CSS

# Introduction

### THIS DOCUMENT COVERS

Introduction

# Cheat Sheets

# Basics

Name	Code
External Sheet	<pre><link href="code.css" rel="stylesheet"/></pre>
Embedded	<pre><style> h1 { text-align: center; }</style></pre>
Inline	<h1 style="color:blue;">New York</h1>
Include border and padding in width/height	<pre>h1 { box-sizing: border-box }</pre>

### Combinators

```
Code
Name
Adjacent
                                                    Select all p elements
               . h1 + p {
                                                    that directly follow an
Sibling
                   background-color: thistle;
                                                    h1 element
               }
                                                    Select all p elements
General sibling \cdot h1 \sim p {
                                                    that have an h1 element
                   background-color: thistle;
                                                    as a sibling. The h1
                                                    does not have to be an
               }
                                                    adjacent sibling
                                                    Select all paragraphs as
Child
              . div > p {
                                                    direct child of a div
                   background-color: thistle;
               }
                                                    All paragraphs that are
Descendant
              .div p {
                                                    a decendent of a div
                   background-color: thistle;
               }
```

## Units of Measure

CSS Term	Meaning	Description/Example
px	Logical Pixel	1/96inch
pt	Point	1/72 inch
рс	Pica	12pt
mm	Millimetre	
cm	Centimetre	
in	Inch	25.4mm
em	Relative to current element front size for all except font which is relative to parent element font size	
rem	Relative to font size of document root element.	

### FlexBox

#### **Rows**

#### Name Code .flex-container { **Defaults** display: flex; background-color: lightgray; height: 350px; flex-direction: row; justify-content: flexstart; align-items: stretch; } .flex-container { Align display: flex; horizontally to background-color: lightgray; right, stretch height: 350px; vertically flex-direction: row; justify-content: flex-end; align-items: stretch; } .flex-container { Align display: flex; horizontally to background-color: lightgray; center, stretch height: 350px; vertically flex-direction: row; justify-content: center; align-items: stretch; .flex-container { Align display: flex; hortizontally to background-color:

One Two Three

lightgray;

}

height: 350px;

flex-direction: row;
justify-content: center;

align-items: flex-end;

center,

bottom

vertically to

```
.flex-container {
Align
                 display: flex;
horizontally to
                 background-color:
                  lightgray;
center,
                 height: 350px;
vertically to
                  flex-direction: row;
                  justify-content: center;
center
                  align-items: center;
                .flex-container {
Align
                  display: flex;
horizontally to
                 background-color:
                  lightgray;
left, vertically
                 height: 350px;
to bottom
                  flex-direction: row;
                  justify-content: flex-
                  start;
                  align-items: flex-end;
                .flex-container {
Align
                  display: flex;
horizontally to
                 background-color:
                  lightgray;
left, vertically
                 height: 350px;
to center
                  flex-direction: row;
                  justify-content: flex-
                  start;
                 align-items: center;
               }
                .flex-container {
Center
                 display: flex;
                                                              One Two Three
horizontally
                 background-color:
                 lightgray;
and vertically
                 height: 350px;
                  flex-direction: row;
                  justify-content: center;
                 align-items: center;
               }
               .flex-container {
Horizontally
                 display: flex;
space around,
                 background-color:
                  lightgray;
vertically
                 height: 350px;
center
                  flex-direction: row;
                  justify-content: space-
                 around;
                  align-items: center;
```

```
.flex-container {
Horizontal
                 display: flex;
space between,
                 background-color:
                 lightgray;
vertically
                 height: 350px;
center
                 flex-direction: row;
                 justify-content: space-
                 between;
                 align-items: center;
               .flex-container {
Equal Width
                 display: flex;
Columns
                 background-color:
                 lightgray;
                 height: 350px;
                 flex-direction: row;
```

