FML assignment 2

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Summary

The goal of the assignment is to forecast, using KNN(k-Nearest Neighbors) Classification, if the loan offer will be accepted by Universal Bank's customers. The dataset includes customer demographic data as well as other cilent-related details. The dataset is first read, the necessary libraries are installed, and then unnecessary columns are deleted, category categories are turned to dummy variables, and the data is finally normalized. The dataset was then split into two sets, training and validation, each containing 60% and 40% of the total data. Using k-NN with k=1, a new customer was classified as either accepting or rejecting a loan offer. The best k value, which strikes a balance between overfitting and underfitting, was discovered by evaluating accuracy on the validation set, with k=3 being the best.

Problem Statement

Universal bank is a young bank growing rapidly in terms of overall customer acquisition. The majority of these customers are liability customers (depositors) with varying sizes of relationship with the bank. The customer base of asset customers (borrowers) is quite small, and the bank is interested in expanding this baserapidly in more loan business. In particular, it wants to explore ways of converting its liability customers topersonal loan customers.

A campaign that the bank ran last year for liability customers showed a healthy conversion rate of over 9% success. This has encouraged the retail marketing department to devise smarter campaigns with better target marketing. The goal is to use k-NN to predict whether a new customer will accept a loan offer. This will serve as the basis for the design of a new campaign. The file UniversalBank.csv contains data on 5000 customers. The data include customer demographic information (age, income, etc.), the customer's relationship with the bank (mortgage, securities account,etc.), and the customer response to the last personal loan campaign (Personal Loan). Among these 5000 customers, only 480 (= 9.6%) accepted the personal loan that was offered to them in the earlier campaign.

```
Partition the data into training (60%) and validation (40%) sets in
stall "class","caret",
"e1071"
```

call the libraries "class", "caret", "e1071"

```
library(caret)
```

Loading required package: ggplot2

Loading required package: lattice

library(e1071)

Read the bank csv file

```
x <- read.csv("C://Users//rishi//OneDrive//Desktop//universal bank//UniversalBank.csv")
dim(x)
## [1] 5000
               14
head(x)
##
     ID Age Experience Income ZIP.Code Family CCAvg Education Mortgage
## 1
        25
                            49
                                   91107
                                                   1.6
     2
## 2
         45
                     19
                            34
                                   90089
                                               3
                                                   1.5
                                                                         0
                                                                1
## 3
      3
         39
                     15
                            11
                                   94720
                                                   1.0
                                                                1
                                                                         0
                           100
                                                                2
## 4 4
         35
                      9
                                                   2.7
                                                                         0
                                   94112
                                               1
## 5 5
         35
                      8
                            45
                                   91330
                                                   1.0
                                                                2
                                                                         0
## 6 6
         37
                     13
                            29
                                   92121
                                               4
                                                   0.4
                                                                2
                                                                       155
     Personal.Loan Securities.Account CD.Account Online CreditCard
##
## 1
                  0
                                      1
                                                  0
                                                         0
## 2
                  0
                                      1
                                                  0
                                                         0
                                                                     0
## 3
                  0
                                      0
                                                  0
                                                         0
                                                                     0
## 4
                  0
                                      0
                                                  0
                                                         0
                                                                     0
## 5
                  0
                                      0
                                                  0
                                                         0
                                                                     1
## 6
                  0
                                      0
                                                  0
                                                         1
                                                                     0
t(t(names(x))) #transpose of the dataframe
##
         [,1]
    [1,] "ID"
##
##
   [2,] "Age"
   [3,] "Experience"
   [4,] "Income"
##
   [5,] "ZIP.Code"
##
##
  [6,] "Family"
## [7,] "CCAvg"
## [8,] "Education"
## [9,] "Mortgage"
## [10,] "Personal.Loan"
## [11,] "Securities.Account"
## [12,] "CD.Account"
## [13,] "Online"
## [14,] "CreditCard"
Dropping "id" and "zip" attributes for the dataset
newdata \langle -x[,-c(1,5)]
dim(newdata)
```

converting the education attribute from "int" to "char"

