NLP Homework 2

1. Dataset Characteristics

Analysis of a subset of a National Science Foundation dataset

The National Science Foundation (NSF) is an independent federal agency created by Congress in 1950 "to promote the progress of science; to advance the national health, prosperity, and welfare; to secure the national defense..." NSF supports fundamental research and education in all the non-medical fields of science and engineering.

Information about research projects that NSF has funded since 1989 can be found by searching the Award Abstracts database. The information includes abstracts that describe the research, and names of principal investigators and their institutions. The database includes both completed and in-process research.

In this assignment, we will analyze a subset of a publicly available (Date Donated: November 18, 2003) collection of National Science Foundation research awards abstracts spanning 1990 - 2003. This data set consists of (a) 129,000 abstracts describing NSF awards for basic research, (b) bag-of-word data files extracted from the abstracts, (c) a list of words for indexing the bag-of-word data. Each abstract is contained in one txt file that is in a sub-folder within a subset of the folders. Datatype of abstracts is text and tabular.

• A sample abstract^{Appendix 1} contains (a) Title of an abstract, (b) type of an award and NSF Org., (c) latest amendment date, (d) award number and instructions, (e) Program Manager, (f) start and expiry dates, (g) total expected amount (estimated), etc....

Using Regular Expressions to Analyze NSF abstracts Data

This homework is mainly designed to help you exercise the power of regular expressions in information searching that we have learned in class.

Pre-processing:-

- The data is about National Science Foundation(NSF) abstract data where there is a list of files which includes the Abstract of the data, NSF organization who provided the award to its respective title, Award amount, Date, period of time of the research work, etc.
- Each file contain the name of Program Manager,Investigator,sponsor of each project.
- Each file has information of its NSF Program.
- Some of them has Estimated Expire date of its research project, which included as Continuing grant from the organization.
- The NSF_abstract file contained around 4016 text files. One or two file are either empty or the format is different than other files.
- The NSF_abstract data is all about the research work done by the
 organization people and the details about the research as such when it
 has started and when its going to end then the thing where is about the
 grand that is provided in the files with respect to the research is
 continuing for further research or it's a fresh start.
- From this data we can get the information about all the organizations which were involved during 1989 to 2003.
- Most of the project were in future based as their end date was estimated in each text file. It also provided the information about sponsor and NSF Program as it related to which NSF department.
- There is a site on the Internet where you can search for the awards given by the organization. The site is given below. https://www.nsf.gov/awardsearch/showAward?AWD_ID=9702149&HistoricalAwards=false

Python Code Desription:- (Output_part1)

In the first Part Mainly contains 4 parts:-

- File name
- NSF Org
- Total Amount
- Abstract Data

Here each file has formatted in specific sections. Like wise "Title: ", NSF_Org: ", etc. So for extracting the data there were two ways.

- First I can use regular expression and serch in the file for the specific value.
- Second I can convert the file content in to dictionary and and from the keys I can get the values.

In this Homework we strictly had to use regular expression for fetch the data so I used the regular expression to get the content I want to fetch.

```
Here I used to find the File name of each file. data=f.read()
```

```
File=re.findall('File\s+: a[0-9]*', data)
if len(File) > 0:
File_name = re.findall('a[0-9]+', File[0])
File name=str(File name[0])
```

I know the naming convection of each file format in the folder so I accordingly given the regular expression.

NSF_Org:-

```
NSF_Org=re.findall('NSF Org\s+: [A-Z]{3}',data)
if len(NSF_Org) > 0:
    NSF_name = re.findall(' [A-Z]{3}', NSF_Org[0])
    NSF_name=str(NSF_name[0])
```

The regular expression to fetch the NSF_org name contains just 3 letters and in capital. That was the requirement to fetch for each file for out first file output.

Award Amount:-

```
total_amt_line=re.findall('Total Amt\.\s+: \$[0-9]*', data)
if len(total_amt_line) > 0:
   total_amt = re.findall("\$[0-9]+", total_amt_line[0])
```

```
total_amt_int=re.findall("[0-9]+",total_amt_line[0])
Amount=str(total_amt[0])
```

The regular expression to fetch the data for Award amount It includes the \$ symbol and the digits.

Abstract data:-

```
pat_abstract=re.compile('Abstract.*',re.M|re.DOTALL)
  abstract=pat_abstract.findall(data)
  abstract=".join(abstract)
  abstract="".join(abstract.split())
  abstract_content=abstract[11:]
```

This will find the Abstract key word in the text file and fetch the whole data after that.

After getting all the data, I am writing it in to a file to display in the format which was asked in the assignment definition.

Here I am using string slicing to get rid of "Abstact" word from the whole content.

Distribution of sentence lengths :- (Output_part2)

The second part is about the abstract data. In that we have to calculate how many lines are there in abstract data for each file. According to lines, writing the filename and number of lines in an abstract data and the line with its number.

Here I used tokenizer from nltk to fetch the data line by line and according to that I can print in the file.

```
sent_text = nltk.sent_tokenize(abstract_content)
cnt=len(sent_text)
```

I am talking the length of the toekniser to get write the number of lines at the end of each document.

