Random forest Model For Conformation Time Predection

Mount the drive and import the data into dataframe

```
import pandas as pd
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import numpy as np
from decimal import Decimal
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/drive')
path·=·"/content/drive/MyDrive/Colab·Notebooks/Data.txt"

df = pd.read_csv(path)
    Drive already mounted at /content/drive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.m
```

Dropping the Pre-written Indexes in the dataframes and dropping transaction containing the null values

```
df=df.dropna()
df=df.reset_index()
df=df.drop(['index'], axis=1)
```

Printing the dataframe and storing a copy

```
df.columns.tolist()
store=df
store
```

	Burnt	Hash	
0.	Burnt:0.000264438397062Ether (\$0.43)	0xecf53982503900a9c58b54fd52af689b50f8875bbbd0	0
0.0	Burnt:0.000264438397062Ether (\$0.43)	0xc6056646b7516f1a8eafe7d2ef9df34b2c3a4e8979d8	1
0.0	Burnt:0.000264438397062Ether (\$0.43)	0xd1bfaf9de496033c90210804a972739496efb607c2a3	2
0.0	Burnt:0.000264438397062Ether (\$0.43)	0xf669b9cabc2548ab34a06255f543db1908ae1653983c	3
0.0	Burnt:0.000264438397062Ether (\$0.43)	0x3bec3ba36551a97476011d7580d6a9c35101c3fb6644	4
0.006	Burnt:0.001567843702328477Ether (\$2.48)	0x91b64c0577287f7404ae09eb80346607a10862e39933	171540
0.003	Burnt:0.003161747966866102Ether (\$5.01)	0x45df92ef835515ffabf7c4f5f8993655344b8ac49715	171541
0.004	≜ Burnt:		

Extracting exact ether values into floating points with slicing and type casting also getting time data into seconds

```
171543 0xb129d8db3a1bdad0b28f899986383b18e4610d90077f... 0.001197014519869162
def isfloat(num):
    if num is None:
       return False
    try:
        float(num)
        return True
    except ValueError:
        return False
def getBurntval(value):
    list= (str(value)).split()
    return 1000000*Decimal(list[2].replace(',', ""))
def getg(value):
    list= (str(value)).split()
    return Decimal(list[-2].replace(',', ""))
def getEthval(value):
```

list= (str(value)).split()

```
return 1000000*Decimal(list[0].replace(',', ""))
def getonlytheval(value):
    list= (str(value)).split()
    return Decimal((list[0].replace(',', "")).replace('$', ""))
def getBurns(values):
    output = np.empty(len(values))
    for i in range(len(values)):
         output[i] = getBurntval(values[i])
    return output
def getgweis(values):
    output = np.empty(len(values))
    for i in range(len(values)):
         output[i] = getg(values[i])
    return output
def getVals(values):
    output = np.empty(len(values))
    for i in range(len(values)):
         output[i] = getEthval(values[i])
    return output
def getonlyval(values):
    output = np.empty(len(values))
    for i in range(len(values)):
         output[i] = getonlytheval(values[i])
    return output
def Str2sec(value):
    list=(value).split()
    if len(list)==5:
        if list[-1]=='secs':
            return int(list[-2])
        elif list[-1]=='min':
            return 60*int(list[-2])
    elif len(list)==6 :
        return 60*int(list[-3]) + int(list[-2][list[-2].find(':')+1:])
    elif len(list)==7:
        return 60*60*int(list[-4]) + 60*int(list[-3][list[-3].find(':')+1:]) + int(list[-2
    elif len(list)==9:
        return 24*60*60*int(list[-6]) + 60*60*int(list[-4]) + 60*int(list[-3][list[-3].find
```

```
def getTS(values):
    output = np.empty(len(values),object)
    for i in range(len(values)):
        st=values[i]
        output[i]=st[(st.find("("))+1 : st.find("+")]
    return output
def Cnvrt2Sec(values):
    output = np.empty(len(values))
    for i in range(len(values)):
      if(isfloat(Str2sec(str(values[i])))):
         output[i]=Str2sec(str(values[i]))
      else:
         output[i]=np.nan
    return output
df['TxnFees']=getVals(df['TxnFees'])
df['Burnt']=getBurns(df['Burnt'])
df['CompletionTime'] = Cnvrt2Sec(df['CompletionTime'])
df['Gasprice']=getVals(df['Gasprice'])
df['Gaslimit']=getonlyval(df['Gaslimit'])
df['Etherprice']=getonlyval(df['Etherprice'])
df['Gasusage']=getonlyval(df['Gasusage'])
df['Basefees']=getgweis(df['Basefees'])
df['Txnval']=getVals(df['Txnval'])
df['Tip']=getgweis(df['Tip'])
df['Maxfees/gas']=getgweis(df['Maxfees/gas'])
df
```