12

[1] 5000

```
newdata$Education <- as.factor(newdata$Education)</pre>
```

creating dummy variables for the "education" attribute

```
dummy <- dummyVars(~.,data=newdata)
the_data <- as.data.frame(predict(dummy,newdata))</pre>
```

Setting the seed as we need to run the function again and partitioning the data into training (60%) and validation (40%) sets.

```
set.seed(1)
train.data <- sample(row.names(the_data), 0.6*dim(the_data)[1])
valid.data <- setdiff(row.names(the_data),train.data)</pre>
train <- the_data[train.data,]</pre>
valid <- the_data[valid.data,]</pre>
t(t(names(train)))
##
         [,1]
##
    [1,] "Age"
   [2,] "Experience"
   [3,] "Income"
##
  [4,] "Family"
##
  [5,] "CCAvg"
## [6,] "Education.1"
   [7,] "Education.2"
## [8,] "Education.3"
## [9,] "Mortgage"
## [10,] "Personal.Loan"
## [11,] "Securities.Account"
## [12,] "CD.Account"
## [13,] "Online"
## [14,] "CreditCard"
```

summary(train)

```
##
        Age
                     Experience
                                       Income
                                                        Family
          :23.00
                                   Min. : 8.00
##
   Min.
                   Min. :-3.00
                                                    Min.
                                                           :1.000
                                   1st Qu.: 39.00
##
   1st Qu.:36.00
                   1st Qu.:10.00
                                                    1st Qu.:1.000
  Median :45.00
                   Median :20.00
                                   Median : 63.00
                                                    Median :2.000
   Mean
         :45.43
                   Mean :20.19
                                   Mean : 73.08
                                                    Mean
                                                           :2.388
                                   3rd Qu.: 98.00
##
   3rd Qu.:55.00
                   3rd Qu.:30.00
                                                    3rd Qu.:3.000
##
          :67.00
                          :43.00
                                          :224.00
                                                           :4.000
   Max.
                   Max.
                                   Max.
                                                    Max.
##
       CCAvg
                     Education.1
                                      Education.2
                                                     Education.3
                          :0.0000
##
  Min.
          : 0.000
                    Min.
                                     Min.
                                            :0.000
                                                     Min.
                                                            :0.0000
##
   1st Qu.: 0.700
                    1st Qu.:0.0000
                                     1st Qu.:0.000
                                                     1st Qu.:0.0000
                    Median :0.0000
##
  Median : 1.500
                                     Median :0.000
                                                     Median :0.0000
                          :0.4173
                                     Mean :0.285
                                                            :0.2977
   Mean
         : 1.915
                    Mean
                                                     Mean
##
   3rd Qu.: 2.500
                    3rd Qu.:1.0000
                                     3rd Qu.:1.000
                                                     3rd Qu.:1.0000
##
          :10.000
                           :1.0000
                                     Max.
                                            :1.000
                                                     Max.
                                                            :1.0000
   Max.
                    Max.
##
      Mortgage
                    Personal.Loan
                                      Securities.Account
                                                           CD.Account
                          :0.00000
                                      Min. :0.0000
                                                        Min. :0.00000
  Min.
         : 0.00
                    Min.
   1st Qu.: 0.00
                    1st Qu.:0.00000
                                      1st Qu.:0.0000
                                                         1st Qu.:0.00000
##
```

```
Median: 0.00
                      Median :0.00000
                                        Median :0.0000
                                                             Median :0.00000
##
    Mean
          : 57.34
                      Mean
                             :0.09167
                                        Mean
                                                :0.1003
                                                            Mean
                                                                    :0.05367
    3rd Qu.:102.00
                      3rd Qu.:0.00000
                                         3rd Qu.:0.0000
                                                             3rd Qu.:0.00000
    Max.
           :635.00
                             :1.00000
                                                :1.0000
                                                                    :1.00000
##
                      Max.
                                         Max.
                                                             Max.
##
        Online
                        CreditCard
##
   Min.
           :0.0000
                             :0.0000
                      Min.
    1st Qu.:0.0000
                      1st Qu.:0.0000
##
   Median :1.0000
                      Median : 0.0000
##
    Mean
           :0.5847
                      Mean
                             :0.2927
##
    3rd Qu.:1.0000
                      3rd Qu.:1.0000
    Max.
           :1.0000
                      Max.
                             :1.0000
print(paste("The size of the training dataset is:",nrow(train)))
```