Here in the output_part 2 file the file name and abstract data line are there with respect to their line numbers and at the end of each text file the number of lines in the abstract is there in text file.

Analysis Part:-

Here we mainly have 3 categories of each file.

- NSF_ Org
- Award Amount
- Abstract data

From the Abstract data we already did the lines by line separation of the whole paragraph.

So we mainly focused on NSF_Org and Award Amount in the text files. There are several senarios to use those two key data from the files. Some of them are listed below:-

- Get the list of awards_amount given by organization.
- Get the list of number of awards given by each organization.
- The maximum award of amount given by each organization.

These are the main three scenarios which we can get from these 2 keyword.

Get the list of awards_amount given by organization.

For this I made a dictionary of NSF_Org and the award_amount.

NSF_Org as Key and Award_amount as Value.

The code to add in to the dictionary :-

```
if dic1.get(NSF_name):
```

dic1[NSF_name].append(Amount_int)

else:

```
dic1.setdefault(NSF name, []).append(Amount int)
```

Here if the NSF_name is already existed in the dictionary then it will just add the value in the respective of its key index.

And if the key is not in the dictionary then it will create the new index for the key and add the value.

The output of this is added in the Appendix.

❖ Get the list of number of awards given by each organization.

I added all the NSF_name in a list and then use the counter from the collections package.

From the result of this list we can get the information who got the maximum awards and who got the lowest.

I used the frequency distribution concept to retrieve this data.

From this we got the information which organization got the maximum awards as per that whose research work was impressive according to NSF.

The maximum award of amount given by each organization.

The dictionary I made to get the NSF_name and the award_amount I used the same for this operation.

I used the **max** keyword to get the maximum value from the list of awards amount.

The code is given below:-

for k, v in dic1.items():

print (k,max(v))

Output of this code is given below:-

DEB 4373619

MCB 567000

DMS 2027422

DMI 324395

OCE 18806079

OOL 10000073

CCR 667000

ATM 1203339

INT 930233

IBN 361000

BCS 410000

CTS 555000

CHE 693000

DMR 2634600

EAR 400000

SES 491856

OPP 3550650

ANI 338509

BES 616720

PHY 6432676

DBI 1247182

SRS 1097959

CMS 924737

EID 100783

DAS 2899686

IIS 688500

HRM 1069986

ECS 499230

AST 485000

EIA 3670965

EEC 740000

ACI 810000 DOB 649402

NON 1

ENG 151129

LPA 132077

HRD 683416

MIP 188510

BIO 109250

IRM 4000

REC 854642

GEO 50000

From this we got the information as OCE got the maximum award of 18806079.

❖ Extra analysis:-

I did the best I can to get the information from the NSF_name and awards_amount. Yet I felt there should be something more from the files I can get. So I thought one more scenario from the data as delivering the the NSF_Org name with respect to the time period it delivered.

So what I did is get the date when the text document is created and from that I fetch the year and make the dictionary of year and NSF_Org.

```
The code to get the date from the text files:-

pat_year=re.compile('Date.*File',re.M|re.DOTALL)

Date_term=pat_year.findall(data)

### Converting list to string

Date_term=".join(Date_term)

### Finding the start year. The result of the findall is a list year=re.findall('[1-2][0-9][0-9][0-9]',Date_term)

if(len(year)>0):

year_int=int(year[0])

else:

year int=123
```

I wrote the year=123 if it couldn't find the date in the text file. Because as I mentioned earlier there are couple of files, which are empty or incomplete, compare to others.

So there are some data which are not useful but we can remove that by filtering data.

```
dic2[year int].append(NSF name)
```

```
for k , v in dic2.items():
print (k,Counter(v))
```