### COLUMNS

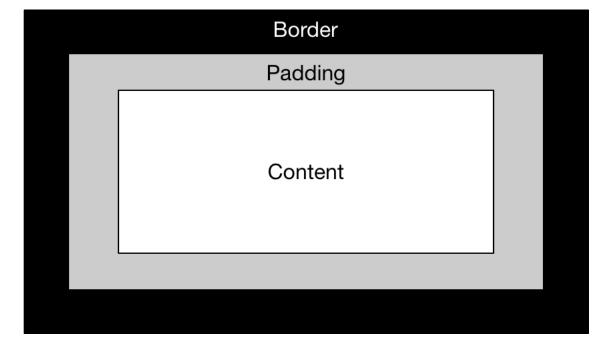
Name	Code	
Horizontally Stretch, align vertically to top	<pre>.flex-container {    display: flex;    background-color:    lightgray;    height: 350px;    flex-direction: column;    justify-content: flex-    start;    align-items: stretch; }</pre>	One Two
Horizontally Stretch, align vertically to bottom	<pre>.flex-container {   display: flex;   background-color:   lightgray;   height: 350px;   flex-direction: column;   justify-content: flex-end;   align-items: stretch; }</pre>	One Two
Horizontally Stretch, align vertically to center	<pre>.flex-container {     display: flex;     background-color:     lightgray;     height: 350px;     flex-direction: column;     justify-content: center;     align-items: stretch; }</pre>	One Two
Horizontally align to right, vertically align to center	<pre>.flex-container {    display: flex;    background-color:    lightgray;    height: 350px;    flex-direction: column;    justify-content: center;    align-items: flex-end; }</pre>	One Two
Align Vertically to top,	<pre>.flex-container {   display: flex;   background-color:   lightgray;   height: 350px;</pre>	One Two Three

```
flex-direction: row;
horizontally to
                 justify-content: flex-
left
                 start;
                 align-items: flex-end;
               .flex-container {
Align
                 display: flex;
Vertically to
                 background-color:
                 lightgray;
top,
                 height: 350px;
horizontally
                 flex-direction: column;
                 justify-content: flex-
center
                 start;
                 align-items: center;
               }
               .flex-container {
Align
                 display: flex;
vertically to
                 background-color:
                 lightgray;
top,
                 height: 350px;
horizontally
                 flex-direction: column;
                 justify-content: center;
stretch
                 align-items: center;
               }
Horizontal
               .flex-container {
                 display: flex;
center,
                 background-color:
                 lightgray;
vertically
                 height: 350px;
space around
                 flex-direction: column;
                 justify-content: space-
                 around;
                 align-items: center;
               }
               .flex-container {
Vertically
                 display: flex;
center and
                 background-color:
                 lightgray;
horizontally
                 height: 350px;
space between
                 flex-direction: column;
                 justify-content: space-
                 between;
                 align-items: center;
               }
               .flex-container {
                 display: flex;
                 background-color:
                 lightgray;
                 height: 350px;
                 flex-direction: column;
                 justify-content: flex-
                 start;
                    align-items: center;
```

```
}
.flex-container > div {
  background-color: grey;
  margin: 10px;
  padding: 20px;
  font-size: 30px;
  flex-basis: 33%;
}
```

### **Box Model**

For the purpose of layout and sizing every element of an HTML document can be thought of as a box. From a rendering perspective the box consists of content, padding and border.

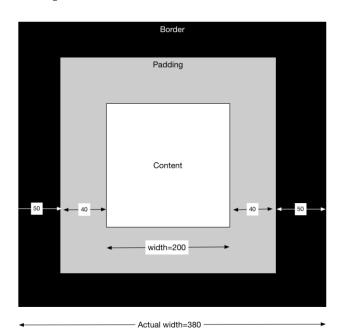


The actual rendered width is then the sum of the content width, padding width and border width. Similarly, the actual rendered height is the sum of the content height, padding height and border height.