[1] "The size of the training dataset is: 3000"

```
summary(valid)
```

```
##
         Age
                      Experience
                                         Income
                                                           Family
##
    Min.
                           :-3.00
                                            : 8.00
                                                               :1.000
           :23.0
                    Min.
                                     Min.
                                                       Min.
                    1st Qu.:10.00
                                     1st Qu.: 39.00
                                                       1st Qu.:1.000
    1st Qu.:35.0
                    Median :20.00
                                     Median : 64.00
                                                       Median :2.000
##
    Median:45.0
##
    Mean
           :45.2
                    Mean
                           :19.97
                                     Mean
                                            : 74.81
                                                       Mean
                                                              :2.409
##
    3rd Qu.:55.0
                    3rd Qu.:30.00
                                     3rd Qu.: 99.00
                                                       3rd Qu.:3.000
                                            :218.00
##
    Max.
           :67.0
                    Max.
                           :43.00
                                     Max.
                                                       Max.
                                                               :4.000
        CCAvg
##
                       Education.1
                                        Education.2
                                                         Education.3
           : 0.000
##
    Min.
                      Min.
                             :0.000
                                       Min.
                                               :0.000
                                                        Min.
                                                                :0.000
                                       1st Qu.:0.000
##
    1st Qu.: 0.700
                      1st Qu.:0.000
                                                        1st Qu.:0.000
    Median : 1.600
                      Median :0.000
                                       Median :0.000
                                                        Median : 0.000
##
    Mean
           : 1.973
                      Mean
                              :0.422
                                       Mean
                                              :0.274
                                                        Mean
                                                                :0.304
##
    3rd Qu.: 2.600
                      3rd Qu.:1.000
                                       3rd Qu.:1.000
                                                        3rd Qu.:1.000
##
    Max.
           :10.000
                      Max.
                             :1.000
                                       Max.
                                              :1.000
                                                        Max.
                                                                :1.000
                                        Securities.Account
##
       Mortgage
                      Personal.Loan
                                                               CD.Account
##
    Min.
           : 0.00
                      Min.
                             :0.0000
                                        Min.
                                                :0.0000
                                                            Min.
                                                                    :0.0000
    1st Qu.: 0.00
                      1st Qu.:0.0000
##
                                        1st Qu.:0.0000
                                                            1st Qu.:0.0000
    Median: 0.00
                      Median : 0.0000
                                        Median :0.0000
                                                            Median : 0.0000
           : 55.24
##
    Mean
                      Mean
                             :0.1025
                                        Mean
                                                :0.1105
                                                            Mean
                                                                    :0.0705
    3rd Qu.: 97.25
                      3rd Qu.:0.0000
                                        3rd Qu.:0.0000
##
                                                            3rd Qu.:0.0000
##
    Max.
           :617.00
                      Max.
                              :1.0000
                                        Max.
                                               :1.0000
                                                            Max.
                                                                    :1.0000
##
        Online
                       CreditCard
##
                             :0.000
    Min.
           :0.000
                     Min.
    1st Qu.:0.000
                     1st Qu.:0.000
##
##
   Median :1.000
                     Median :0.000
    Mean
           :0.615
                     Mean
                            :0.296
##
                     3rd Qu.:1.000
    3rd Qu.:1.000
    Max.
           :1.000
                     Max.
                            :1.000
```

```
print(paste("The size of the validation dataset is:",nrow(valid)))
```

[1] "The size of the validation dataset is: 2000"

Normalizing the dataset

```
train.norm <- train[,-10]
valid.norm <- valid[,-10]
norm <- preProcess(train[,-10],method=c("center","scale"))
train.norm <- predict(norm,train[,-10])
valid.norm <- predict(norm,valid[,-10])</pre>
```

QUESTIONS

Consider the following customer:

1. Age = 40, Experience = 10, Income = 84, Family = 2, CCAvg = 2, Education_1 = 0, Education_2 = 1, Education_3 = 0, Mortgage = 0, Securities Account = 0, CD Account = 0, Online = 1, and Credit Card = 1. Perform a k-NN classification with all predictors except ID and ZIP code using k = 1. Remember to transform categorical predictors with more than two categories into dummy variables first. Specify the success class as 1 (loan acceptance), and use the default cutoff value of 0.5. How would this customer be classified