Output of this code will be:-

```
1991 Counter({' DMS': 135, ' OCE': 65, ' EAR': 45, ' SES': 42, ' IIS': 34, ' CCR': 33, '
BCS': 31, 'CMS': 29, 'DEB': 27, 'CHE': 25, 'INT': 23, 'ATM': 20, 'PHY': 19, 'BES': 17, '
IBN': 16, 'DBI': 14, 'CTS': 14, 'DMI': 12, 'ECS': 9, 'ANI': 8, 'MCB': 8, 'HRD': 7, 'EID':
6, 'EIA': 5, 'AST': 5, 'DMR': 4, 'OPP': 3, 'ACI': 2, 'SRS': 2, 'EEC': 1, 'HRM': 1})
1990 Counter({' DMS': 257, ' EAR': 161, ' INT': 151, ' CMS': 130, ' DEB': 119, ' SES': 104,
' DBI': 100, ' IBN': 84, ' CCR': 82, ' BCS': 81, ' CTS': 79, ' MCB': 74, ' ECS': 57, ' OCE':
55, ' CHE': 53, ' HRD': 46, ' PHY': 38, ' DMR': 34, ' BES': 33, ' DMI': 27, ' EID': 26, ' IIS':
22, ' ATM': 20, ' OPP': 16, ' EIA': 15, ' ANI': 14, ' AST': 12, ' ACI': 10, ' ENG': 2, ' IRM': 2, '
MIP': 2, 'SRS': 2, 'NON': 1, 'BIO': 1, 'GEO': 1})
1992 Counter({' DMS': 132, ' CHE': 97, ' MCB': 73, ' IBN': 63, ' OCE': 62, ' DMR': 59, '
DEB': 39, 'PHY': 37, 'CCR': 36, 'ATM': 33, 'CMS': 31, 'CTS': 24, 'EAR': 22, 'IIS': 20, '
BCS': 18, ' SES': 17, ' DBI': 16, ' BES': 12, ' ECS': 11, ' INT': 10, ' DMI': 9, ' AST': 7, '
OPP': 5, ' ANI': 5, ' EIA': 5, ' HRD': 2, ' LPA': 1, ' SRS': 1, ' ACI': 1, ' MIP': 1, ' BIO': 1, '
REC': 1, 'DAS': 1})
1995 Counter({' DMI': 5, ' CHE': 5, ' ATM': 5, ' OCE': 5, ' DEB': 4, ' INT': 4, ' MCB': 3, '
IBN': 3, 'PHY': 3, 'BCS': 1, 'SRS': 1, 'DAS': 1, 'HRM': 1, 'EEC': 1, 'ECS': 1, 'CCR': 1, '
SES': 1, 'EAR': 1, 'HRD': 1, 'DMS': 1, 'DBI': 1})
1993 Counter({' MCB': 33, ' IBN': 29, ' DEB': 28, ' INT': 24, ' CMS': 21, ' DMR': 21, ' OCE':
17, 'BCS': 17, 'CCR': 15, 'SES': 14, 'DBI': 13, 'ATM': 13, 'CHE': 12, 'EAR': 12, 'DMS':
11, ' ECS': 11, ' PHY': 10, ' IIS': 8, ' CTS': 8, ' DMI': 7, ' BES': 5, ' AST': 4, ' HRD': 3, '
DOB': 1, 'ANI': 1, 'ACI': 1, 'EIA': 1, 'SRS': 1})
1989 Counter({' CMS': 8, ' INT': 3, ' DEB': 2, ' BCS': 2, ' EAR': 2, ' OCE': 1, ' SRS': 1, '
DMI': 1, 'PHY': 1, 'CTS': 1, 'BES': 1, 'MCB': 1, 'CCR': 1})
1994 Counter({' CHE': 18, ' DMS': 16, ' OCE': 13, ' IBN': 13, ' BCS': 12, ' MCB': 11, '
DEB': 10, 'ATM': 9, 'INT': 8, 'DMR': 7, 'BES': 4, 'CTS': 4, 'AST': 4, 'CMS': 4, 'EAR': 3,
CCR': 1, 'EIA': 1})
1996 Counter({' DEB': 6, ' DMI': 4, ' OCE': 4, ' ATM': 3, ' DBI': 1, ' EEC': 1, ' INT': 1, '
CMS': 1})
1997 Counter({' EEC': 1, ' DEB': 1})
1998 Counter({' OPP': 1})
```

So from this analysis we can say that the DMS Organization got the most number of awards in 1990 year.

Appendix:- (Screenshots)

1):-

Title : CRB: Genetic Diversity of Endangered Populations of Mysticete Whales:

Mitochondrial DNA and Historical Demography

: Award NSF Ora : DEB

Latest Amendment

Date : August 1, 1991

: a9000006 File

Award Number: 9000006

Award Instr.: Continuing grant

Prom Manager: Scott Collins

DEB DIVISION OF ENVIRONMENTAL BIOLOGY BIO DIRECT FOR BIOLOGICAL SCIENCES

Start Date : June 1, 1990 Expires : November 30, 1992

(Estimated)

Expected

(Estimated) Total Amt. : \$179720

Investigator: Stephen R. Palumbi (Principal Investigator current)

Sponsor : U of Hawaii Manoa

2530 Dole Street

Honolulu, HI 968222225 808/956-7800

SYSTEMATIC & POPULATION BIOLO NSF Program : 1127

Other Applications NEC Fld Applictn: 0000099

Life Science Biological 61

Program Ref: 9285,

Abstract

Commercial exploitation over the past two hundred years drove the great Mysticete whales to near extinction. Variation in the sizes of populations prior to exploitation, minimal population size during exploitation and current population sizes permit analyses of the effects of differing levels of exploitation on species with different biogeographical distributions and life-history characteristics. Dr. Stephen Palumbi at the University of Hawaii will study the genetic population structure of three whale species in this context, the Humpback Whale, the Gray Whale and the Bowhead Whale. The effect of demographic history will be determined by comparing the genetic structure of the three species. Additional studies will be carried out on the Humpback Whale. The humpback has a world-wide distribution, but the Atlantic and Pacific populations of the northern hemisphere appear to be discrete populations, as is the population of the southern hemispheric oceans. Each of these oceanic populations may be further subdivided into smaller isolates, each with its own migratory

