

Project Overview: AI-Powered Legal Document Analyzer

What is the Project About?

The **AI-Powered Legal Document Analyzer** is a backend application designed to help legal professionals, businesses, and individuals analyze legal documents efficiently. This tool leverages AI/ML to identify high-risk clauses, ambiguous terms, and potential compliance issues in legal documents such as contracts, agreements, and policies. It provides actionable recommendations for mitigating risks and ensures that the document aligns with legal and regulatory standards.

Why Build This Project?

Legal document analysis is often tedious, time-consuming, and prone to human error. With the increasing complexity of legal language and the volume of contracts that businesses handle, there is a critical need for automation in this domain. By building this project:

1. **Efficiency:** It automates the review process, reducing the time needed to analyze documents.
2. **Risk Mitigation:** Identifies high-risk clauses, helping businesses avoid legal disputes.
3. **Scalability:** Enables organizations to handle large volumes of legal documents without hiring additional staff.
4. **Accessibility:** Provides individuals and small businesses access to affordable legal insights.

This tool is ideal for law firms, startups, compliance teams, and anyone who regularly works with legal documents.

Backend Code for Routes

Below is the **backend implementation** for the key routes of the project using Spring Boot:

```
package com.legaldocanalyzer;
```

```
import org.springframework.beans.factory.annotation.Autowired;
```

```
import org.springframework.http.ResponseEntity;
```

```
import org.springframework.web.bind.annotation.*;
```

```
import org.springframework.web.multipart.MultipartFile;
```

```
import com.legaldocanalyzer.service.DocumentAnalyzerService;
```

```

import java.util.Map;

@RestController
@RequestMapping("/api/legal-documents")
public class LegalDocumentController {

    @Autowired
    private DocumentAnalyzerService analyzerService;

    // Upload legal document for analysis
    @PostMapping("/upload")
    public ResponseEntity<Map<String, Object>> uploadDocument(@RequestParam("file")
MultipartFile file) {
        try {
            // Analyze the document and get the results
            Map<String, Object> analysisResult = analyzerService.analyzeDocument(file);
            return ResponseEntity.ok(analysisResult);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            return ResponseEntity.badRequest().body(Map.of("error", "Failed to analyze
document. " + e.getMessage()));
        }
    }

    // Fetch a report of the analysis
    @GetMapping("/report/{docId}")
    public ResponseEntity<Map<String, Object>> getAnalysisReport(@PathVariable("docId")
String docId) {
        try {
            // Get the analysis report by document ID

```

```

        Map<String, Object> report = analyzerService.getAnalysisReport(docId);
        return ResponseEntity.ok(report);
    } catch (Exception e) {
        return ResponseEntity.badRequest().body(Map.of("error", "Failed to retrieve report. "
+ e.getMessage()));
    }
}

// Fetch recommendations for legal clauses
@GetMapping("/recommendations/{docId}")
public ResponseEntity<Map<String, Object>>
getRecommendations(@PathVariable("docId") String docId) {
    try {
        // Get recommendations for the document
        Map<String, Object> recommendations =
analyzerService.getRecommendations(docId);
        return ResponseEntity.ok(recommendations);
    } catch (Exception e) {
        return ResponseEntity.badRequest().body(Map.of("error", "Failed to retrieve
recommendations. " + e.getMessage()));
    }
}
}

```

Steps to Build the Project

1. Understand the Use Case:

- Research the typical clauses found in legal documents (e.g., non-compete, indemnity, confidentiality) and the risks associated with them.
- Define the scope of analysis (e.g., high-risk identification, ambiguity detection, compliance validation).

2. Set Up the Spring Boot Project:

- Use [Spring Initializr](#) to generate a project with the following dependencies:
 - Spring Web (for REST APIs)
 - Spring Data JPA (for database interaction)
 - Thymeleaf (optional for frontend)
 - Spring Security (for authentication)
- Configure the project to handle file uploads using MultipartFile.

3. Design the Database:

- Create tables/models to store:
 - Uploaded documents.
 - Analysis results.
 - Recommendations and clause metadata.
- Use JpaRepository for CRUD operations.

4. Integrate AI/ML:

- Use an AI/ML library like OpenAI, TensorFlow, or SpaCy for analyzing text.
- Train or fine-tune a model on legal datasets to identify risky clauses.
- Example: Pass the document text to the AI model to flag risky clauses like vague payment terms or ambiguous penalties.

5. Develop the API Endpoints:

- Implement endpoints for:
 - Uploading documents.
 - Fetching analysis results.
 - Getting actionable recommendations.
- Ensure each endpoint is secured with proper authentication.

6. Test and Validate:

- Test the APIs using tools like Postman.
- Validate the AI model's output with real-world legal documents to improve accuracy.

7. Optional Frontend:

- Build a simple user interface using React or Angular to upload files and display reports.

- Integrate the backend APIs with the frontend.

8. Deploy the Application:

- Use Docker to containerize the app.
- Deploy it on cloud platforms like AWS, Azure, or Google Cloud.

9. Monitor and Update:

- Monitor the app for performance issues and regularly update the AI model with new legal data.
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