

Human Voice Emotion Recognition Using Multiplayer Perceptron

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1. Introduction



This Study presents the effect of the use of different regularization methods on language features to identify emotions.

- Ryerson Audio-visual Database
- Speech Signals Time, frequency, and Cepstral domain features
- Neutral, Calm, Happy, Sad, Angry, Afraid, Disgusted & Startled
- Improve Man-Machine Interface, child's development and so on

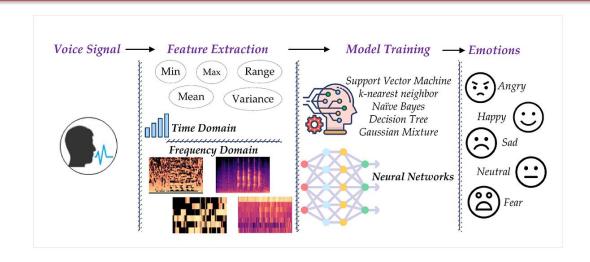
2. Existing System



- Use of Computer-generated gestures to extract emotional characteristics
- Reliability and integration of all emotions
- Need to identify emotions in source speech and integrate them in a target speech.

3. Proposed System

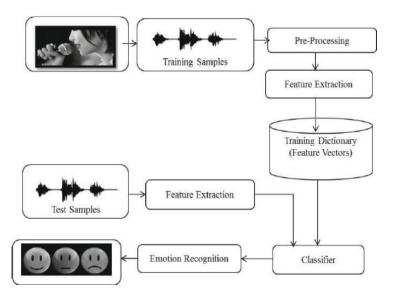




- Multilayer Perceptron (MLP) as a machine learning algorithm
- RAVDESS dataset (Ryerson Audio-Visual Dataset of Emotional Speech and Songs)
 - 7356 short audio files + transcription (Train:Test) = (75:25)

4. Proposed System continued





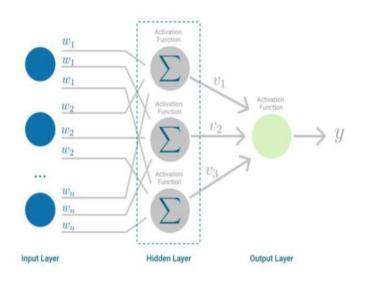
- Pre-processing: Data Visualization and balancing
- Feature extraction: Time, Frequency, and Cepstraldomain features

1-dimensional

 Training and classification: MLP neural network with back propagation learning algorithm

5. Training and Classification





- Multilayer Perceptron (MLP) as a feed forward neural network
- Input layer, output layer, and hidden layer
- Training using back propagation algorithm
- ML used for classification, recognition, and prediction
- The trained model will classify: Neutral, Clam, Happy, Sad, Angry, Surprise

6. Results and Discussion



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[+] Number of testing samples: 168
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[+] Number of features: 180

[*] Training the model...

Accuracy: 81.52%

support	f1-score	recall	orecision	рі
61	0.84	0.84	0.84	angry
41	0.63	0.56	0.72	happy
21	0.57	0.62	0.52	neutral
4 5	0.74	0.78	0.70	sad
168	0.73			accuracy
168	0.69	0.70	0.69	macro avg
16 8	0.73	0.73	0.73	weighted avg
			1	[[51 6 1 3] [623 5 7] [1213 5] [3 1 635]]

Training the model

Confusion Matrix

 derived the accuracy and confusion matrix by comparing predictions after training.

7. References



D. Femi and S. Thylashri, "Human Voice Emotion Recognition Using Multilayer Perceptron," 2022 International Conference on Innovative Computing, Intelligent Communication and Smart Electrical Systems (ICSES), Chennai, India, 2022, pp. 1-4, doi: 10.1109/ICSES55317.2022.9914336. keywords: {Emotion recognition; Time-frequency analysis; Mood; Neural networks; Speech recognition; Multilayer perceptrons; Feature extraction; Human Computer Interaction; Multilayer Perceptron},

Link: https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/9914336



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