Lab: Build an Automated CD DevOps Pipeline Using Tekton and OpenShift



Welcome to the Build an Automated CD DevOps Pipeline Using Tekton and OpenShift hands-on lab. In this lab, you will create a parameterized Tekton pipeline that will allow you to reuse your pipeline-as-code artifacts, build your application, and

If you forget how any of these exercises work, refer to module 3 of the course Continuous Integration and Continuous Delivery (CI/CD) for detailed instructions on how to complete these tasks.

Objectives

In this lab, you will:

- · Check out your capstone project code created in earlier modules

- Check out your capstone project code created in earlier mo
 Create a workspace and add a cd-pipeline in the workspace
 Create a lint task using flake8
 Create a test task using the Nose test runner
 Create a build task to build a container image
 Create a deploy task to deploy to an OpenShift cluster
- · Apply the changes and run the cd-pipeline

Note: Important Security Information

Welcome to the Cloud IDE with OpenShift. This is where all your development will take place. It has all the tools you will need to use Docker for deploying a PostgreSQL database

It is important to understand that the lab environment is ephemeral. It only lives for a short while and then it will be destroyed. This makes it imperative that you push all changes made to your own GitHub repository so that it can be recreated in a new

Also note that this environment is shared and therefore not secure. You should not store any personal information, usernames, passwords, or access tokens in this environment for any purposes.

- 1. If you haven't generated a GitHub Personal Access Token you should do so now. You will need it to push code back to your repository. It should have repo and write permissions, and set to expire in 60 days. When Git prompts you for a password in the Cloud IDE environment, use your Personal Access Token instea
- 2. The environment may be recreated at any time so you may find that you have to perform the Initialize Development Environment each time the environment is created

Throughout this lab, you will be prompted to take screenshots and save them on your device. You will need these screenshots to either answer graded quiz questions or upload as your submission for peer review at the end of this course. Your screenshot must have either the .jpg or .png extension

To take screenshots, you can use various free screen-capture tools or your operating system's shortcut keys. For example:

- Mac: you can use Shift + Command + 3 (1 + % + 3) on your keyboard to capture your entire screen, or Shift + Command + 4 (1 + % + 4) to capture a window or area. They will be saved as a file on your Desktop.
- Windows: you can capture your active window by pressing Att + Print Screen on your keyboard. This command copies an image of your active window to the clipboard. Next, open an image editor, paste the image from your clipboard to the image

Initialize Development Environment

Because the Cloud IDE with OpenShift environment is ephemeral, it may be deleted at any time. The next time you come into the lab, a new environment may be created. Unfortunately, this means that you will need to initialize your development environment every time it is recreated. This shouldn't happen too often as the environment can last for several days at a time but when it is removed, this is the procedure to recreate it.

Each time you need to set up your lab development environment, you will need to run three commands

Each command will be explained in further detail, one at a time, in the following section

our_github_account} represents your GitHub account username

The commands include:

git close https://github.com/{your_github_account}/devops-capstone-project.git cd devops-capstone-project git cd devops-capstone-project git bash //bit/yetsp.sh

Now, let's discuss each of these commands and explain what needs to be done.

Task Details

Initialize your environment using the following steps:

- 1. Open a terminal with Terminal -> New Terminal if one isn't open already.
- $2. \ Next, use the \ {\tt export} \ {\tt GITHUB_ACCOUNT=} \ command \ to \ export \ an environment \ variable \ that \ contains \ the \ name \ of \ your \ GitHub \ account.$

Note: Substitute your real GitHub account for the {vour github account} place holder below:

export GITHUB ACCOUNT={your github account}

3. Then use the following commands to clone your repository, change into the devops-capstone-project directory, and execute the ./bin/setup.sh command

git clone https://github.com/\$GITHUB_ACCOUNT/devops-capstone-project.git cd devops-capstone-project bash ./bin/setup.sh

You should see the follow at the end of the setup execution:

*********** Capstone Environment Setup Complete Use 'exit' to close this terminal and open a new one to initialize the environment theia@theiadocker-rofrano:/home/project/devops-capstone-project\$

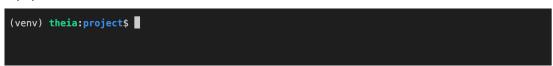
4. Finally, use the exit command to close the current terminal. The environment won't be fully active until you open a new terminal in the next step.

