

Chapter-01

Programming Exercise

1.1] Write a program to display the equation of a line in the form for $a=5$, $b=8$ and $c=18$.

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int a=5, b=8, c=18;
    printf("%dx + %dy = %d", a, b, c);
    return 0;
}
```

Output: $5x + 8y = 18$

1.2] Write a program that will print your mailing address in the following form:

First line : Name

Second line : Door NO, Street

Third line : City, Pin Code.

$$DE = OExd$$

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main()
{
    printf("Name : Ahammed Mohidul Alam\n"
           "Door No:24 Street: 01\n"
           "City : Chatogram pincode:2424")
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

First line : Mohidul Alam

Second line : 24, 01

Third line : Chatogram, 2424

[1.3]

Write a program to output the following

multiplication table:

$$5 \times 1 = 5$$

$$5 \times 2 = 10$$

$$5 \times 3 = 15$$

$$5 \times 10 = 50$$

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main ()
```

```
{
```

```
    int i=1;
```

```
    while (i<=10)
```

```
{
```

```
        printf ("5 * %d = %d\n", i, i*5);
```

```
        i++
```

```
}
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
```

Output:

$$5 * 1 = 5$$

$$5 * 2 = 10$$

$$5 * 3 = 15$$

$$5 * 4 = 20$$

$$5 * 5 = 25$$

$$5 * 6 = 30$$

$$5 * 7 = 35$$

$$5 * 8 = 40$$

$$5 * 9 = 45$$

$$5 * 10 = 50$$

Q.4 Given the values of three variables a, b and c , write a program to computer and display the value of x , where

$$x = \frac{a}{b-c}$$

Execute your program for the following values:

a) $a = 250, b = 85, c = 25$

b) $a = 300, b = 70, c = 70$

(a) Answer: #include <stdio.h>

int main()

{ float a=250, b=85, c=25, x;

$$x = a / (b - c)$$

printf ("%f", x);

return 0;

}

Output: 4.166667.

(b) Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main ()
```

```
{ float a=300, b=70, c=70, x;
```

```
x = a/(b-c);
```

```
printf ("%f", x);
```

```
return 0;
```

function

: end of function main ()

1.5 Relationship between Celsius and Fahrenheit is governed by the formula.

$$F = \frac{9C}{5} + 32.$$

(a) From Celsius to Fahrenheit:

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
int main ()
```

```
{ float C, f;
```

```
printf ("Enter temp in centigrade:");
```

```
scanf ("%f", &C);
```

```
f = (9 * C / 5) + 32;
```

```
    printf ("\n Temperature in Fahrenheit : % .2f \n", f);  
    return 0;  
}
```

Output:

Enter the temperature in centigrade : 100

Temperature in Fahrenheit : 212.00

(b) From farenheit to celcius :

```
#include <stdio.h>  
float int main ()  
{  
    float c, f;  
    printf ("Enter temperature in Farenheit : ");  
    scanf ("%f", &f);  
    c = (5 * (f - 32)) / 9;  
    printf ("\n Temperature in celcius : % .2f \n", c);  
    return 0;  
}
```

Output:

Enter temperature in Farenheit : 212

Temperature in celcius : 100.00

1.6 Given the radius of a circle. write a program to compute and display its area. Use a symbolic constant to define the π value and assume a value:

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define PI 3.1416
int main (void)
{
    float r, area;
    scanf ("%f", &r);
    area = (PI * r * r);
    printf ("Area = %.2f", area);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
2;
Area = 12.56
```

1.7 Given two integers 20 and 10. write a program that uses a function add() to add these two numbers and sub() to find the difference of these two numbers, and then display the sum and difference.

$$20 + 10 = 30$$

$$20 - 10 = 10$$

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
Void main ()
int sum (int num1, int num2)
{
    int sum;
    sum = num1 + num2;
    return (sum);
}
int sub (int num1, int num2)
{
    int sub;
    sub = num1 - num2;
    return (sub);
}
```

```

int main()
{
    int num1=20, int num2=10, add, sub;
    add = sum (num1, num2);
    sub = sub (num1, num2);
    printf("Sum and subtraction of two number : ");
    Sum = %d\n Sub = %d", add, sub);
    return 0;
}