	Hash	Burnt	TxnFees	Е
0	0xecf53982503900a9c58b54fd52af689b50f8875bbbd0	264.438397	285.438397	1:
1	0xc6056646b7516f1a8eafe7d2ef9df34b2c3a4e8979d8	264.438397	285.438397	1:
2	0xd1bfaf9de496033c90210804a972739496efb607c2a3	264.438397	285.438397	1:
3	0xf669b9cabc2548ab34a06255f543db1908ae1653983c	264.438397	285.438397	1:
4	0x3bec3ba36551a97476011d7580d6a9c35101c3fb6644	264.438397	285.438397	1:

The columns which were not convertable to float64 are dropped and describe the dataframe

	Burnt	TxnFees	Basefees	Maxfees/gas	Tip	
count	169640.000000	169640.000000	169640.000000	169640.000000	1.696400e+05	1.6964
mean	2158.995118	2405.615680	23.275697	61.842330	4.161447e+00	7.7439
std	6316.328288	7497.975568	14.458988	137.840335	1.773473e+01	1.4390
min	222.452353	243.452353	10.592969	11.729721	1.000000e-09	0.0000
25%	426.856879	508.529824	13.648389	21.889210	1.500000e+00	0.0000
50%	966.104940	1067.116515	16.364887	30.436435	2.000000e+00	9.346
75%	2371.691715	2666.508583	27.866903	53.034337	2.000000e+00	4.9000
max	752080.564151	972549.858649	83.325786	3500.000000	1.145495e+03	1.3340





Hash value is dropped as it doesn't effect conformation time

```
df=df.drop(columns =['Hash'])
df
```

	Burnt	TxnFees	Basefees	Maxfees/gas	Tip	Txnval	Ga
0	264.438397	285.438397	12.592305	14.879581	1.000000	200436.370433	2
1	264.438397	285.438397	12.592305	14.879581	1.000000	204233.648804	2
2	264.438397	285.438397	12.592305	14.900956	1.000000	205514.906823	2
3	264.438397	285.438397	12.592305	14.900956	1.000000	205740.509933	2
4	264.438397	285.438397	12.592305	16.164679	1.000000	54000.000000	2
169635	1567.843702	6176.277158	12.132478	47.794015	47.794015	0.000000	12

Correlation is calculated in order to understand the features relation with the conformation time

160627 1786 076746 1786 076746 12 122478 12 122478 12 122478 0 000000 14

corrM = df.corr()

corrM = df.corr()

