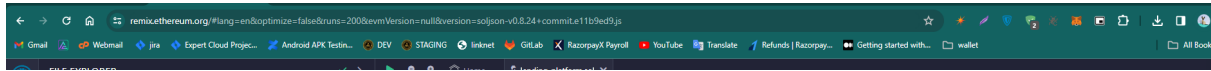


Deploying a smart contract using Remix is a straightforward process. Remix is an online Solidity IDE that allows you to write, compile, and deploy smart contracts directly from your web browser. Below is a step-by-step process to deploy a smart contract using Remix:

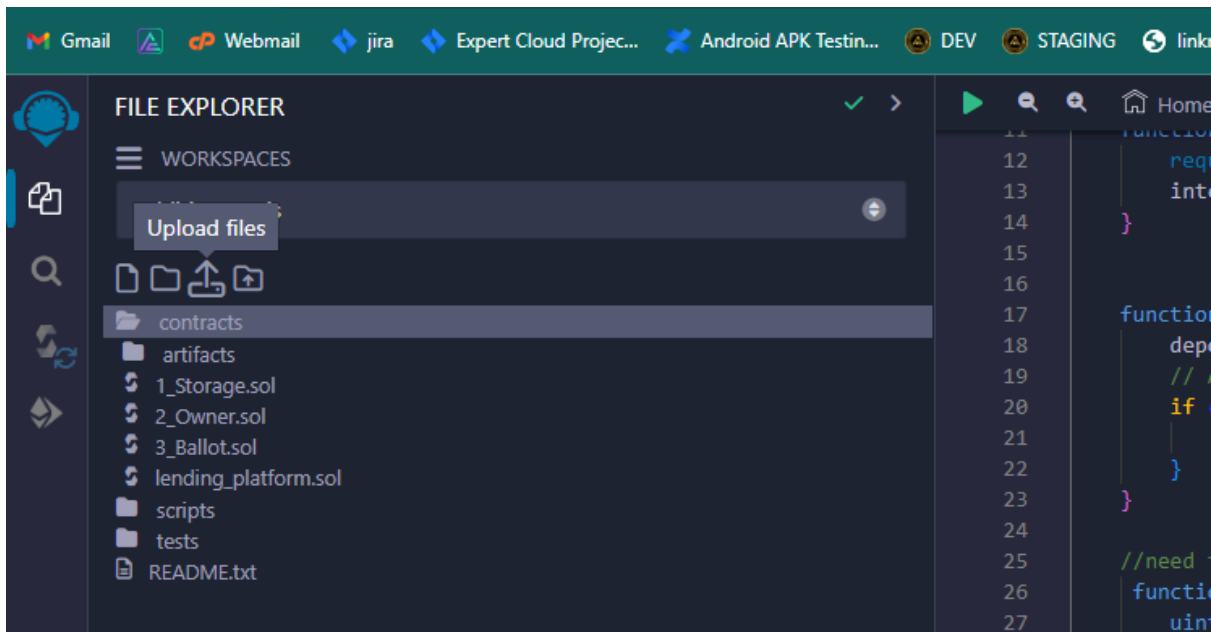
Step 1: Open Remix

1. Open your web browser and navigate to [Remix IDE](https://remix.ethereum.org/).



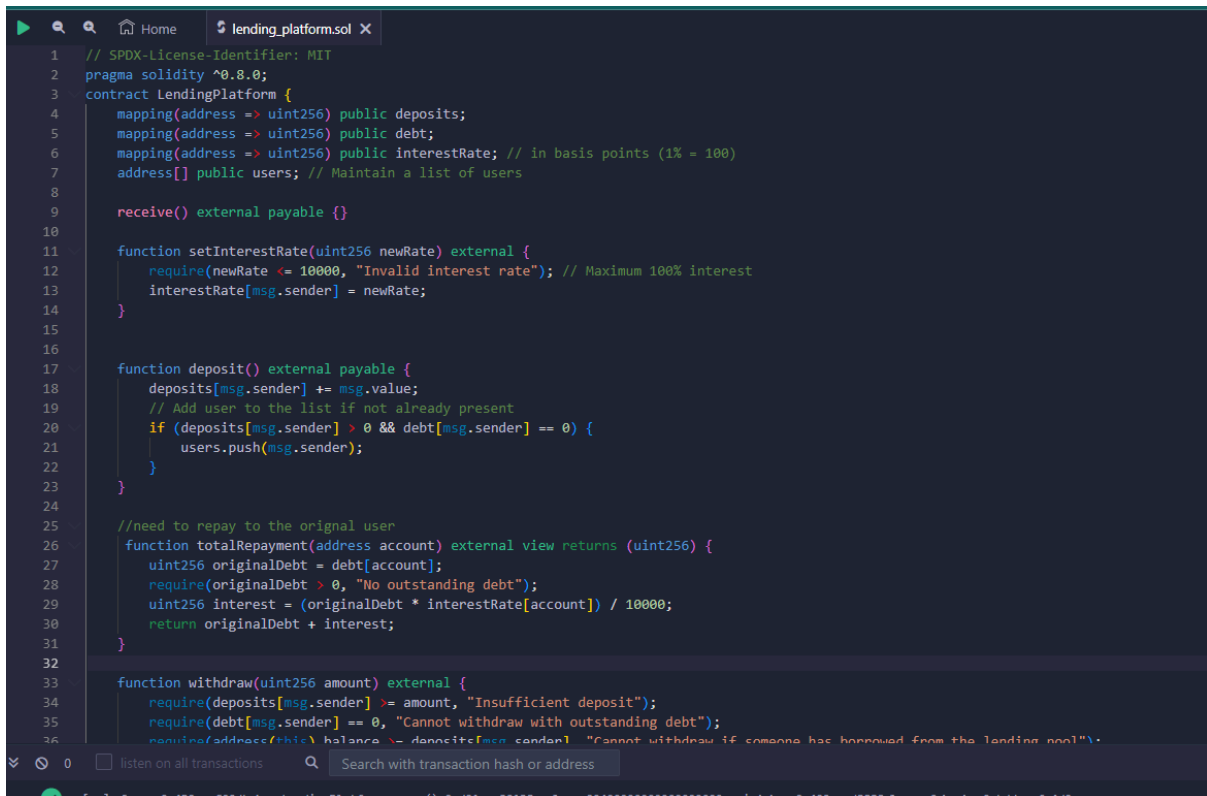
Step 2: Create or Import Smart Contract

1. Create a new file or import an existing smart contract file into Remix. You can use the "+" button on the left sidebar to add a new file or import from GitHub, Gist, or your local machine.



Step 3: Write or Paste Smart Contract Code

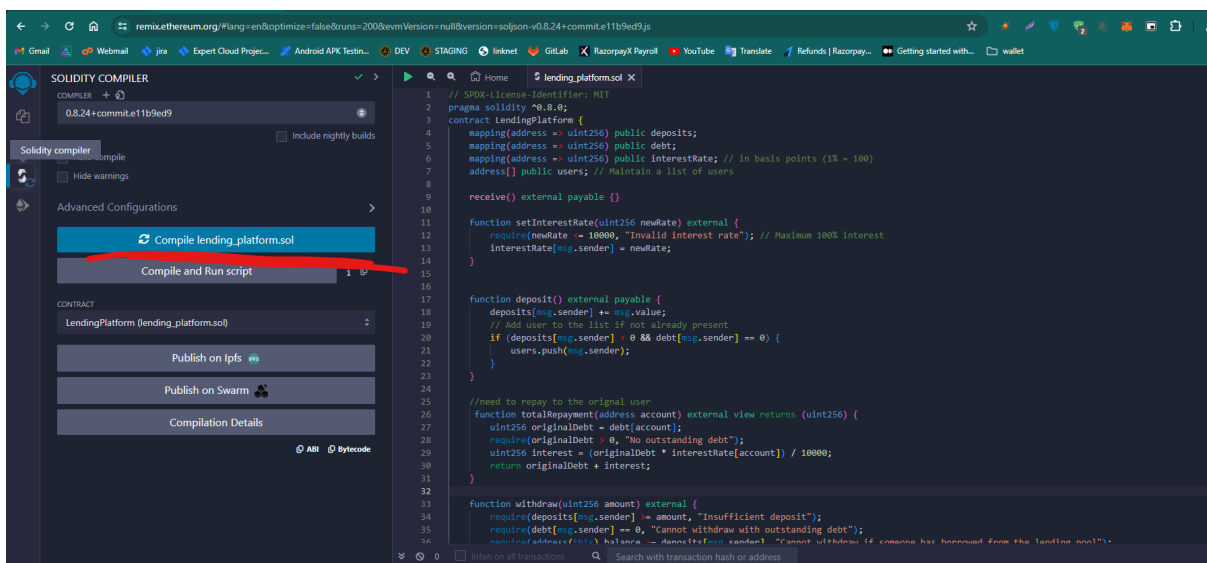
1. Write your smart contract code in the editor or paste the code if you're importing from an existing source.



```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^0.8.0;
3 contract LendingPlatform {
4     mapping(address => uint256) public deposits;
5     mapping(address => uint256) public debt;
6     mapping(address => uint256) public interestRate; // in basis points (1% = 100)
7     address[] public users; // Maintain a list of users
8
9     receive() external payable {}
10
11     function setInterestRate(uint256 newRate) external {
12         require(newRate <= 10000, "Invalid interest rate"); // Maximum 100% interest
13         interestRate[msg.sender] = newRate;
14     }
15
16
17     function deposit() external payable {
18         deposits[msg.sender] += msg.value;
19         // Add user to the list if not already present
20         if (deposits[msg.sender] > 0 && debt[msg.sender] == 0) {
21             users.push(msg.sender);
22         }
23     }
24
25     //need to repay to the original user
26     function totalRepayment(address account) external view returns (uint256) {
27         uint256 originalDebt = debt[account];
28         require(originalDebt > 0, "No outstanding debt");
29         uint256 interest = (originalDebt * interestRate[account]) / 10000;
30         return originalDebt + interest;
31     }
32
33     function withdraw(uint256 amount) external {
34         require(deposits[msg.sender] >= amount, "Insufficient deposit");
35         require(debt[msg.sender] == 0, "Cannot withdraw with outstanding debt");
36         //nominal address (this) balance := deposits[msg.sender] - amount;
37         //require(nominal address (this) balance > 0, "Cannot withdraw if someone has borrowed from the lending pool");
38     }
39 }
```

