Walchand College of Engineering, Sangli Department of Computer Science and Engineering

Class: Final Year (Computer Science and Engineering)

Year: 2023-24 **Semester:** 1

Course: High Performance Computing Lab

Practical No. 4

Exam Seat No: 2020BTECS00037

Title of practical:

Study and Implementation of Synchronization

Problem Statement 1:

Fibonacci Computation:

Analyse and implement a Parallel code for below programs using OpenMP considering synchronization requirements. (Demonstrate the use of different clauses and constructs wherever applicable)

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <omp.h>
long long fib(int n) {
   if (n <= 1) {
       return n;
    } else {
        long long x, y;
        #pragma omp task shared(x)
        x = fib(n - 1);
        #pragma omp task shared(y)
        y = fib(n - 2);
        #pragma omp taskwait
        return x + y;
int main() {
    int n = 10; // Fibonacci number to compute
    long long result;
```

```
double start_time, end_time;

start_time = omp_get_wtime();

#pragma omp parallel
#pragma omp single
{
    result = fib(n);
}

end_time = omp_get_wtime();
double execution_time = end_time - start_time;

printf("Fibonacci(%d) = %lld\n", n, result);
printf("Execution time = %lf seconds\n", execution_time);

return 0;
}
```

Screenshots:

```
C:\Users\khush\Desktop\acads\7th sem\hpcl\p4>a.exe
Fibonacci(10) = 55
Execution time = 0.003000 seconds

C:\Users\khush\Desktop\acads\7th sem\hpcl\p4>
```

Problem Statement 2:

Analyse and implement a Parallel code for below programs using OpenMP considering synchronization requirements. (Demonstrate the use of different clauses and constructs wherever applicable)

Producer Consumer Problem

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <omp.h>
#define BUFFER SIZE 10
int buffer[BUFFER_SIZE];
int count = 0; // Number of items in the buffer
int in = 0;  // Index for adding items to the buffer
int out = 0;  // Index for removing items from the buffer
void producer() {
    for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
       while (count == BUFFER SIZE) {
#pragma omp flush(count)
        buffer[in] = i;
        in = (in + 1) % BUFFER_SIZE;
#pragma omp atomic
        count++;
        printf("Produced: %d\n", i + 1);
```

```
void consumer() {
   for (int i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
       while (count == 0) {
#pragma omp flush(count)
       int item = buffer[out];
       out = (out + 1) % BUFFER_SIZE;
#pragma omp atomic
       count--;
       printf("Consumed: %d\n", item + 1);
int main() {
#pragma omp parallel sections
#pragma omp section
            producer();
#pragma omp section
           consumer();
    return 0;
```

Screenshots

```
C:\Users\khush\Desktop\acads\7th sem\hpcl\p4a.exe
Produced: 1
Produced: 2
Produced: 3
Produced: 4
Produced: 6
Produced: 6
Produced: 6
Produced: 7
Produced: 8
Produced: 10
Produced: 10
Produced: 11
Consumed: 12
Consumed: 12
Consumed: 3
Consumed: 4
Consumed: 6
Consumed: 6
Consumed: 7
Consumed: 7
Produced: 18
Produced: 18
Produced: 19
Produced: 18
Consumed: 19
Consumed: 19
Consumed: 19
Consumed: 20
```