Prerequisites

Getting started

The WPF framework is spread over three Dll’s

* PresentationCore.dll
* PresentationFramework.dll
* WindowsBase.dll

For most .NET project we also need to include System.xam.dll A simple bare bones WPF MainClass.cs is as follows.

Listing 1Basic MainClass



## The Build

Although we will often use VisualStudio to build WPF applications it is instructive to see how to setup a MSBuild csproj file by hand

Listing 2Building a WPF Application



We would compile this against the three WPF Framework dlls to create our windows executable. For an example see the Appendix Simplest WPG Executable. This minimalist piece of code highlights some very important aspects of WPF applications;

* Every application requires at least one window
* The application requires a UI thread
* Most application have an instance of the Application class

## The (Win32) Window

The first point is that a WPF application needs to contain at least one window. It is after all a user interface application. The window in a WPF application is really just a Win32 window. The OS doesn’t know the difference between a window with Win32 content and a window with WPF content.

We can create any number of windows. By default, as each window is closed the other windows remain running. If we want to create a modeless dialog which closes when its parent closes, we need to set the child windows Owner property to be the parent window.

## The Threading Model

#### STA Thread

A Win32 window has to run inside a thread whose COM apartment state is ApartmentState.STA We achieve this by marking the entry method Main with the following attribute.



#### Message loop

To make our new STAThread a UI Thread it needs to have an associated message loop. The message loop is setup by calling. The message loop sits inside a loop, pulling messages from a message queue and dispatching them. Any window’s input messages such as keystrokes and mouse presses are pushed onto the message queue by the operating system. It is then the message loop’s job to pull these from the queue, process them and dispatch them such that handlers can respond to them. The following line of code makes the thread it is executing on a UI thread,



#### Thread Affinity

Any WPF object whose type extends DispatcherObjecthas what is known as thread affinity. It must be created on a UI thread and once created it has affinity with that UI thread. It can only be safely accessed from the user interface thread that created it.

If any thread other than the user interface thread wants to interact with elements created by the user interface thread in a thread safe fashion, they must do so via that elements Dispatcher. The DispatcherObject type defines a Dispatcher which can be used for this purpose. Almost all WPF types extend the type DispatcherObjectand as such have access to the dispatcher associated with the thread which created them.

### The Application Class

Although not mandatory, most WPF executables will make use of an instance of the type Application .

One application per app domain

WPF ensures there is only Application per app domain. If we try to instantiate a second Application object in the same app domain WPF will throw an exception.

Appendices

Multiple UI Threads



Building a WPF Application

### Simplest WPG Executable

First we show the source code of the simplest possible WPF application and the MSBuild file that takes it and links it into a WPF executable

Figure 1Simplest WPF Executable



Listing 3SimplestWPF Exeutable Build



### Standard Pattern

A standard WPF project setup inside visual studio will typically make sure the following structure exists. We need a xaml file for the application instance and a xaml file for the main window

Listing 4Application.xaml.cs



Listing 5Application.xaml



Listing 6MainWindow.xaml.cs



Listing 7MainWindow.xaml



The xml is this msbuild file cause the build to create the Application and the main window and wire them together . It also generated a main method

Listing 8csproj file

Questions

What 3 libraries constitute the WPF framework?

PresentationCore

PresentationFramework

WindowsBase

What other DLL would we typically add for WPF development?

System.XAML

What is meant by modeless dialogue?

The dialogue does not block the main application unti the user deals with the dialogue

How cam we create a modeless dilougue in WPF?

Crare a new window and set its owner property to the parent window and then use show

How can we modify a uI object obn a thread other than the one that created it?

We can ask the UI objet to give us its dispatcher and use that