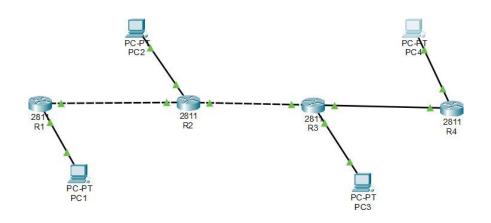
Nama:Riski Sapitri Nim:Riski Sapitri

Kelas:Manajemen Informatika 3A

Praktikum Jaringan Komputer RIP&EIGRP



No	Nama Device	Alamat	Netmask	Gateway
1	PC1	192.168.1.10	255.255.255.0	192.168.1.1
2	PC2	192.168.2.10	255.255.255.0	192.168.2.1
3	PC3	192.168.3.10	255.255.255.0	192.168.3.1

Lakukan PING dan Traceroute dari PC1 ke PC2 dan PC3, PC2 ke PC1 dan PC3, serta PC3 ke PC1 dan PC2.

No	Sumber	Tujuan	Hasil
1	PC1	PC2	Ya
		PC3	Ya
2	PC2	PC1	Ya
		PC3	Ya
3	PC3	PC1	Ya
		PC2	Ya

➤ PC1→PC2,PC3

```
C:\ping 192.168.2.10

Pinging 192.168.2.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.

Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=126

Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=126

Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=126

Ping statistics for 192.168.2.10:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\ping 192.168.3.10

Pinging 192.168.3.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.

Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=125

Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=125

Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time<lms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 192.168.3.10:

Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),

Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:

Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\>
```

ightharpoonup PC2 \rightarrow PC1,PC3

```
Cixop Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\pping 192.168.192.168.1.10
Ping request could not find host 192.168.192.168.1.10. Please check the name and try again.
C:\pping 192.168.1.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.10 bytes=32 time
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time
Reply from 192.168.1.10:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = Oms, Maximum = Oms, Average = Oms

C:\pping 192.168.3.10

Pinging 192.168.3.10 bytes=32 time
Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time
```

\triangleright PC3 \rightarrow PC1,PC2

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 192.168.1.10 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 timetime
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time
Reply from 192.168.1.10:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 2ms

C:\>ping 192.168.2.10

Pinging 192.168.2.10 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time
Ping statistics for 192.168.2.10:

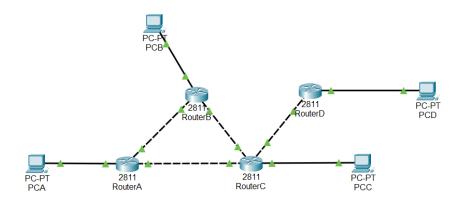
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 12ms, Average = 5ms

C:\>
```

Kesimpulan:

Keberhasilan konfigurasi dan pengujian RIP (Routing Information Protocol) menunjukkan bahwa protokol ini dapat mendistribusikan informasi routing dengan efektif di jaringan. Ketika router-router yang menggunakan RIP berhasil saling ping, ini mengindikasikan bahwa RIP telah berhasil memproses dan mengupdate tabel routing dengan benar, memungkinkan konektivitas antar router terjalin dengan baik.

EIGRP



➤ PCA→PCB,PCC

```
Command Prompt
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 192.168.1.10
Pinging 192.168.1.10 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=70ms TTL=128 Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=3ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=16ms TTL=128
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=10ms TTL=128
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.10:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 3ms, Maximum = 70ms, Average = 24ms
C:\>ping 192.168.2.10
Pinging 192.168.2.10 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time=12ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Ping statistics for 192.168.2.10:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 12ms, Average = 4ms
C:\>
```

```
Command Prompt
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0 C:\>ping 192.168.1.10
Pinging 192.168.1.10 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126 Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=126
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.10:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 5ms
C:\>ping 192.168.3.10
Pinging 192.168.3.10 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.
Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.3.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Ping statistics for 192.168.3.10:
     Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
     Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 3ms
```

PCC→PCA,PCB

```
Command Prompt
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 192.168.1.10
Pinging 192.168.1.10 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.1.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=126
Ping statistics for 192.168.1.10:
Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss), Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 5ms
C:\>ping 192.168.2.10
Pinging 192.168.2.10 with 32 bytes of data:
Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=126 Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time=11ms TTL=126
Reply from 192.168.2.10: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=126
Ping statistics for 192.168.2.10:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 11ms, Average = 5ms
```

Kesimpulan:

Percobaan EIGRP pada jaringan ini berhasil menunjukkan bahwa EIGRP dapat mengonfigurasi dan mengelola rute antar router dengan baik dan efisien. Protokol ini memiliki kemampuan konvergensi yang cepat, membuatnya sangat cocok untuk jaringan besar dan kompleks. Pengujian konektivitas yang dilakukan berhasil, dengan tidak ada gangguan pada komunikasi antar perangkat, menunjukkan bahwa EIGRP bekerja dengan baik dalam skenario ini