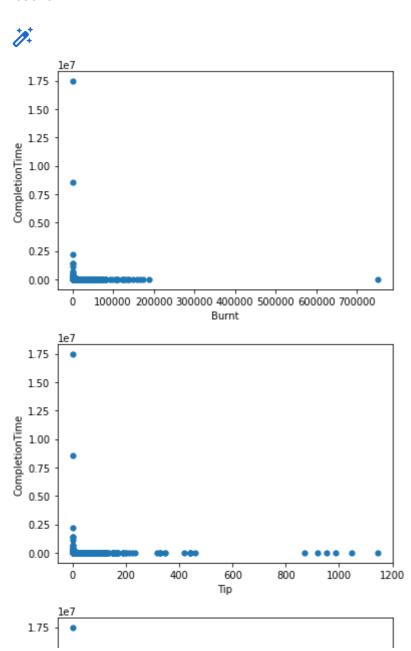
	Burnt	TxnFees	Basefees	Maxfees/gas	Tip	Txnval	Gası
Burnt	1.000000	0.978018	0.193905	0.000526	-0.001141	0.000380	0.8€
TxnFees	0.978018	1.000000	0.166249	0.026674	0.125622	0.000353	0.83
Basefees	0.193905	0.166249	1.000000	0.187726	0.010814	-0.003035	-0.00
Maxfees/gas	0.000526	0.026674	0.187726	1.000000	0.175209	0.044324	-0.04
Tip	-0.001141	0.125622	0.010814	0.175209	1.000000	-0.001594	-0.01
Txnval	0.000380	0.000353	-0.003035	0.044324	-0.001594	1.000000	-0.00
Gasusage	0.862988	0.839198	-0.005291	-0.042998	-0.014272	-0.000893	1.00
Gaslimit	0.776196	0.761819	0.027212	-0.016777	0.015941	-0.002778	0.8€
Gasprice	0.123570	0.203945	0.661085	0.274426	0.726577	-0.002313	-0.01
Etherprice	-0.151968	-0.132060	-0.750068	-0.145782	-0.023841	0.002426	0.00
CompletionTime	-0.002558	-0.002436	-0.001416	0.000459	-0.001642	-0.000580	-0.00 •

Plotting the relations

```
df.plot(y='CompletionTime',x='Burnt',kind='scatter')
df.plot(y='CompletionTime',x='Tip',kind='scatter')
df.plot(y='CompletionTime',x='TxnFees',kind='scatter')
df
```

	Burnt	TxnFees	Basefees	Maxfees/gas	Tip	Txnval	Ga
0	264.438397	285.438397	12.592305	14.879581	1.000000	200436.370433	2
1	264.438397	285.438397	12.592305	14.879581	1.000000	204233.648804	2
2	264.438397	285.438397	12.592305	14.900956	1.000000	205514.906823	2
3	264.438397	285.438397	12.592305	14.900956	1.000000	205740.509933	2
4	264.438397	285.438397	12.592305	16.164679	1.000000	54000.000000	2
169635	1567.843702	6176.277158	12.132478	47.794015	47.794015	0.000000	12
169636	3161.747967	3552.650967	12.132478	16.989050	1.500000	0.000000	26
169637	1785.075716	1785.075716	12.132478	12.132478	12.132478	0.000000	14
169638	1197.014520	6698.528038	12.132478	168.761220	55.761220	0.000000	Ę
169639	1747.889672	5349.564672	12.132478	60.000000	25.000000	190000.000000	14

169640 rows × 11 columns



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Normalization Standardization using the MinMaxScalar

0.25 |

from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
scaler = MinMaxScaler()

scaled = scaler.fit_transform(df)

scaled=pd.DataFrame(scaled,columns=['Burnt','TxnFees','Basefees','Maxfees/gas','Tip','Txnv

	Burnt	TxnFees	Basefees	Maxfees/gas	Tip	Txnval	Gasusage	Gasli
0	0.000056	0.000043	0.027489	0.000903	0.000873	0.000150	0.000000	0.000
1	0.000056	0.000043	0.027489	0.000903	0.000873	0.000153	0.000000	0.000
2	0.000056	0.000043	0.027489	0.000909	0.000873	0.000154	0.000000	0.000
3	0.000056	0.000043	0.027489	0.000909	0.000873	0.000154	0.000000	0.000
4	0.000056	0.000043	0.027489	0.001271	0.000873	0.000040	0.000000	0.000
169635	0.001789	0.006102	0.021167	0.010339	0.041723	0.000000	0.006093	0.009
169636	0.003909	0.003403	0.021167	0.001508	0.001309	0.000000	0.013489	0.014
169637	0.002078	0.001586	0.021167	0.000115	0.010591	0.000000	0.007101	0.009
169638	0.001296	0.006639	0.021167	0.045017	0.048679	0.000000	0.004372	0.006
169639	0.002029	0.005252	0.021167	0.013838	0.021825	0.000142	0.006928	0.008
169640 rd	ows × 11 col	umns						>

scaled.describe()

