







ABOUT US

WELCOME TO LAPINOZ PIZZA, WHERE PASSION MEETS PERFECTION IN EVERY SLICE! WE BELIEVE THAT GREAT PIZZA STARTS WITH FRESH INGREDIENTS, AUTHENTIC RECIPES, AND A LOVE FOR FOOD.

OUR STORY

FOUNDED IN 2023, LAPI PIZZA BEGAN AS A SMALL PIZZERIA WITH A BIG DREAM – TO SERVE MOUTHWATERING, HANDCRAFTED PIZZAS THAT BRING PEOPLE TOGETHER. OVER THE YEARS, OUR COMMITMENT TO QUALITY, TASTE, AND CUSTOMER SATISFACTION HAS MADE US A FAVORITE AMONG PIZZA LOVERS.

PROJECT GOAL

DATA

DERIVE









DRAW CONCLUSIOBN

RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED





SELECT COUNT (ORDER_ID) AS TOTAL_ORDER FROM ORDERS:



CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES



SELECT ROUND(SUM(PRICE* QUANTITY),2)

AS TOTAL_REVENUE

FROM PIZZAS AS P

INNER JOIN ORDER_DETAILS AS O

ON P.PIZZA_ID = O.PIZZA_ID;



Total_Revenue 39910.4

Identify the highest-priced pizza



SELECT MAX(PRICE)FROM PIZZAS;

SELECT NAME, PRICE

FROM PIZZA_TYPES AS P1

INNER JOIN PIZZAS AS P2

ON P1.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = P2.PIZZA_TYPE_ID

ORDER BY PRICE DESC

LIMIT 1;

max(price) 35.95



Identify the most common pizza size ordered.

SELECT SIZE, COUNT(ORDER_ID)

FROM PIZZAS AS P

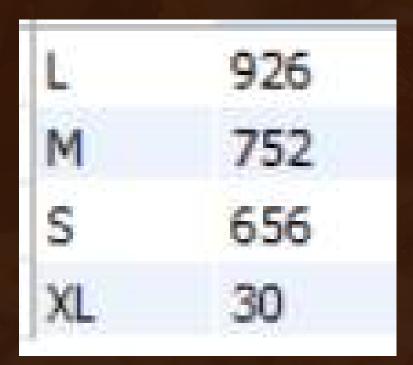
INNER JOIN ORDER_DETAILS AS O

ON P.PIZZA_ID = O.PIZZA_ID

GROUP BY SIZE

ORDER BY COUNT(ORDER_ID) DESC:





List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

SELECT NAME, SUM(QUANTITY) AS QUANTITY FROM PIZZAS AS P1 INNER JOIN PIZZA_TYPES AS P2 ON P1.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = P1.PIZZA_TYPE_ID INNER JOIN ORDER_DETAILS AS O ON P1.PIZZA_ID=O.PIZZA_ID GROUP BY NAME ORDER BY SUM(QUANTITY) DESC LIMIT 5:



The Vegetables + Vegetables Pizza	2413
The Spinach and Feta Pizza	2413
The Spinach Pesto Pizza	2413
The Mexicana Pizza	2413
The Mediterranean Pizza	2413

Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered

quantity

713

600

569

531

Classic

Veggie

Chicken

Supreme

SELECT CATEGORY, SUM(QUANTITY) AS QUANTITY FROM PIZZA_TYPES AS P1 INNER JOIN PIZZAS AS P2 ON P1.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = P2.PIZZA_TYPE_ID INNER JOIN ORDER_DETAILS AS O ON P2.PIZZA_ID = O.PIZZA_ID GROUP BY CATEGORY ORDER BY SUM(QUANTITY) DESC:



Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day

SELECT EXTRACT(HOUR FROM ORDER_TIME)

AS HOUR, COUNT(ORDER_ID)

FROM ORDERS

GROUP BY EXTRACT(HOUR FROM

ORDER_TIME);





hour	count(order_id)
11	1231
12	2520
13 1	2 1455
14	1472
15	1468
16	1920
17	2336
18	2399
19	2009
20	1642
21	1198
22	663
23	28
10	8
9	1

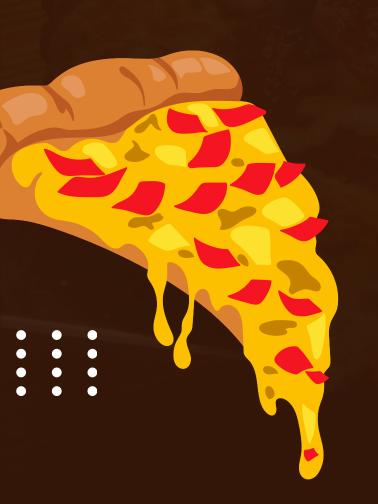
Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas

SELECT CATEGORY, COUNT(NAME)

FROM PIZZA_TYPES

GROUP BY CATEGORY;





category	count(name)
Chicken	6
Classic	8
Supreme	9
Veggie	9
\ 2.10	



Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day

SELECT ROUND(AVG(QUANTITY),0) FROM
(SELECT ORDER_DATE, DAY(ORDER_DATE)