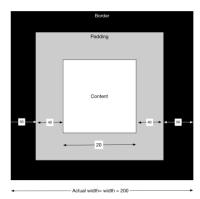
## Box-sizing

The meaning of the CSS attributes width and height depend on the value of the CSS box-sizing attribute. With the default value of content-box the width and height only refer to the width and height of the content. The actual width and height are then given by taking (content) width/height and adding padding and border. Consider the following CSS/html and observer the result

```
.outer {
              display: flex;
              box-sizing: content-box;
              background-color: lightgray;
              padding: 40px;
              margin: 30px;
              width: 200px;
              height: 200px;
              border: 50px solid black;
          }
          .inner {
              background-color: white;
              flex-grow: 1;
      </style>
  </head>
  <body>
      <div id="outer" class="outer">
          <div class="inner">
          </div>
      </div>
</body>
```



Now if we change our box-sizing to be border-box we get a different behaviour. The width and height refer to the actual width and height of 200px. The padding and border are inside this box and take space away from the content area.



### Margins

Margins are added around the box and do not count towards the render size. One peculiar feature of web development is that if a bottom margin of one component touches the top margin of another component the margins collapse. The effect of this is that the gap between the elements borders is set to the larger of the two margins rather than the sum. This applies even if the element on the top or bottom is inside another component. As long as two vertical margins touch margin collapsing will take place.

One solution is to put either the top or bottom element inside a container with a small amount of padding or border. This prevents the margins touching and collapsing.

#### Inline and Block Boxes

Every element has a display property that defines how its box is treated. The type of the element determines the default value. Div elements have a default value of block whereas span elements have a default value of inline. The default values can be changed by simply setting the value of the display property via CSS.

Inline tags don't create a line break before and after them whereas box tags do. While one can add margin and padding to the left or right of inline elements one cannot add margin or padding above and below them. If you really want an inline element to obey top and bottom margins use the value inline-block.

#### **BLOCK EXAMPLE**

#### **CSS**

```
box-container {
   background-color: lightgray;
   height: 350px;
}
.box-container > div {
       background-color: grey;
       display: inline;
       margin: 10px;
       padding: 20px;
       font-size: 30px;
       border: solid 1px black;
HTML
<body>
   <div class="box-container">
       <div>One</div>
       <div>Two</div>
   </div>
</body>
            (J) 127.0.0.1:8080
             Flexbox
                         CSS Props
```

#### **INLINE EXAMPLE**

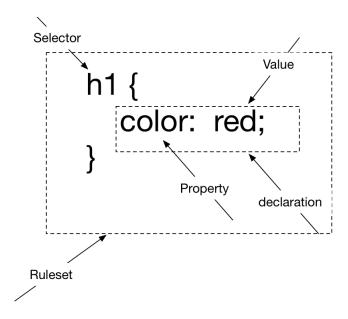
#### **CSS**

```
box-container {
    background-color: lightgray;
    height: 350px;
}
.box-container > div {
         background-color: grey;
         display: block;
         margin: 10px;
         padding: 20px;
         font-size: 30px;
         border: solid 1px black;
HTML
<body>
    <div class="box-container">
         <div>One</div>
         <div>Two</div>
    </div>
</body>
← → C (1) 127.0.0.1:8080
 Apps 😵 Flexbox 💽 CSS Props 📙 Docker 📙 Securitu 🕖 X.509 Self-Signed C... 🚪 Working with Certifi...
   One
   Two
```

### The Cascade

### **Resolving Conflicts**

The following shows the nomenclature of a CSS ruleset



The browser must resolve a value for every property of every element on the page. When multiple rulesets target the same property, the browser must resolve the conflict. In order to resolve conflicts, the browser looks at

- Origin
- Specificity
- Source Order

#### **ORIGIN**

Any styles provided by the browser are known as **user-agent** style. Such styles provide basic default styling for headings, paragraphs and lists. Any styles provided by the developer are known as **author** styles. Author styles always take precedence over user-agent styles.

