

## Assignment #4

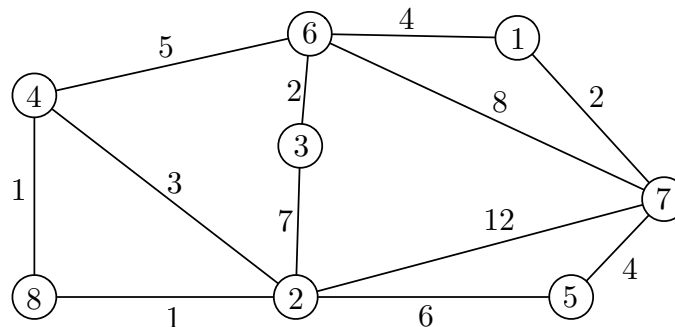
due ~~Fri Mar 7 11:59pm~~ **Fri Mar 14 11:59pm**

See Appendix for submission instructions

**Exercise 1** (Bellman-Ford algorithm) In this question we will implement the Bellman-Ford algorithm, given a graph, represented as the adjacency matrix  $A$ , and starting index  $s$ . We use the adjacency matrix representation of the graph in this question for convenience (so that we can use `numpy`), and you do not need to convert the graph to adjacency list representation. **Download the file A4Q1. Steps (i) and (iv) below are already completed in the script. You will fill in parts (ii) and (iii) and submit on LEARN (plus a screenshot on Crowdmark).**

- (i) (Already completed) Randomly sample a directed graph with negative edges in adjacency matrix representation.
- (ii) Implement the helper function `update(u, v)` that (maybe) updates the current `dist` estimates and `prev` pointer for vertex  $v$ , based on the edge  $(u, v)$ .  
NOTE: in the code `update` takes three arguments: a `Vertex`  $u$ , and `Vertex`  $v$ , and the adjacency matrix of the graph. Your implementation should update the properties of the `Vertex`  $v$  as needed, and does not need to return any value.
- (iii) Implement `bellman_ford`, using the `update` function from part (ii). Your implementation should call `update` the appropriate number of times to find the shortest path. If a negative cycle exists in the graph, your implementation should raise a `ValueError`.
- (iv) (Already completed) print out the shortest paths from  $s$  to each  $v \in V$ , if one exists.

**Exercise 2** (Minimum spanning tree) Consider the following graph:



- (i) Draw a minimum spanning tree (by hand) and give its cost.
- (ii) Suppose Kruskal's algorithm is run on this graph; whenever there is a choice of edges, pick the one whose vertices sum to the lowest value. Give the order that the edges are added.
- (iii) Suppose that Prim's algorithm is run on this graph; whenever there is a choice of vertices, pick the one with the lower number. Draw a table showing the cost of each vertex at each iteration of the algorithm along with list the vertices contained in  $H$  at the end of each iteration.

**Exercise 3** (Spanning trees) Consider an undirected graph  $G = (V, E)$  with positive lengths  $\ell_e$  on each edge  $e \in E$ . Suppose you are given the minimum spanning tree  $T$  of  $G$ . Now, suppose that a new edge  $e_{\text{new}} = \{u, v\}$ , where  $u, v \in V$  is added to the graph  $G$  to create  $G' = (V, E \cup \{e_{\text{new}}\})$ . Design a method to determine if  $T$  is still a minimum spanning tree of the new graph  $G'$ . If it is not, then your algorithm should return an updated MST for  $G'$ . Give the run-time of your algorithm.

*Note:* Your algorithm should be faster than simply recomputing the entire spanning tree by calling Prim's or Kruskal's algorithm on  $G'$ .

**Exercise 4** (Greedy algorithms for scheduling) A server has  $n$  customers waiting to be served, labeled from 1 to  $n$ . The service time for customer  $i$  is  $t_i$  minutes, and is known in advance. Thus, if the customers are served in order of their labels, then customer  $i$  will wait  $\sum_{j=1}^i t_j$  minutes until he/she has been served.

We wish to minimize the total time that customers are waiting

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^n (\text{time spent waiting by customer } i).$$

Let  $l(j)$  be the label of the  $j$ th customer to be served (for example, if  $l(1) = 7$ , then customer 7 is the first customer to be served). Then, the total time  $T$  can be written as

$$T = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^i t_{l(j)}.$$

- (i) Give the pseudocode of an algorithm that computes the optimal order in which to process the customers. (*Hint:* think greedy!)
- (ii) Show that your algorithm is correct. (*Hint:* Suppose we swap two customers in the order, say  $l(j)$  and  $l(k)$ . How does total time  $T$  change?)
- (iii) Characterize the run-time of your algorithm.

## Appendix

**How do I submit this assignment?** To submit the assignment, please complete the following steps.

- (i) Upload your typed or handwritten work for *each* question using the ECE406 **Crowdmark** site. This includes your answers to the programming questions, where you should submit screenshots of the Python functions you have implemented.
- (ii) Upload your source code for each programming question to the **A4 Dropbox submission folder** in LEARN. The starter code for each question specifies the filename convention you should follow.