Output part1:-

☐ Output_Part1.txt ☐ a9000006 DEB \$179720 Commercial exploitation over the past two hundred years drove the great Mysticete whales to near extinction. Variation in the siz a9000031 MCB \$300000 Studies of chickens have provided serological and nucleic acid probes useful in defining the major histocompatibility complex (MF a9000038 DMS \$188574 This research is part of an on-going program by the principal investigator and associates. Topics in the following areas are to h a9000040 DMI \$225024 This SBIR proposal is aimed at (1) the synthesis of new ferroelectric liquid crystals with ultra-high polarization, chemical stak a9000043 OCE \$463490 Dr. Chisholm will investigate fundamental aspects of growth regulation and dynamics of marine plankton in the fluctuating enviror a9000045 CCR \$53277 This research will study the complexity of computation using the framework of Boolean circuit complexity. Special emphasis is placed a9000046 OCE \$3842340 Duke University will operate the R/V CAPE HATTERAS during 1990 as a general oceanographic vessel in support of NSF-funded resear a9000048 OCE \$14546493 The Scripps Institute of Oceanography will operate four research vessels: R/V MELVILLE, a 245' general oceanographic vessel cor a9000049 OCE \$2916509 Bermuda Biological Station will operate the R/V WEATHERBIRD II during 1990 as a general oceanographic vessel in support of NSF-f a9000050 OCE \$50000 This proposal seeks to demonstrate a technique for observing ocean currents by electric field measurements using a towed instrumer a9000053 DMS \$197491 The mathematical theories of multivariate polynomial interpolation and multivariate spline approximation differ in content and go a9000054 DMS \$12192 Work to be done during the period of this award will focus on higher dimensional inverse scattering problems and on related one di a9000057 INT \$20348 This proposal requests funds to permit Dr. Patrick S. Mariano, Department of Chemistry, University of Maryland, to pursue with Dr. a9000058 INT \$11250 This Science in Developing Countries award will help to support a research collaboration between Professor James Erskine of the Ur a9000060 OCE \$322000 In this project, the P.I. will use model and data assimilation techniques to study seasonal and interannual variability in fresha9000063 DEB \$320700 The effects of deforestation on the extinction rates of plant species in tropical rain forests are well documented. Less is known a9000075 IBN \$159944 In collaboration with Costa Rican graduate students and scientists at two universities in Costa Rica, Dr. Owens will carry out a a9000089 DEB \$477000 Our ability to restore tropical ecosystems and to construct sustainable, useful analogs of tropical forests depends on our abilit a9000091 DEB \$169000 Optimizing the chances of survival of rare or endangered plants is a fundamental concern of plant conservation biologists. Part c

| - Outro | ut Part1.txt ⊠ | |
|----------|-----------------|---|
| 38 | a_r dit r.ox dd | |
| 39 40 | a9000091 | DEB \$169000 Optimizing the chances of survival of rare or endangered plants is a fundamental concern of plant conservation biologists. Part of |
| 41 42 | a9000094 | IBN \$53563 The continued destruction of the coastal and tropical forest in South and Central America threatens the survival of natural animal |
| 43 | a9000099 | BCS \$199979 9000099 Blumenschine With National science Foundation support, Dr. Robert Blumenschine and his colleagues will conduct two seasor |
| 45 46 | a9000100 | IBN \$49219 All 37 species of monitor lizards are considered as threatened or endangered. Habitat destruction and human intervention have cause |
| 47 48 | a9000102 | DEB \$140070 Traditional forestry practices in the Northeast have led to the dispersion of forest openings and scattered clear cuts throughout |
| 49 50 | a9000110 | DMS \$71000 Work to be done on this project continues mathematical research on nonlinear elliptic problems arising in perfect-fluid hydrodynam |
| 51 52 | a9000111 | ATM \$40000 In order to fully understand how energetic particles that precipitate into the earth's atmosphere loose energy requires a combinat |
| 53 54 | a9000112 | OCE \$228603 The Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution will continue an oceanographic instrumentation development project to develop, construct |
| 55 56 | a9000117 | CTS \$252238 Nonsteady state performance of chemical reactors are difficult to predict and analyze. Many industrial reactors exhibit such beha |
| 57 58 | a9000121 | DMI \$250039 Multilayer coatings can vastly improve the performance of X-ray optical elements. They have a variety of current applications in |
| 59 60 | a9000127 | OCE \$480000 In this project, the P.I.'s will investigate numerical methods leading to development of improved global ocean models suitable for |
| 61 62 | a9000129 | DMS \$35883 This project is concerned with the relationship between the torsion product and various classes of abelian p-groups. Let C be a cl |
| 63 64 | a9000130 | OCE \$465457 The University of Michigan will operate the R/V LAURENTIAN during 1990 as a general oceanographic vessel in support of NSF-funded |
| 65 66 | a9000132 | DMS \$29565 The principal investigator will continue his research in probability in infinite dimensional spaces, particularly on convergence c |
| 67 68 | a9000133 | DMS \$43490 The general objective of this project is to understand and to predict the surface structures and geometries of crystals which have |
| 69 70 | a9000134 | OCE \$100917 Previous work by the Dr. Wells has demonstrated that organically bound aggregates of mineral grains are relatively common to estu |
| 71 72 | a9000135 | OCE \$135000 Since 1982, the California coast has seen an extraordinary number of very large scale disturbances in kelp beds. These resulted f |
| 73 74 | a9000137 | DMS \$43500 The principal investigator will continue her studies of hydrodynamic and hydromagnetic waves of the type that occur in the earth's |
| 75 76 | a9000138 | DMS \$57200 Marker will continue his investigations in model theory. He will work primarily on problems connected with definability in algebra |