#### **SPECIFICITY**

A selector can contain any number of id, class and tag names. The number of each determine a selectors specificity. Consider the following

```
.nav a {
      color: white;
}
```

It has specificity of 0,1,1 because it has no id names, 1 class name and 1 tag names. Comparing the specificity of two selectors tells us which one wins,

### INLINE STYLES

Any style specified inline as a style attribute on an HTML element takes precedence over any other selector

### SOURCE ORDER

If origin and specificity do not provide a winner, the style defined later or included later wins

### Inheritance

If a property does not receive a value from the cascade it can, in some cases, inherit a value from ancestor elements in the DOM hierarchy. Not all properties are inheritable. Mainly it applies to properties that affect text such as font, colour, etc.

### Units of Measure

#### **Absolute**

On most systems a pixel defines a logical pixel rather than a physical pixel. Each logical pixel is typically set such that it is approximately 1/96 of an inch. The following table shows other units of measurement

CSS Term	Meaning	Description/Example
px	Logical Pixel	1/96inch
pt	Point	1/72 inch
pc	Pica	12pt
mm	Millimetre	
ст	Centimetre	
in	Inch	25.4mm

#### Relative

#### **EMS**

1em is set to equal the font size of the current element for all properties other than font size. For font size 1em is set to the font size of the parent element. This can lead to unexpected results if we use the same em measure for font-size and another measure. Consider the following code.

#### **Listing 1 HTML**

```
<body>
  Body Text
  <div>
    Div Text
  </div>
  </div>
  </body>
```

#### **Listing 2 CSS**

```
body {
  font-size:24px;
}
```

```
body div {
  font-size:0.75em;
  margin:0.75em;
}
```

The font size of the div is 0.75x24px=18px. The margin is then 0.75x18px=13.5px

Em is good for padding, margin and element sizing. It can lead to strange behaviour where we have nested elements each inheriting font-size from their parent and multiplying it by a constant factor

```
<div>
  Level One
  <div>
   Level Two
    <div>
     Level Three
      <div>
       Level four
      </div>
    </div>
  </div>
</div>
body {
  font-size:24px;
body div {
 font-size:0.75em;
 margin:0.75em;
```

## Level One

Level Two

Level Three Level four

#### **REM**

The rem measure prevents this problem from the previous section. It stands for Root em and so 1rem is equal to the font-size of the root element in the DOM.

#### **GUIDELINES**

"When in doubt, use rems for font size, pixels for borders, and ems for most other properties.

#### **VIEWPORT RELATIVE**

The viewport is the area of the browser window not including the toolbar, address bar etc.

CSS Term	Meaning	

vh	1/100 of viewport height
vw	1/100 of viewport width
vmin	1/100 of whatever is smaller viewport width or height
vmax	1/100 of whatever is larger viewport width or height

50vh is 50% of the height of the viewport

#### **UNITLESS**

Line height is typically specified as a unitless value. This causes it to be always relative to the local font-size of the element

### Grid

### **Equal Sized Cells**

```
<body>
  <div class=container>
    <div class="cell">One</div>
    <div class="cell">Two</div>
    <div class="cell">Three</div>
    <div class="cell">Four</div>
    <div class="cell">Five</div>
    <div class="cell">Six</div>
  </div>
</body>
body {
    background-color: lightgray;
.container {
   max-width: 1080px;
   margin: 0 auto;
   display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 1fr 1fr;
    grid-template-rows: 1fr 1fr;
    row-gap: 1px;
    column-gap: 1px;
    background-color: white;
}
.cell {
    background-color: lightblue;
```

```
padding: 2em;
```

One	Two	Three
Four	Five	Six

### **Unequal Columns**

We can modify the CSS from the previous example

```
.container {
    max-width: 1080px;
    margin: 0 auto;
    display: grid;
    grid-template-columns: 2fr 1fr 1fr;
    grid-template-rows: 1fr 1fr;
    row-gap: 1px;
    column-gap: 1px;
    background-color: white;
}
.cell {
    background-color: lightblue;
    padding: 2em;
}
```

