

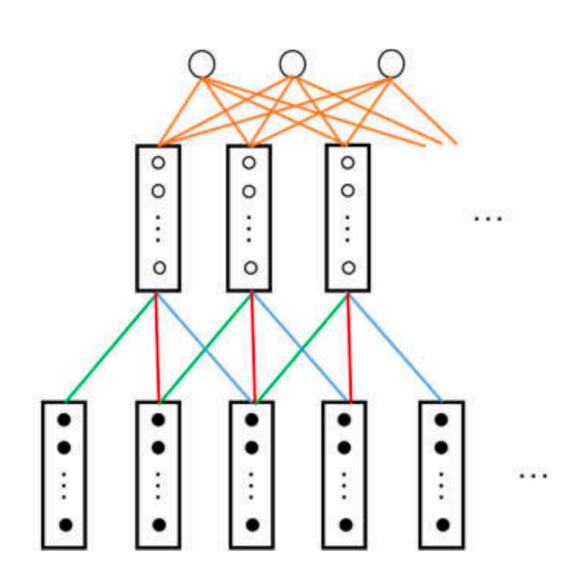
# Efficient Modelling of Long Temporal Contexts for Continuous Emotion Recognition Jyotishman Das (M24CSA013) Pranjal Malik (M24CSA021)

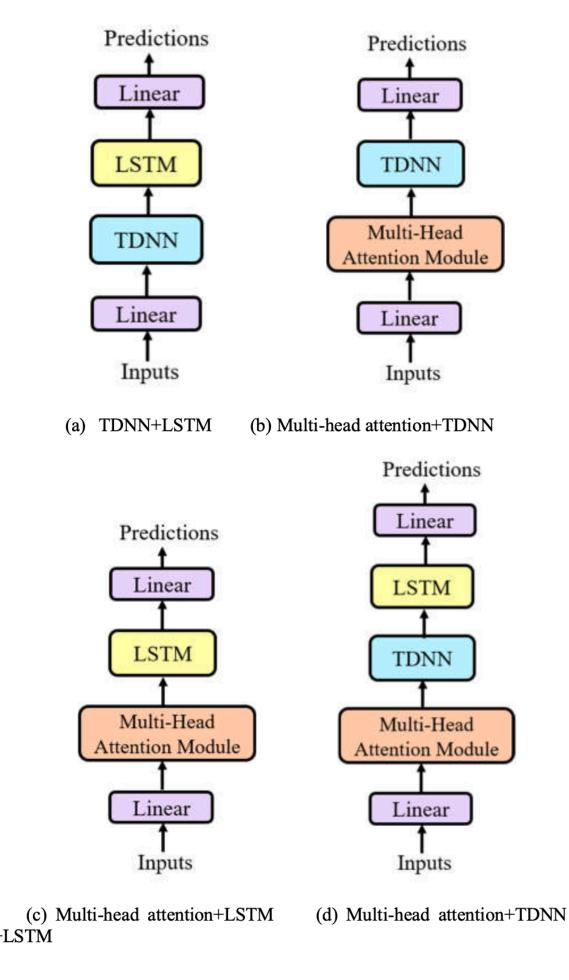
Indian Institute of Technology Jodhpur



## **Proposed Methodology:**

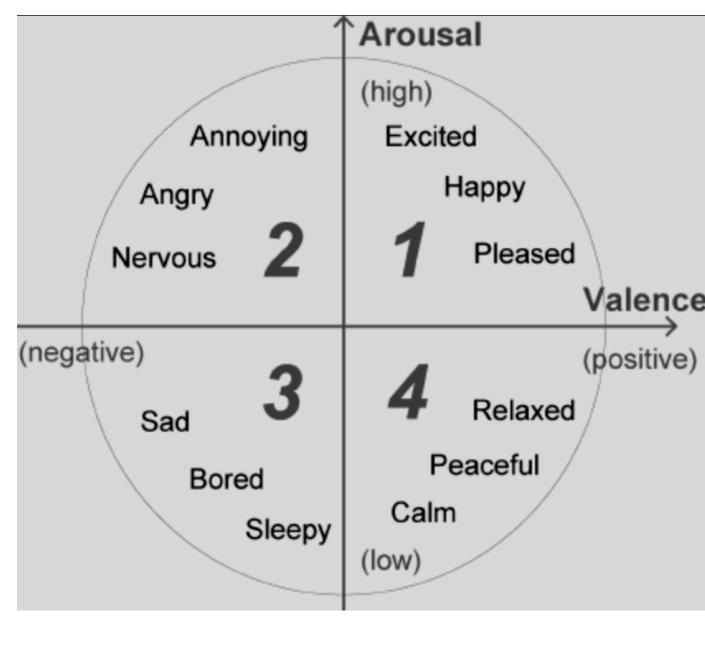
- Continuous Emotion Recognition (CER) is a challenging domain as we aim to track continuous emotional states like arousal and valence over time. This project targets modelling of long-term temporal dependencies using deep learning architectures. We implemented and compared three temporal models — LSTM, TDNN, and Multi-head Attention — and also experimented with hybrid combinations to exploit sequential and contextual information.
- > Temporal Models
  - LSTM (Long Short-Term Memory): Used to track temporal emotions by handling sequential dependencies.
  - TDNN (Time Delay Neural Network): Used to capture context by temporal convolutions.
  - Multi-head Attention: Used to give weightage to temporal information.
- > Hybrid Architectures:
  - TDNN + LSTM
  - Attention + TDNN
  - Attention + LSTM
  - Attention + TDNN + LSTM