☐ Output_Part1.txt ☑

DMS \$57200 Marker will continue his investigations in model theory. He will work primarily on problems connected with definability in algebra a9000139 DMS \$110400 Baldwin plans work in pure model theory and connections between model theory and algebra. In particular, he will study the uses of a9000143 OCE \$556721 The barotropic component of oceanic flow can be extracted from electric field measurements within the water column. This project a9000144 OCE \$375000 The long.term goal of the project is to identify and describe key processes which govern the abundance, composition and distribut a9000146 OCE \$592219 This research will define the basic mechanisms by which surfactants in marine waters affect the rate of gas exchange at the air-s a9000151 OCE \$391738 This project will test several hypotheses regarding the control of oceanic primary productivity (primarily phytoplankton producti a9000152 INT \$11250 This award supports the participation of approximately ten young U.S. polymer scientists in a joint workshop with potential collab a9000153 OCE \$455000 Theoretical and empirical studies of reproductive success and life-history evolution primarily focus on the regulation of female a9000154 OCE \$200000 Laboratory studies often shed light on oceanic processes. This PI has conducted a number of layered model experiments and has use a9000157 OCE \$192093 The role of coastal upwelling fronts and jets in general coastal circulation will be examined through numerical experiments on a a9000158 OCE \$1796500 The University of Delaware will operate the R/V CAPE HENLOPEN during 1990 as a general oceanographic vessel in support of NSF-fv a9000162 OCE \$147936 Rich animal communities fueled by carbon producing microorganisms are known from a variety of reducing habitats at the deep-sea f a9000166 OCE \$255000 Oceanic mixing is largely due to turbulence arising from instabilities. This proposal will address the effects of velocity fluctu a9000171 ATM \$79584 It has become increasingly clear in recent years that the quantitative study of ionosphere-thermosphere dynamics can be most effect a9000175 CHE \$216300 In this project supported by the Organic Dynamics Program, Professor John L. Kice, in the Chemistry Department at the University a9000177 OCE \$176836 In January 1988 a seismic tomography experiment was carried out on the East Pacific Rise at 9 degrees 30'N to image in three-dim a9000182 OCE \$163246 The calculation of paleomagnetic poles from seamount magnetic anomalies involves several simplifying assumptions concerning the a9000186 BCS \$59950 Geographic research has been extremely dynamic in recent decades, making the guadrennial congresses sponsored by the International a9000187 CHE \$213880 This award from the Synthetic Organic Program will support the research of Dr. James P. Ferris of the Department of Chemistry at 113 a9000193 OCE \$65000 Magma storage and transport processes below the axes of active medium to fast spreading ridges is of fundamental importance to unc

Output_Part1.txt

7993 a9013058 DMR \$180000 Research will be conducted on the interaction of intense radiation (synchrotron radiation) with materials. X-Ray Resonance Excha a9013059 CHE \$514000 The focus of this project in the Inorganic, Bioinorganic and Organometallic Chemistry Program is the the chemistry of transition a9013060 DBI \$250000 On September 22, 1989, the worst hurricane in over two hundred years hit the coast of South Carolina and severely damaged or des a9013062 ATM \$1203339 Neutron activation analysis will be used to determine the concentrations of selected trace elements in atmospheric samples from agol 3001 agol 3063 DBI \$110990 The Mount Desert Island Biological Laboratory (MDIBL) is the oldest cold-water marine laboratory in the eastern United States, a a9013065 BCS \$11995 Flint (a microcrystalline quartz rock) is highly resistant to weathering and fractures to produce a sharp, durable cutting edge. a9913066 SES \$1700 This doctoral dissertation project involves an examination of regime changes in Latin America since the end of World War II. The c a9013068 DMS \$11000 This award will provide partial support for one year for a graduate student in mathematical logic who will do thesis research und a9013069 SES \$118099 The proposed research seeks to investigate how people use graphic information in making judgments and decisions. Research on hun a9013070 DBI \$40000 In his recent book, Explaining Science (1988), Professor Giere argued that theories in science are to be understood as families of a9013 a9013072 PHY \$95552 The muonic molecular ions having He as a nucleus do not form bound states. However, their resonant states play a role in muon cat a9013073 ATM \$419500 Heterogeneous reaction pathways involving water droplets in clouds and fogs are important conduits for chemical transformation of a9013074 CTS \$28000 This project supports a 3-day workshop entitled "Opportunities and Challenges in Crystallization Research" to be held at the Engi a9013076 IBN \$214000 Fireflies emit bioluminescent light signals for visual communication. Since the light emitted is dim, the visual system of firef a9013077 CMS \$15000 This award provides partial support for an IUTAM Symposium on Inelastic Deformation of Composite Materials to be held at Renssela a9013079 CCR \$60000 An experimental study will be performed to investigate algorithms for problems concerned with computation of network flows, inclu a9013081 DBI \$56500 The University of Guam Marine Lab is a unique research facility in the central Pacific Ocean. The Lab has an active research staf a9013083 CTS \$203526 Theoretical modeling will be used in research on three aspects of thin film dynamics: surface tension/elastic instabilities in t a9013084 ECS \$90063 The purpose of this research is to develop a probabilistic approach to short-term forecasting of electric load demand. The propose

