## **Import Some Libraries**

```
In [16]: import numpy as np
    from numpy.random import randn
    import pandas as pd
    from pandas import Series, DataFrame
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from pylab import rcParams
    import seaborn as sb

In [4]: %matplotlib inline
    rcParams['figure.figsize'] = 5,4
    sb.set_style('whitegrid')
```

## Write down the address of CSV object from local computer

# Don't forget to write "encoding = 'unicode\_escape'" to make UTF-8 encoding

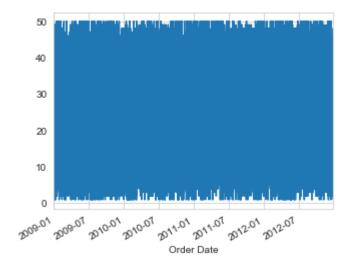
In [22]: df.head()

Out[22]:

	Row ID	Order ID	Order Priority	Order Quantity	Sales	Discount	Ship Mode	Profit	Unit Price	Shippinç Cos
Order Date										
2010- 10-13	1	3	Low	6	261.5400	0.04	Regular Air	-213.25	38.94	35.0(
2012- 10-01	49	293	High	49	10123.0200	0.07	Delivery Truck	457.81	208.16	68.02
2012- 10-01	50	293	High	27	244.5700	0.01	Regular Air	46.71	8.69	2.99
2011- 07-10	80	483	High	30	4965.7595	0.08	Regular Air	1198.97	195.99	3.99
2010- 08-28	85	515	Not Specified	19	394.2700	0.08	Regular Air	30.94	21.78	5.94
4										•

In [23]: | df['Order Quantity'].plot()

Out[23]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0xbc3a750>



## This one below is example of Untrended Seasonal Time Series

```
In [25]: df2 = df.sample(n = 100, random_state = 25, axis = 0)
    plt.xlabel('Order Date')
    plt.ylabel('Order Quantity')
    plt.title('Superstore Sales')
    df2['Order Quantity'].plot()
```

Out[25]: <matplotlib.axes.\_subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x5efaa10>