```

Q.9 Write a program using one print statement to print the patterns of asterisks as shown below:

```

*
**
***
****

```

Answer:

```

#include <stdio.h>
int main (void)
{
    printf ("*\\n *\\t *\n*\\t *\n*\\t *\n*\\t *");
    return 0;
}

```

Output:

```

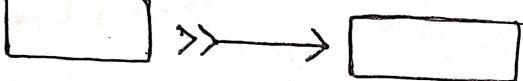
*
**
***
****

```

1.10 Write a program that will print the following figure using suitable character.

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
Void main()
{
    printf("*****|*****|\n");
    printf(" | >>>| |\n");
    printf(" |-----|-----|\n");
    return 0;
}
```

Output: 

1.11 Area of a triangle is given by the formula

$A = \sqrt{s(s-a)(s-b)(s-c)}$ where a, b and c are sides of the values of a, b and c

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
Void main()
{
    float a,b,c,A,S;
    printf("enter value of a,b,c\n");
    scanf("%f,%f,%f,&a,&b,&c");
}
```

$$S = (a+b+c)/2;$$

$$A = \text{sqrt}(S * (S-a) * (S-b) * (S-c));$$

printf("Area of circle is %f", A);
return 0;

}

Q1.12 Write a program to display the following simple arithmetic calculator.

$$X = \boxed{}$$

$$Y = \boxed{}$$

$$\text{Sum} = \boxed{}$$

$$\text{Difference} = \boxed{}$$

$$\text{product} = \boxed{}$$

$$\text{Division} = \boxed{}$$

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
void main()
```

```
{ printf("X=%d\n", X); }
```

```
printf("\t-----\t\t\t-----\n");
```

```
printf("Sum=%d\n", Sum);
```

```
printf("\t-----\t\t\t-----\n");
```

```
printf("Product=%d\n", product);
```

```
printf("\t-----\t\t\t-----\n");
```

```
return 0;
```

}

1.13 Distance between two points (x_1, y_1) and (x_2, y_2) is governed by the formula $D^2 = (x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$. Write a program to computer D given the co-ordinates of points.

Answer:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
int main()
{
    int x1, y1, x2, y2;
    float D;
    scanf("%d %d %d %d", &x1, &y1, &x2, &y2);
    D = sqrt((x2 - x1) * (x2 - x1) + (y2 - y1) * (y2 - y1));
    printf("%f", D);
    return 0;
}
```

Output:

```
(4,2) (4,2)
```

```
D=2.82
```

1.14 A point on the circumference of a circle whose centre is (0,0) is (4,5). Write a program to computer the perimeter and area of a circle.

Answers:

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
int main()
```

```
{
```

```
int x1=0, x2=0, Y1=4, Y2=5;
```

```
double D, r, red, area, peri, PI=3.14159;
```

```
D =  $\sqrt{(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (Y_2 - Y_1)^2}$ ;  $(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (Y_2 - Y_1)^2 = 6^2$ 
```

```
r = sqrt(D);
```

```
red = D/2;
```

```
peri = 2 * PI * red;
```

```
area = PI * red * red;
```

```
printf("area is %.2lf\n", area);  $\{ \text{area} = 6.28 \}$   
printf("perimeter is %.2lf\n", peri);  $\{ \text{peri} = 12.57 \}$ 
```

```
return 0;
```

3F.0 : fugit

```
pointf("2.0-3.0j")
```

```
return 0;
```

1.15

The line joining the points (2, 2) and (5, 6) which lie on the circumference of a circle is the diameter of the circle. Write a programme to compute the area of the circle.

```
#include <stdio.h>
```

```
#include <math.h>
```

```
Void main()
```

```
{ int x1=2, x2=2, y1=5, y2=6;
```

```
double D, d, red, area, PI=3.1416;
```

```
d =  $(x_2 - x_1)^2 + (y_2 - y_1)^2$ ;
```

```
D = sqrt(d);
```

```
red = D/2;
```

```
area = PI * red * red;
```

```
printf ("area is %.2f\n", area);
```

```
Return 0;
```

Output: 0.78