13

Output part2:-

Output Part2tyt 🖾

8 4900043[5]|Moreover, it could enhance our fundamental understanding of microbial physiology by revealing features of marine organisms which deviate from the complex of Lines in file a8000043] is:-5

10 4900045[2]|Special emphasis is placed on the following topics: Strong separations of circuit classes: If known separations of small circuit complexity as 4000045[2]|Special emphasis is placed on the following topics: Strong separations of circuit classes: If known separations of small circuit complexity as 4000045[2]|Special emphasis is placed on the following topics: Strong separations of circuit classes: If known separations of small circuit complexity as 4000045[2]|Special emphasis is placed on the following topics: Strong separations of circuit classes: If known separations of small circuit complexity classes.

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4000045[2]|Special emphasis is placed on the following topics: Strong separations of circuit classes: If known separations of small circuit complexity classes.

4000045[2]|Special emphasis is placed on the following topics: Strong separations of circuit classes: If known separations of small circuit complexity classes.

4000046[2]|The RV FOUNT SUB is a 135' general needed circuits, an structure of the complexity class F/poly.

400046[2]|The RV FOUNT SUB is a 135' general research seed constructed in 1801 and owned by the National Science Foundation.

5000046[3]|The FOUNT SUB is a 135' general research seed constructed in 1801 and owned by the National Science Foundation to support oceanographic research projects.

5000046[3]|The Veneration of a 1801 and the Foundation of a 1801 and owned by the National Science Foundation to support oceanographic research projects.

5000046[3]|The RV Fount Sub is a 1801 and the Foundation of Sub is a 1801 and for which the ship must be spec a5000046[3]|The Sub is a 1801 and for which the ship must be spec a50

| ASOURDING | SiThis vessel is part of a fleet used by the National Science Foundation to support oceanographic research projects | A 900004916|Most oceanographic research projects require highly specialized equipment and extensive support from a ship's crew members. | A 900004916|Most oceanographic research projects require highly specialized equipment and extensive support from a ship's crew members. | A 900004916|Such equipment also requires highly trained crew members for maintenance and operation. | A 900004919|Such equipment also requires highly trained crew members for maintenance and operation. | A 900004919|These vessels are operated by universities and research institutions around the country. | A 900004910|These vessels are operated by universities and research institutions around the country. | A 900004910|These vessels do not operated in the same manner as general cargo or fishing vessels, and therefore, NSF supports the operation of a variety and proposal seeks to demonstrate a technique for observing ocean currents by electric field measurements using a towed instrument of recer a 90000501|This proposal seeks to demonstrate a technique for observing ocean currents by electric field measurements using a towed instrument of recer a 90000501|This measurements will be made in conjunction with a cruise across the Gulf Stream in which several additional observational techniques will a 90000501|This measurements will be made in conjunction with a cruise across the Gulf Stream in which several additional observational techniques will a 90000501|This grant is to assess the long-term solar cycle affects on the characteristics of energetic particles in the near-earth space and the cont a 9000051|This grant is to assess the long-term solar cycle affects on the characteristics of energetic particles in the near-earth space and the cont a 9000052|This grant is to assess the long-term solar cycle affects on the characteristics of energetic particles in the near-earth space and the cont assessment and particles