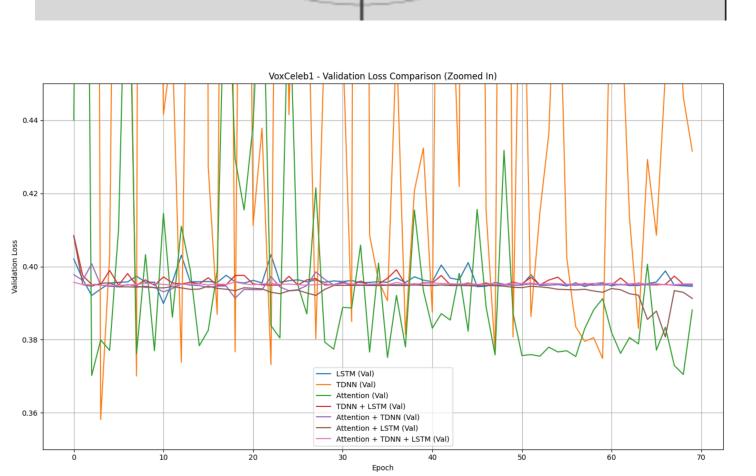


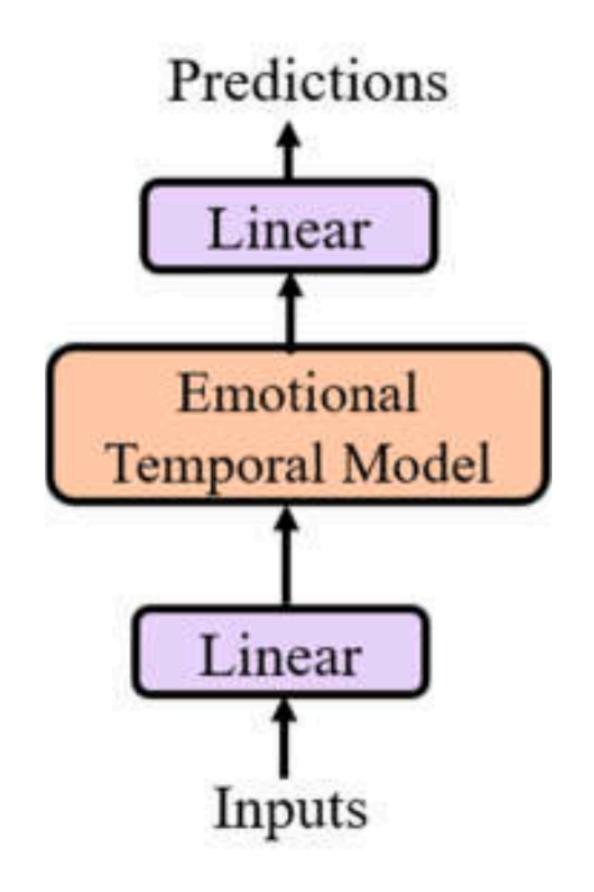


### **Dataset, Features & Training:**

- ➤ Data Source (used random arousal and valence)
  - Librispeech
  - VoxCeleb1
  - VoxCeleb2
- > Features
  - Audio: eGeMAPS (88D, using openSMILE)
- > Training:
  - Framework: TensorFlow
  - Optimizer: Adam
  - Batch Size: 3
  - **Epochs**: 70
  - Evaluation Metric: MSE, Concordance Correlation Coefficient (CCC)







#### **Experimental Findings:**

- Observations
  - Multi-head Attention performs best among single models.
  - Hybrid models outperform standalone ones, especially Attention+TDNN+LSTM.

#### **Limitations and Proposals:**

- Scarce continuous data availability
- Better fusion strategies than normal stacking of models
- Can use weighted fusions or use NAS
- Can include attention map visualisation for understanding human behaviour in multiple modality framework
- Improve upon acoustic only framework and understand behaviour of model with similar labeled text and facial expressions.

#### Summary

- > Our Contributions
- Implemented and compared three temporal models: LSTM, TDNN, and Multi-head Attention.
- Evaluated hybrid architectures combining these models.
- > Key Results
- Hybrid models outperformed individual ones; best CCC achieved with Attention + TDNN + LSTM + Transformer fusion.
- Improved performance on larger datasets
- CCC having positive values implies correlation between prediction and ground truth(random here)
- > Further Resources
- Code Repository: GitHub Link