One	Two	Three
Four	Five	Six

## Web Layout

#### **Double Container Pattern**

The first thing we do in our CSS is set it up such that by default all elements use the border-box model such that the width includes the border and padding.

```
/* Make all elements use the border-box */
:root { box-sizing: border-box;}
*,::before,::after {box-sizing: inherit;}
```

Now we use the double container pattern to centre our content in a central column no wider than 1080px. The body forms the outer container which naturally take 100% of space. The inner container is the div marked "container" which has max width of 1080px. Setting the left and right margins to auto means they fill any extra space.

```
/* The Outer container in the double container pattern */
body
{
    background-color: lightgray;
```

### Equal height columns

#### Adding

```
<body>
    <div class="container">
        <main class="main">
           Main Column
        </main>
        <aside class="sidebar">
           Side Bar
            More side bar
        </aside>
    </div>
</body>
.container {
   max-width: 1080px;
   margin: 0 auto;
   background-color: white;
   display: flex; 0
}
.main {
   width: 70%; ❷
   background-color: cornsilk;
 }
.sidebar {
   width: 30%; ⑤
   margin-left: 1.5em; 4
   background-color: cornsilk;
}
```

We make use of a flex container to hold our two columns. • We set the main column to take 70% of its parent container's width • and the sidebar to take 30% of its container's width • Finally, we add a left margin to the sidebar to create a gutter between the columns. • Note that the sum of the column widths plus the sidebar's left margin is more than the total 100%. The flexbox deals with this so the content fits in the width of the container.

Note that the sidebar's content needs more vertical space than the main column and that the main column is set to the width of the sidebar due to flexbox.



### **Vertical Centring**

```
<body>
    <div class="container">
        <main class="main">
            Main Column
        </main>
        <aside class="sidebar">
            <div class="sidebar-content">
            </div>
        </aside>
    </div>
</body>
.container {
   max-width: 1080px;
   margin: 0 auto;
   background-color: white;
    display: flex;
}
.main {
    width: 70%;
    background-color: cornsilk;
    min-height: 300px;
 }
.sidebar {
    display: flex;
    width: 30%;
   margin-left: 1.5em;
   background-color: cornsilk;
    align-items: center;
}
.sidebar-content {
   background-color: lightblue;
    flex-basis: 100%;
}
```

Using a flexbox as the display on the sidebar and setting its align-items to center gives us vertical alignment. We set the vertically aligned content's flex-basis to 100% so it stretched across the entire width of the parent container.



## **Questions – Basics**

Why don't we advise using javascript to apply inline styles?

Users only chance to override is with !important.

### What is better?

Use JavaScript to add and remove classes specified in a stylesheet you provide.

### Float

Float is designed to pull an element to the side of its container allowing the rest of the content to wrap around it.

### Flexbox

### Row Left to right

#### **DEFAULTS**

Consider the following basic setup. We have explicitly specified some default values.

```
.flex-container {
    display: flex;
    background-color: lightgray;
    height: 350px;

    /* Lay out items from left to right */
    flex-direction: row;

    /* Align content horizontally to the left hand sice */
    justify-content: flex-start;

    /* Align content vertically to stetch top to bottom */
    align-items: stretch;
}

.flex-container > div {
    background-color: grey;
    margin: 10px;
    padding: 20px;
    font-size: 30px;
}
```



#### **ALIGN HORIZONTALLY TO RIGHT**

We modify the justify-content to alight the content to the right-hand side.

```
.flex-container {
   display: flex;
   background-color: lightgray;
   height: 350px;

   /* Lay out items from left to right */
   flex-direction: row;

   /* Align content horizontally to the right hand sice */
   justify-content: flex-end;

   /* Align content vertically to stetch top to bottom */
   align-items: stretch;
}
```