| Motput_Pat2txt ☑ | | |
|------------------|--|--|
| 35581 | | |
| 35582 | a9013079 1 An experimental study will be performed to investigate algorithms for problems concerned with computation of network flows, including the | |
| 35583 | a9013079 2 The experimental study will proceed as a cooperative competition among members of the research community. | |
| 35584 | a9013079 3 Participants will submit code for evaluation or will perform specific experiments at their home sites. | |
| 35585 | a9013079 4 The competition will culminate in a workshop where participants will describe their results; the best implementations for several input cl | |
| 35586 | a9013079 5 Competitors will generate a large amount of data about the performance of these algorithms. | |
| 35587 | a9013079 6 Parametric and nonparametric methods of data analysis will be applied to obtain quantitative descriptions of performance as a function of | |
| 35588 | a9013079 7 Some particular results to be obtained include: analysis of the relationship between running time and standard combinatorial measures of p | |
| 35589 | a9013079 8 Besides providing substantial new knowledge about the performance of these algorithms, the project will also give insight into experimenta | |
| 35590 | Number of Lines in file a9013079 is :- 8 | |
| 35591 | | |
| 35592 | a9013081 1 The University of Guam Marine Lab is a unique research facility in the central Pacific Ocean. | |
| 35593 | a9013081 2 The Lab has an active research staff and hosts a steady stream of international investigators working in diverse disciplines. | |
| 35594 | a9013081 3 The Lab also has an excellent record of graduate and undergraduate training. | |
| 35595 | a9013081 4 Resident and visiting scientists have access to an array of shared equipment and instrumentation, and Dr. Ernest Matson proposes installat | |
| 35596 | a9013081 5 The proposed multi-user equipment acquisitions will have a significant impact on the quantity and quality of research conducted at the Lak | |
| 35597 | a9013081 6 The generator will provide backup electricity during nighttime and weekend shutdowns, and the intermittent power failures caused by tropic | |
| 35598 | a9013081 7 The spectrophotometer will be an important addition to a diverse array of projects in marine ecology, systematic biology, biochemistry and | |
| 35599 | Number of Lines in file a9013081 is :- 7 | |
| 35600 | | |
| 35601 | a9013083 1 Theoretical modeling will be used in research on three aspects of thin film dynamics: surface tension/elastic instabilities in thin flexik | |
| 35602 | a9013083 2 The research is motivated by biomechanical issues related to the lung, namely the stability of small airways and the delivery of medication | |
| 35603 | a9013083 3 The research is also applicable to surfactant effects in industrial thin films and the micropores of porous media, particularly poroelasti | |
| 35604 | Number of Lines in file a9013083 is :- 3 | |
| 35605 | | |
| 35606 | a9013084 1 The purpose of this research is to develop a probabilistic approach to short-term forecasting of electric load demand. | |
| 35607 | a9013084 2 The proposed approach accounts explicitly for weather and lifestyle influences. | |
| 35608 | a9013084 3 The single customer load demand is decomposed into two components: stochastic and periodic. | |
| 35609 | a9013084 4 The stochastic components (heating/cooling and water heater) are modeled via stochastic differential equations. | |
| 35610 | a9013084 5 Semi-Markov theory is used to determine the load of these components. | |
| 35611 | a9013084 6 The periodic part (the remaining part of the load, excluding the stochastic components) is determined using time series methods. | |
| 35612 | a9013084 7 The second phase of this research is to identify the parameters of the models of the different components. | |
| 35613 | a9013084 8 A validation of the proposed approach will also be performed. | |
| 35614 | a9013084 9 The second phase will use the data gathered during the Department of Energy experimental project on distribution automation and control at | |
| 35615 | a9013084 10 Since the basic building block of the proposed approach is the forecast at the single customer level, the accuracy of the forecast of the | |
| 35616 | a9013084 11 The results of these investigations will provide the utilities with a more accurate technique for short-term load forecast at any desired | |
| 35617 | a9013084 12 The availability of an accurate forecast will enable the utilities to make more confident decisions of operation and planning. | |
| 35618 | Number of Lines in file a9013084 is :- 12 | |
| 35619 | | |

15

Output of Scenario 1:-

Rishis-MacRose-ProlAssignment_2 rishis python3 Modified.py

Rishis Pyt

Output of Scenario 2:-

Frequenct Distribution of Organizations

Counter({ 'DMS': 552, 'EAR': 246, 'DEB': 236, 'INT': 224, 'CMS': 224, 'OCE': 222, 'CHE': 210, 'IDN': 208, 'MCB': 203, 'SES': 181, 'CCR': 169, 'BCS': 162, 'DBI': 146, ' CTS': 130, 'DMR': 125, 'PHY': 110, 'ATM': 103, 'ECS': 91, 'IIS': 85, 'BES': 72, 'DMI': 67, 'HRD': 60, 'EID': 32, 'AST': 32, 'ANI': 28, 'EIA': 27, 'OPP': 26, 'ACI': 14, 'SRS': 8, 'EEC': 5, 'MIP': 3, 'DAS': 2, 'HRW': 2, 'ENG': 2, 'BIO': 2, 'IRW': 2, 'DOB': 1, 'NON': 1, 'LPA': 1, 'REC': 1, 'GEO': 1}

Output of Scenario 3:-

Max value from each key DEB 4373619 MCB 567000 DMS 2027422 DMI 324395 OCE 18806079 CCR 667000 ATM 1203339 INT 930233 IBN 361000 BCS 410000 CTS 555000 CHE 693000 DMR 2634600 EAR 400000 SES 491856 OPP 3550650 ANI 338509 BES 616720 PHY 6432676 DBI 1247182 SRS 1097959 CMS 924737 EID 100783 DAS 2899686 IIS 688500 HRM 1069986 ECS 499230 AST 485000 EIA 3670965 EEC 740000 ACI 810000 DOB 649402 NON 1 ENG 151129 LPA 132077 HRD 683416 MIP 188510 BIO 109250 IRM 4000 REC 854642

GEO 50000

Output of Scenario 4:- (Extra analysis)

