WPF Threading

Building Resoponsive User Interfaces

A Win32 window has to run inside a thread whose COM apartment state is ApartmentState.STA We achieve this by marking the entry method Main with the following attribute.



In order for the thread to be a UI thread it needs to have a message loop. The message loop is setup by calling.



Inside this method WPF will setup the message loop. It is the message loop that makes the main thread a user interface thread. The message loop sits inside a loop, pulling messages from a message queue and dispatching them. Any window’s input messages such as keystrokes and mouse presses are pushed onto the message queue by the operating system. It is then the message loop’s job to pull these from the queue, process them and dispatch them such that handlers can respond to them.

If any thread other than the user interface thread wants to interact with elements created by the user interface thread in a thread safe fashion, they must do so via the dispatch method.

Key presses, mouse movements etc.

Message queue

GetMessage

Message loop

Dispatch Message

Any WPF object whose type extends DispatcherObjecthas what is known as thread affinity. This means it can only be safely accessed from the user interface thread that created it. In order to interact with such an object in a thread safe manner we need to use the dispatcher. The DispatcherObject type defines a Dispatcher object which can be used for this purpose. Almost all WPF types extend the type DispatcherObjectand as such have access to the dispatcher associated with the thread which created them.

In actual fact a single WPF application can have multiple UI threads

## Multiple UI Threads

The following code starts up multiple message loops.



## Communicating across UI Threads

Multiple UI threads and background threads communicate by using the dispatcher. We can then ask any WPF type that extends DispatcherObject to give us its Dispatcher and then we can use BeginInvoke to add a delegate to the message queue for the message loop to process.



Questions

Basics

What can you tell me about threading in WPF?

How do you mark a main method such that it can serve as a WPF application main thread?