

Import Some Libraries

```
In [16]: import numpy as np
         from numpy.random import randn

         import pandas as pd
         from pandas import Series, DataFrame

         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from pylab import rcParams

         import seaborn as sb
```

```
In [4]: %matplotlib inline
         rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 5,4
         sb.set_style('whitegrid')
```

Write down the address of CSV object from local computer

Don't forget to write "encoding = 'unicode_escape'" to make UTF-8 encoding

```
In [21]: address = 'C:/Users/muham/Superstore-Sales.csv'
         df = pd.read_csv(address, index_col='Order Date', parse_dates = True, encoding
         = 'unicode_escape')
```

In [22]: `df.head()`

Out[22]:

	Row ID	Order ID	Order Priority	Order Quantity	Sales	Discount	Ship Mode	Profit	Unit Price	Shipping Cost
Order Date										
2010-10-13	1	3	Low	6	261.5400	0.04	Regular Air	-213.25	38.94	35.00
2012-10-01	49	293	High	49	10123.0200	0.07	Delivery Truck	457.81	208.16	68.00
2012-10-01	50	293	High	27	244.5700	0.01	Regular Air	46.71	8.69	2.90
2011-07-10	80	483	High	30	4965.7595	0.08	Regular Air	1198.97	195.99	3.90
2010-08-28	85	515	Not Specified	19	394.2700	0.08	Regular Air	30.94	21.78	5.90

In [23]: `df['Order Quantity'].plot()`

Out[23]: `<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0xbc3a750>`



This one below is example of Untrended Seasonal Time Series

```
In [25]: df2 = df.sample(n = 100, random_state = 25, axis = 0)
plt.xlabel('Order Date')
plt.ylabel('Order Quantity')
plt.title('Superstore Sales')
df2['Order Quantity'].plot()
```

```
Out[25]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x5efaa10>
```