Year:- NSF_Org

1991 Counter({' DMS': 135, ' OCE': 65, ' EAR': 45, ' SES': 42, ' IIS': 34, ' CCR': 33, ' BCS': 31, ' CMS': 29, ' DEB': 27, ' CHE': 25, ' INT': 23, ' ATM': 20, ' PHY': 19, ' BES': 17, ' IBN': 16, ' DBI': 14, ' CTS': 14, ' DMI': 12, ' ECS': 9, ' ANI': 8, ' MCB': 8, ' HRD': 7, ' EID': 6, ' EIA': 5, ' AST': 5, ' DMR': 4, ' OPP': 3, ' ACI': 2, ' SRS': 2, ' EEC': 1. ' HRM': 1})

1990 Counter({' DMS': 257, 'EAR': 161, 'INT': 151, 'CMS': 130, 'DEB': 119, 'SES': 104, 'DBI': 100, 'IBN': 84, 'CCR': 82, 'BCS': 81, 'CTS': 79, 'MCB': 74, 'ECS': 57, 'OCE': 55, 'CHE': 53, 'HRD': 46, 'PHY': 38, 'DMR': 34, 'BES': 33, 'DMI': 27, 'EID': 26, 'IIS': 22, 'ATM': 20, 'OPP': 16, 'EIA': 15, 'ANI': 14, 'AST': 12, 'ACI': 10, 'ENG': 2, 'IRM': 2, 'MIP': 2, 'SRS': 2, 'NON': 1, 'BIO': 1, 'GEO': 1})

1992 Counter({' DMS': 132, ' CHE': 97, ' MCB': 73, ' IBN': 63, ' OCE': 62, ' DMR': 59, ' DEB': 39, ' PHY': 37, ' CCR': 36, ' ATM': 33, ' CMS': 31, ' CTS': 24, ' EAR': 22, ' IIS': 20, ' BCS': 18, ' SES': 17, ' DBI': 16, ' BES': 12, ' ECS': 11, ' INT': 10, ' DMI': 9, ' AST': 7, ' OPP': 5, ' ANI': 5, ' EIA': 5, ' HRD': 2, ' LPA': 1, ' SRS': 1, ' ACI': 1, ' MI P': 1, ' BIO': 1, ' REC': 1, ' DAS': 1})

1995 Counter({' DMI': 5, ' CHE': 5, ' ATM': 5, ' OCE': 5, ' DEB': 4, ' INT': 4, ' MCB': 3, ' IBN': 3, ' PHY': 3, ' BCS': 1, ' SRS': 1, ' DAS': 1, ' HRM': 1, ' EEC': 1, ' ECS': 1, ' CCR': 1, ' SES': 1, ' EAR': 1, ' HRD': 1, ' DMS': 1, ' DMS': 1})

1993 Counter({' MCB': 33, 'IBN': 29, 'DEB': 28, 'INT': 24, 'CMS': 21, 'DMR': 21, 'OCE': 17, 'BCS': 17, 'CCR': 15, 'SES': 14, 'DBI': 13, 'ATM': 13, 'CHE': 12, 'EAR': 12, 'DMS': 11, 'ECS': 11, 'PHY': 10, 'IIS': 8, 'CTS': 8, 'DMI': 7, 'BES': 5, 'AST': 4, 'HRD': 3, 'DDB': 1, 'ANI': 1, 'ACI': 1, 'EIA': 1, 'ERS': 1})

1989 Counter({' CMS': 8, ' INT': 3, ' DEB': 2, ' BCS': 2, ' EAR': 2, ' OCE': 1, ' SRS': 1, ' DMI': 1, ' PHY': 1, ' CTS': 1, ' BES': 1, ' MCB': 1, ' CCR': 1))

1994 Counter({' CHE': 18, ' DMS': 16, ' OCE': 13, ' IBN': 13, ' BCS': 12, ' MCB': 11, ' DEB': 10, ' ATM': 9, ' INT': 8, ' DMR': 7, ' BES': 4, ' CTS': 4, ' AST': 4, ' CMS': 4, ' EA R': 3, ' SES': 3, ' DMI': 2, ' PHY': 2, ' IIS': 1, ' EEC': 1, ' ECS': 1, ' OPP': 1, ' HRD': 1, ' DBI': 1, ' CCR': 1, ' EIA': 1})

1996 Counter({' DEB': 6, ' DMI': 4, ' OCE': 4, ' ATM': 3, ' DBI': 1, ' EEC': 1, ' INT': 1, ' CMS': 1})

1997 Counter({' EEC': 1, ' DEB': 1})

1998 Counter({' OPP': 1})

Note:-Here, Now I can see the output screenshots are not quite clear but I tried my best to do it. Still to re-check I request to you to run the code and see the output on the terminal. I have written down the code to print the data whatever its there in the screenshot.

Conclusion:-

Here, I analyzed the NSF_abstract data which has more then 4000 files in it. Fetch the require data and write it in to the file. Fetched the data using regular expression which gives us the most efficient data according to the requirements. After getting the data I make the most possible scenarios to get meaningful information from the given data. There were some issues with the data which was retrieved from the files but we can filter that later according to the requirement. I retrieved some extra information about the date factor and according to that I analyzed the given data with that and get some more information about the NSF Organization with respect to the year.

References:-

- https://www.nsf.gov/awards/about.jsphttps://stackoverflow.com