git(hub), Ruby/Rails, Travis CI, NewRelic



## Why Ruby on Rails?

- Rails weaknesses: CPU usage, memory usage
- Rails strengths: building applications quickly

In order to teach advanced scaling topics, you need to get a project from zero to working quickly.

#### What does this course have to offer you?

- If you're going into academia, knowledge of industrial software engineering is valuable
  - Sets the context for many important problems
- If you're headed for industry, there's never been a better time to understand this technology stack
  - It's less obvious than it was 5 years ago, but Rails is still the go-to choice for startups

#### There are two course texts:

#### Concepts

- "High Performance Browser Networking"
- o by Ilya Grigorik
- Available for free online

#### Practice

- Ruby on Rails Tutorial Book
- by Michael Hartl
- Available for free online



#### Your grade will be based on three main factors

- Your final project presentation
- Your final project paper
- Your teammates' evaluation of your contributions

#### Also considered, to a lesser degree

- Weekly demo progress
- Assistance to other students on Piazza



## Course Project

 Goal: Gain hands-on experience building and deploying a scalable web service

- Your project will...
  - Use Ruby/Rails/EC2
  - Have an interesting and large data set
  - Demonstrate scaling improvements with measurements
  - Ideally, relate to something that interests you



## Course Project

- Process
  - Project teams of 4 students
  - Use weekly sprints to make progress
  - Use modern software engineering techniques:
    - Scrum, TDD, Pair programming
- Production deployed on Linux
- For your development machines, you have choice, but Unix is highly recommended (Mac OS, Linux, etc.)
  - Development on Windows is discouraged and not supported

## Course Project

#### Want inspiration?

- Look to <a href="http://scalableinternetservices.com/projects">http://scalableinternetservices.com/projects</a>
- Some fun ideas:
  - Uber for haircuts: hail a hairdresser/barber
  - Location-based game: compete for control of campus
  - AirBnB for pets: timeshare your dog



- Course websites
  - http://scalableinternetservices.com
  - https://github.com/scalableinternetservices
  - http://piazza.com/ucla/fall2019/cs188
    - Email notifications are a good idea
    - Students helping others is strongly encouraged



#### Lecture Structure

- The course lectures will cover material you need to build a successful project, and additional material that won't be directly applied.
- Necessary content for successful projects is front-loaded so you can apply these concepts early.
- The lectures in the second half of the quarter will be additional material and guest lectures.

#### First five weeks will cover:

- Intro to the basics: HTTP & HTML
- Industrial software engineering: Agile, TDD, CI, Pairing
- HTTP Application Server architectures
- High availability via load balancing: a share-nothing web stack
- Client-side and server-side caching
- Using relational databases in web applications: concurrency control and query analysis
- Scaling via sharding
- Scaling via SOA
- Scaling via read-slaves

### Subsequent lectures will be guest speakers and

- Scaling via non-relational data stores (NoSQL)
- Basics of web security: Firewalls, HTTPS, XSS, CSRF
- HTTP 2.0
- Client-side renaissance: Client-side MVC
- Thicker clients: Asm.js, Emscripten, Webruby
- Content-delivery networks
- How to build intelligent web systems



#### For Next Time...

- No lab this week!
- Read Chapters 1 & 2 of HPBN
- Read <a href="http://scalableinternetservices.com/projects/">http://scalableinternetservices.com/projects/</a>
  - Start thinking about projects and groups
  - Post to Piazza with project ideas
- Start working on Ruby CodeAcademy
  - https://www.codecademy.com/learn/learn-ruby