Creating new customer data

```
new.customer <- data.frame(</pre>
Age = 40,
Experience = 10,
Income = 84,
Family = 2,
CCAvg = 2,
Education.1 = 0,
Education.2 = 1,
Education.3 = 0,
Mortgage = 0,
Securities.Account = 0,
CD.Account = 0,
Online = 1,
CreditCard = 1)
# Normalize the new customer dataset
cust.norm <- predict(norm, new.customer)</pre>
```

Performing the kNN classification

Levels: 0 1

```
prediction <- class::knn(train = train.norm,
test = cust.norm,
cl = train$Personal.Loan, k = 1)
prediction
## [1] 0</pre>
```

2. What is a choice of k that balances between over fitting and ignoring the predictor information?

```
# Calculate the accuracy for each value of k
# Set the range of k values to consider
accuracy <- data.frame(k = seq(1, 15, 1), overallaccuracy = rep(0, 15))
for(i in 1:15) {
    kn <- class::knn(train = train.norm,
    test = valid.norm,
    cl = train$Personal.Loan, k = i)
accuracy[i, 2] <- confusionMatrix(kn,
as.factor(valid$Personal.Loan), positive = "1")$overall[1]
}
which(accuracy[,2] == max(accuracy[,2]))</pre>
```

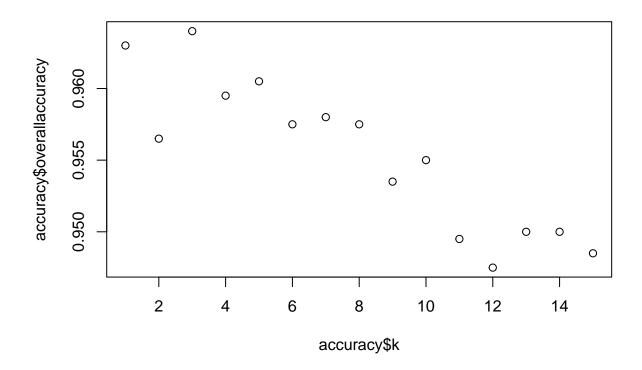
[1] 3

accuracy

```
##
       k overallaccuracy
## 1
                   0.9630
       1
## 2
       2
                   0.9565
## 3
       3
                   0.9640
## 4
                   0.9595
       4
## 5
       5
                   0.9605
## 6
       6
                   0.9575
## 7
       7
                   0.9580
## 8
       8
                   0.9575
## 9
                   0.9535
       9
## 10 10
                   0.9550
## 11 11
                   0.9495
## 12 12
                   0.9475
## 13 13
                   0.9500
## 14 14
                   0.9500
## 15 15
                   0.9485
```

The best performing k in the range of 1 to 15 is 3. This k balances overfitting and ignoring predictions, and is the most accurate for 3

```
plot(accuracy$k,accuracy$overallaccuracy)
```



3. Show the confusion matrix for the validation data that results from using the best k.

confusion matrix

```
pred <- class::knn(train = train.norm,</pre>
test = valid.norm,
cl = train$Personal.Loan, k=3)
confusionMatrix(pred,as.factor(valid$Personal.Loan))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
                 0
                       1
            0 1786
                      63
##
                 9
                    142
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.964
##
                    95% CI: (0.9549, 0.9717)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.8975
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                      Kappa: 0.7785
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 4.208e-10
##
```

```
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9950
##
               Specificity: 0.6927
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.9659
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.9404
##
                Prevalence: 0.8975
##
            Detection Rate: 0.8930
     Detection Prevalence: 0.9245
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8438
##
##
          'Positive' Class: 0
##
```

4. Consider the following customer: Age = 40, Experience = 10, Income = 84, Family = 2, CCAvg = 2, Education_1 = 0, Education_2 = 1, Education_3 = 0, Mortgage = 0, Securities Account = 0, CD Account = 0, Online = 1 and CreditCard = 1. Classify the customer using the best k.