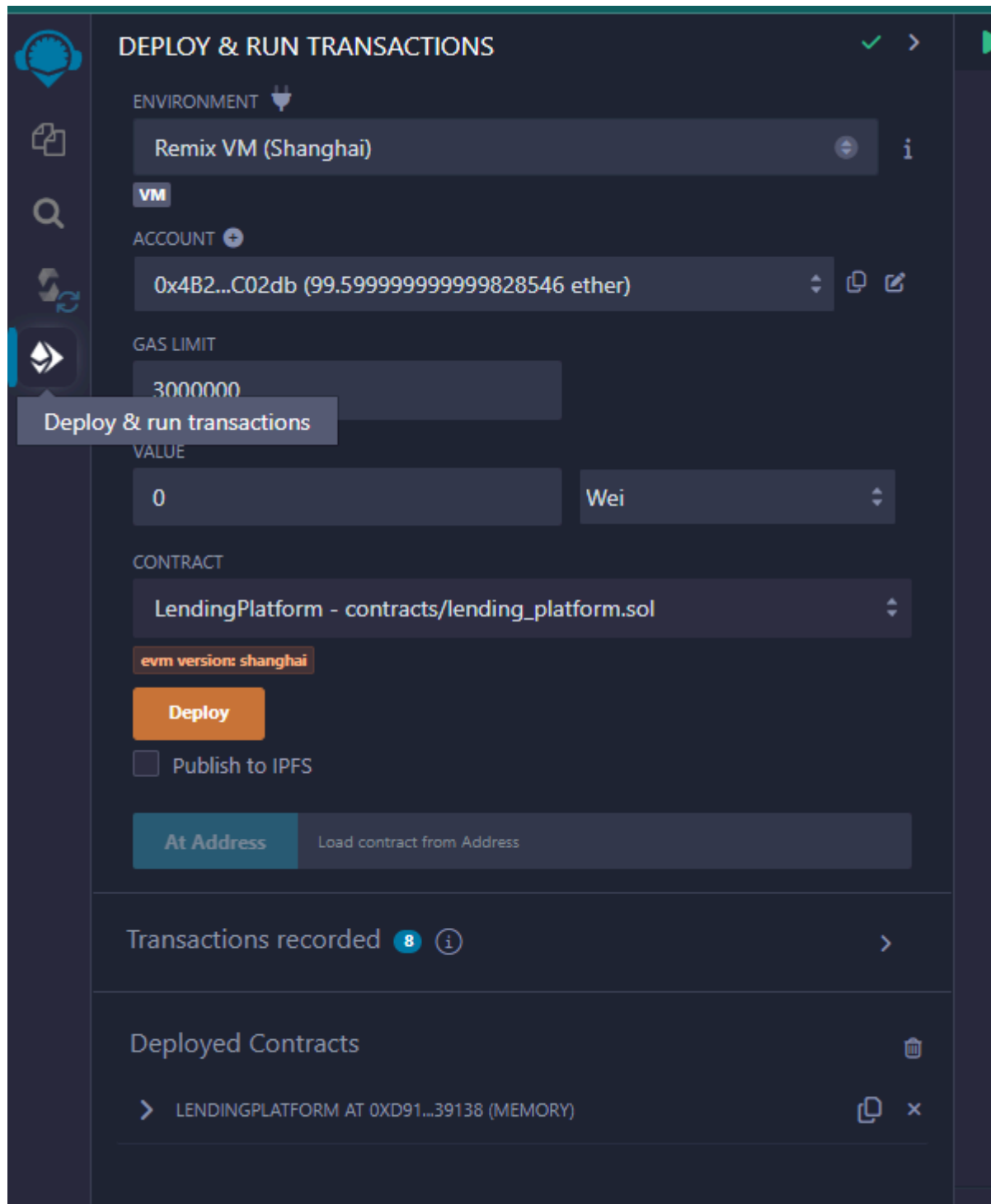
Step 4: Compile Smart Contract

1. In the left sidebar, go to the "Solidity Compiler" tab.
2. Choose the version of Solidity you want to use from the dropdown menu.
3. Click the "Compile" button to compile your smart contract. Verify that there are no compilation errors in the "Compile" tab.



Step 5: Deploy Smart Contract

1. Switch to the "Deploy & Run Transactions" tab in the left sidebar.
2. Select the environment where you want to deploy your smart contract (JavaScript VM, Injected Web3, etc.). For beginners, using the "JavaScript VM" is recommended for testing.
3. Click the "Deploy" button.



4. Remix will provide you with the deployed contract address, and you'll see your contract in the "Deployed Contracts" section.

Step 6: Interact with Smart Contract

1. Once the contract is deployed, you can interact with it using the provided user interface in the "Deployed Contracts" section.
2. Click on the deployed contract under "Deployed Contracts" to reveal its functions and interact with them.