		Burnt	TxnFees	Basefees	Maxfees/gas	Tip					
	count	169640.000000	169640.000000	169640.000000	169640.000000	169640.000000	1.690				
	mean	0.002576	0.002224	0.174374	0.014366	0.003633	5.80				
Test Train Split											
	min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000				
x = d	<pre>y = df['CompletionTime'] x = df.drop(['CompletionTime'], axis = 1) from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split</pre>										
<pre>X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.20, random_state=101 print (f'x_train : {X_train.shape}') print (f'y_train : {y_train.shape}') print (f'x_test: {X_test.shape}') print (f'y_test: {y_test.shape}')</pre>											
<pre>x_train : (135712, 10) y_train : (135712,) x_test: (33928, 10) y_test: (33928,)</pre>											

Random Search CV to get best parameters for our RandomForest

```
from sklearn.model selection import RandomizedSearchCV
# Number of trees in random forest
n_{estimators} = [int(x) \text{ for } x \text{ in np.linspace(start} = 20, stop = 500, num = 50)]
# Number of features to consider at every split
max_features = ['auto', 'sqrt']
# Maximum number of levels in tree
max_depth = [int(x) for x in np.linspace(10, 1100, num = 20)]
max depth.append(None)
# Minimum number of samples required to split a node
min_samples_split = [2, 5, 10]
# Minimum number of samples required at each leaf node
min samples leaf = [1, 2, 4]
# Method of selecting samples for training each tree
bootstrap = [True, False]
# Create the random grid
random_grid = {'n_estimators': n_estimators,
               'max_features': max_features,
               'max_depth': max_depth,
                'min_samples_split': min_samples_split,
               'min_samples_leaf': min_samples_leaf,
               'bootstrap': bootstrap}
print(random_grid)
```

```
{'n_estimators': [20, 29, 39, 49, 59, 68, 78, 88, 98, 108, 117, 127, 137, 147, 157, 1
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
rf = RandomForestRegressor()
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
rf_random = RandomizedSearchCV(estimator= rf, param_distributions = random_grid, n_iter =
rf_random.fit(X_train, y_train)
     Fitting 3 folds for each of 100 candidates, totalling 300 fits
     /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/joblib/externals/loky/process_executor.py:705
       "timeout or by a memory leak.", UserWarning
     RandomizedSearchCV(cv=3, estimator=RandomForestRegressor(), n_iter=100,
                        n_jobs=40,
                        param_distributions={'bootstrap': [True, False],
                                              'max depth': [10, 67, 124, 182, 239,
                                                            296, 354, 411, 468, 526,
                                                            583, 641, 698, 755, 813,
                                                            870, 927, 985, 1042, 1100,
                                                            None],
                                              'max features': ['auto', 'sqrt'],
                                              'min_samples_leaf': [1, 2, 4],
                                              'min_samples_split': [2, 5, 10],
                                              'n_estimators': [20, 29, 39, 49, 59, 68,
                                                               78, 88, 98, 108, 117,
                                                               127, 137, 147, 157,
                                                               166, 176, 186, 196,
                                                               206, 215, 225, 235,
                                                               245, 255, 264, 274,
                                                               284, 294, 304, ...]},
                        random_state=42, verbose=2)
```

Best parameter for our model

Evaluate the hence trained model on Test and Train data and calculate accuracy

```
def evaluate(model, test_features, test_labels):
    predictions = model.predict(test_features)
    errors = abs(predictions - test_labels)%15
    mape = 100 * np.mean(errors / test labels)
```

```
accuracy = 100 - mape
    print('Model Performance')
    print('Average Error: {:0.4f} degrees.'.format(np.mean(errors)))
    print('Accuracy = {:0.2f}%.'.format(accuracy))
    return accuracy
rf_random.fit(X_train, y_train)
best_random = rf_random
print("On Train Data")
random_accuracy = evaluate(best_random, X_train, y_train)
print("On Test Data")
random_accuracy = evaluate(best_random, X_test, y_test)
     On Train Data
     Model Performance
     Average Error: 3.0692 degrees.
     Accuracy = 77.18\%.
     On Test Data
     Model Performance
     Average Error: 4.2754 degrees.
     Accuracy = 70.75\%.
```

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