Now creating the 2nd new customer dataset

```
customer2.df <- data.frame(</pre>
Age = 40,
Experience = 10,
Income = 84,
Family = 2,
CCAvg = 2,
Education.1 = 0,
Education.2 = 1,
Education.3 = 0,
Mortgage = 0,
Securities.Account = 0,
CD.Account = 0,
Online = 1,
CreditCard = 1)
#Normalizing the 2nd customer dataset
cust_norm2 <- predict(norm , customer2.df)</pre>
```

Question-5: Repeating the process by partitioning the data into three parts -50%, 30%, 20%, Apply the k-NN method with the k chosen above. Compare the confusion matrix of the test set with that of the training and validation sets. Comment on the differences and their reason.

```
set.seed(400)
Train_Index <- sample(row.names(the_data), .5*dim(the_data)[1])#create train index

#create validation index
Val_Index <- sample(setdiff(row.names(the_data),Train_Index),.3*dim(the_data)[1])
Test_Index =setdiff(row.names(the_data),union(Train_Index,Val_Index))#create test index
train.df <- the_data[Train_Index,]
cat("The size of the new training dataset is:", nrow(train.df))</pre>
```

The size of the new training dataset is: 2500

```
valid.df <- the_data[Val_Index, ]</pre>
cat("The size of the new validation dataset is:", nrow(valid.df))
## The size of the new validation dataset is: 1500
test.df <- the_data[Test_Index, ]</pre>
cat("The size of the new test dataset is:", nrow(test.df))
## The size of the new test dataset is: 1000
Data Normalizing
norm.values <- preProcess(train.df[, -10], method=c("center", "scale"))</pre>
train.df.norm <- predict(norm.values, train.df[, -10])</pre>
valid.df.norm <- predict(norm.values, valid.df[, -10])</pre>
test.df.norm <- predict(norm.values, test.df[,-10])</pre>
Performing kNN and creating confusion matrix on training, testing, validation data
pred3 <- class::knn(train = train.df.norm,</pre>
test = test.df.norm,
cl = train.df$Personal.Loan, k=3)
confusionMatrix(pred3,as.factor(test.df$Personal.Loan))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
               0 1
## Prediction
            0 897 47
##
                5 51
##
            1
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.948
##
                     95% CI: (0.9324, 0.9609)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.902
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 7.644e-08
##
##
##
                      Kappa: 0.6364
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 1.303e-08
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9945
##
               Specificity: 0.5204
            Pos Pred Value: 0.9502
##
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.9107
##
                Prevalence: 0.9020
##
            Detection Rate: 0.8970
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.9440
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.7574
##
##
          'Positive' Class: 0
##
```

```
pred4 <- class::knn(train = train.df.norm,</pre>
test = valid.df.norm,
cl = train.df$Personal.Loan, k=3)
confusionMatrix(pred4,as.factor(valid.df$Personal.Loan))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
                 0
## Prediction
                      1
            0 1363
                     50
##
                     84
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.9647
##
                    95% CI: (0.954, 0.9734)
       No Information Rate: 0.9107
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.742
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 2.64e-10
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9978
##
               Specificity: 0.6269
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.9646
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.9655
##
                Prevalence: 0.9107
##
            Detection Rate: 0.9087
##
      Detection Prevalence: 0.9420
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.8123
##
##
          'Positive' Class: 0
##
pred4 <- class::knn(train = train.df.norm,</pre>
test = valid.df.norm,
cl = train.df$Personal.Loan, k=3)
confusionMatrix(pred4,as.factor(valid.df$Personal.Loan))
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
             Reference
##
## Prediction
                 0
            0 1363
##
                     50
                 3
                     84
##
            1
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.9647
##
                    95% CI: (0.954, 0.9734)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9107
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : < 2.2e-16
##
##
                     Kappa : 0.742
##
```

```
Mcnemar's Test P-Value : 2.64e-10
##
##
              Sensitivity: 0.9978
##
              Specificity: 0.6269
           Pos Pred Value : 0.9646
##
##
           Neg Pred Value: 0.9655
##
               Prevalence: 0.9107
##
           Detection Rate: 0.9087
     Detection Prevalence : 0.9420
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy : 0.8123
##
          'Positive' Class : 0
##
##
```