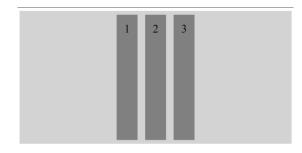
#### **ALIGN HORIZONTALLY TO CENTER**

```
.flex-container {
   display: flex;
   background-color: lightgray;
   height: 350px;

   /* Lay out items from left to right */
   flex-direction: row;

   /* Align content horizontally to center */
   justify-content: center;

   /* Align content vertically to stetch top to bottom */
   align-items: stretch;
}
```



#### **ALIGN VERTICALLY TO BOTTOM**

```
.flex-container {
    display: flex;
    background-color: lightgray;
    height: 350px;

/* Lay out items from left to right */
    flex-direction: row;

/* Align content horizontally to center */
    justify-content: center;

/* Align content vertically to top */
    align-items: flex-end;
}
```

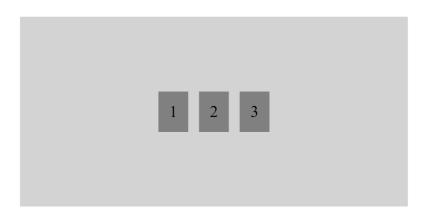
#### **ALIGN VERTICALLY TO CENTER**

```
.flex-container {
    display: flex;
    background-color: lightgray;
    height: 350px;

    /* Lay out items from left to right */
    flex-direction: row;

    /* Align content horizontally to center */
    justify-content: center;

    /* Align content vertically to stetch top to bottom */
    align-items: stretch;
}
```



### **ALIGN VERTICALLY TO BOTTOM**

```
.flex-container {
    display: flex;
    background-color: lightgray;
    height: 350px;

/* Lay out items from left to right */
    flex-direction: row;

/* Align content horizontally to left */
    justify-content: flex-start;

/* Align content vertically to bottom */
    align-items: flex-end;
}
```

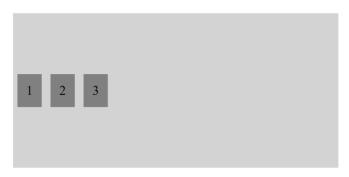
#### **ALIGN VERTICALLY TO CENTRE**

```
.flex-container {
   display: flex;
   background-color: lightgray;
   height: 350px;

   /* Lay out items from left to right */
   flex-direction: row;

   /* Align content horizontally to center */
   justify-content: flex-start;

   /* Align content vertically to center */
   align-items: center;
}
```



#### **CENTER HORIZONTALLY AND VERTICALLY**

```
.flex-container {
  display: flex;
  background-color: lightgray;
```

```
height: 350px;

/* Lay out items from left to right */
flex-direction: row;

/* Align content horizontally to center */
justify-content: center;

/* Align content vertically to stetch top to bottom */
align-items: center;

1 2 3
```

#### HORIZONAL SPACE AROUND

```
.flex-container {
    display: flex;
    background-color: lightgray;
    height: 350px;

/* Lay out items from left to right */
    flex-direction: row;

/* Align content horizontally to center */
    justify-content: space-around;

/* Align content vertically to stetch top to bottom */
    align-items: center;
}
```

#### HORIZONAL SPACE BETWEEN

```
.flex-container {
    display: flex;
    background-color: lightgray;
    height: 350px;

/* Lay out items from left to right */
    flex-direction: row;

/* Align content horizontally to center */
    justify-content: space-between;

/* Align content vertically to stetch top to bottom */
    align-items: center;
}
```

#### **EQUAL WIDTH COLUMNS**

```
.flex-container {
   display: flex;
   background-color: lightgray;
   height: 350px;
   flex-direction: row;
   justify-content: flex-start;
   align-items: center;
}
.flex-container > div {
   background-color: grey;
   margin: 10px;
   padding: 20px;
   font-size: 30px;
   flex-basis: 33%;
}
```

### Boxes with Flexbox

The following shows how to create three equal columns with equal margin on left and right side

```
<body>
<div class="container">
<main class="main">
<div class="col">
One
</div>
<div class="col">
Two
</div>
<div class="col">
Three
</div>
```