AS DAY, SUM(QUANTITY) AS QUANTITY

FROM ORDER_DETAILS AS 01

INNER JOIN ORDERS AS 02

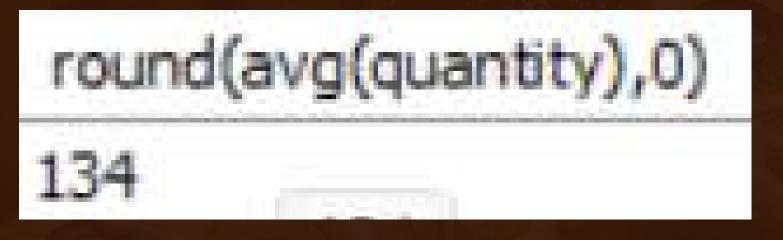
ON 01.ORDER_ID = 02.ORDER_ID

GROUP BY ORDER_DATE) AS

ORDER_QUANTITY;









Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue

SELECT PIZZA_TYPE_ID,

ROUND(SUM(QUANTITY * PRICE),0)

FROM PIZZAS AS P

INNER JOIN ORDER_DETAILS AS O

ON P.PIZZA_ID = O.PIZZA_ID

GROUP BY PIZZA_TYPE_ID

ORDER BY SUM(QUANTITY * PRICE) DESC

LIMIT 5;





pizza_type_id	round(sum(quantity * price),0)
thai_ckn	2146
bbq_ckn	2142
cali_ckn	1932
pepperoni	1862
ital_supr	1824

Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.



SELECT CATEGORY, ROUND(SUM(QUANTITY

PRICE),2) AS REVENUE

FROM PIZZA_TYPES AS P1

INNER JOIN PIZZAS AS P2

ON P1.PIZZA_TYPE_ID = P2.PIZZA_TYPE_ID

INNER JOIN ORDER_DETAILS AS O

ON P2.PIZZA_ID = O.PIZZA_ID

GROUP BY CATEGORY;

category	Revenue
Classic	10513
Veggie	9586.75
Supreme	10324.4
Chicken	9486.25



Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time



SELECT ORDER_DATE, SUM(REVENUE)

OVER(ORDER BY ORDER_DATE) AS

CUM_REVENUE

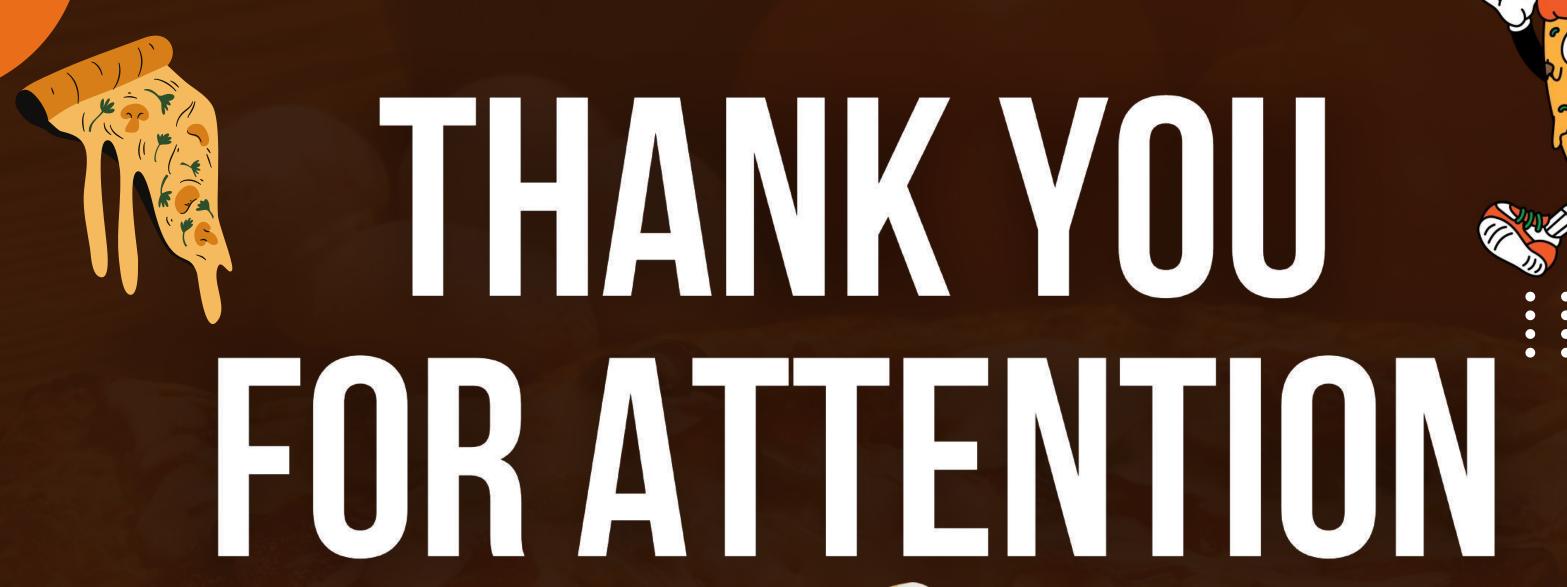
FROM

(SELECT ORDER_DATE, ROUND(
SUM(QUANTITY ** PRICE).O) AS REVENUE
FROM ORDERS AS 01
INNER JOIN ORDER_DETAILS AS 02
ON 01.ORDER_ID = 02.ORDER_ID
INNER JOIN PIZZAS AS 03
ON 02.PIZZA_ID = 03.PIZZA_ID
GROUP BY ORDER_DATE) AS SALES;

order_date	cum_revenue
2015-01-01	2714
2015-01-02	5446
2015-01-03	8108
2015-01-04	9863
2015-01-05	11929
2015-01-06	14358
2015-01-07	16560
2015-01-08	19398
2015-01-09	21525
2015-01-10	23989 21525
2015-01-11	25861
2015-01-12	27780
2015-01-13	29830
2015-01-14	32357
2015-01-15	34342











See You Next