Logical Trees

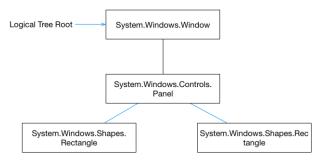
UI Structure

NODES WITH MORE THAN ONE CHILD

Source code

```
using System;
using System.Windows;
using System.Windows.Controls;
using System.Windows.Media;
using System.Windows.Shapes;
using System.Windows.Threading;
public class MainClass
{
    [STAThread]
    private static void Main(String[] args)
        Window w = new Window() {Height=200, Width=200};
        StackPanel panel = new StackPanel()
            HorizontalAlignment = HorizontalAlignment.Center,
            VerticalAlignment = VerticalAlignment.Center
        };
        Rectangle r = new Rectangle {Height=100, Width=100, Fill=Brushes.Red};
        Rectangle b = new Rectangle {Height=100,Width=100,Fill=Brushes.Blue};
        panel.Children.Add(r);
        panel.Children.Add(b);
        w.Content = panel;
        Application mainApp = new Application();
        mainApp.Run(w);
    }
}
```

Logical tree



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Questions

What is the logical tree?

Defined by object element nodes in the XAML

Each node is typically a FrameworkElement or Control

Each node in logical tree can map to many nodes in the visual tree

Give an example of a single node in logical tree mapping to many nodes in the visual tree?

A ListBox in the logical tree is composed of scrollbars, borders etc

ContentControls have a single child. How can we add more than one child to such an object?

By using a Panel

Write code to create a single window with two rectangle children; one blue and one red.

```
public class Answer
    public static void CreateLogicalTree()
        // Write code to create a logical tree consisting of a single
        // window with two rectangles
        Window mainWindow = new Window() {Height = 200, Width = 200};
        var p = new StackPanel()
            HorizontalAlignment = HorizontalAlignment.Center,
            VerticalAlignment = VerticalAlignment.Center
        };
        var r = new Rectangle {Height = 200, Width = 200, Fill = Brushes.Red};
        var b = new Rectangle {Height = 200, Width = 200, Fill = Brushes.Blue};
        p.Children.Add(r);
        p.Children.Add(b);
        mainWindow.Content = p;
        Application mainApp = new Application();
        mainApp.Run(mainWindow);
}
```

Sketch the visual and logical trees for the previous code