Validate

In order to validate that your environment is working correctly, you must open a new terminal because the Python virtual environment will only activate when a new terminal is created. You should have ended the previous task by using the exit command

1. Open a terminal with Terminal -> New Terminal and check that everything worked correctly by using the which python command:

Your prompt should look like this:



Check which Python you are using:

which python

You should get back

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```
(veny) theia:project$ which python
/home/theia/venv/bin/p<u>y</u>thon
(venv) tneia:projects -
```

Check the Python version:

You should get back some patch level of Python 3.9:

```
(venv) theia:project$ python
Python 3.9.15
(venv) theia:project$
```

This completes the setup of the development environment. Anytime your environment is recreated, you will need to follow this procedure.

You are now ready to start working

Exercise 1: Pick Up the Next Story

The first thing you need to do is to go to your kanban board to get a story to work on. Take the first story from the top of the Sprint Backlog, move it to In Progress, assign it to yourself, and read the contents.

Your Task

- 1. Go to your kanban board and take the next story from the top of the Sprint Backlog. It should be titled: "Create a CD pipeline to automate deployment to Kubernetes".
- 2. Move the story to In Progress.
- 3. Open the story and assign it to yourself.
- 4. Read the contents of the story.

The story should look like this:

Create a CD pipeline to automate deployment to Kubernetes

As a developer

I need to create a CD pipeline to automate deployment to Kubernetes

So that developers aren't wasting their time doing it manually

- Use Tekton to define the pipeline
- It should clone, lint, test, build, and deploy the service
- Deployment should be to OpenShift
 It can use a manual trigger for this MVP

Given the CD pipeline has been created When I trigger the pipeline run Then I should see the accounts service deployed to OpenShift

You are now ready to begin working on your story.

Exercise 2: Overview and Setup

In reading your story, you see that the assumptions state the following:

- Use Tekton to define the pipeline
 It should clone, lint, test, build, and deploy the service
 Deployment should be to OpenShift
- It can use a manual trigger for this MVP

It looks like you will need to create a pipeline task for each of these

Task Name	Build After	Message
clone	-	Cloning the repo \$(params.repo-url)
lint	clone	Calling Flake8 linter
tests	clone	Running unit tests with PyUnit
build	lint, tests	Building image for \$(params.repo-url)
deploy	build	Deploying \$(params.branch) branch of \$(params.repo-url)

Luckily, the developer that worked on this before you started to create a pipeline but didn't get very far. They did, however, create a starter Pipeline in pipeline, yank with a clone task, and defined a PersistentVolumeClaim in the pvc. yank file to define a

Let's see if what we have already works.

Your Task

- 1. Change into your project directory: cd devops-capstone-project.
- 2. Create a new branch called cd-pipeline to work on in the development environment.
- 3. Run ${\tt nosetests}$ and make sure that all of the test cases are passing. Fix any that fail before proceeding.
- 4. Use the oc create command on the tekton/pvc.yaml file to create a workspace for your pipeline to use.
- ▼ Click here for the answer.
 - oc create -f tekton/pvc.yaml
- 5. Use the oc apply command on the tekton/tasks.yaml file to create the tasks for your pipeline to use
- 6. Use the oc apply command on the tekton/pipeline.yaml file to create the initial pipeline.
- 7. If you edit the pipeline, yaml file, you will see that the clone task requires the git-clone task from Tekton Hub. Use the tkn hub install task command to install that now.
- tkn hub install task git-clone

Note: If the above command returns a error due to Tekton Version mismatch, please run the below command to fix this

- 1. Use the tkn pipeline start command to start the pipeline and make sure the initial pipeline definitions work.

 - tkn pipeline start cd-pipeline \
 -p repo-url="https://github.com/sGITHUB_ACCOUNT/devops-capstone-project.git" \
 -p branch="nain" \
 -w name=pipeline-workspace,claimName=pipelinerun-pvc \
 -s pipeline-Workspace,claimName=pipelinerun-pvc \

--showlog

Results

You should see the following output that proves that the initial pipeline is working. Now it is safe to start adding more tasks to it

```
(venv) theia:devops-capstone-project$ tkn pipeline start cd-pipeline \
        -p repo-url="https://github.com/$GITHUB_ACCOUNT/devops-capstone-project.git" \
        -p branch="main" \
>
>
        -w name=pipeline-workspace,claimName=pipelinerun-pvc \
        --showlog
PipelineRun started: cd-pipeline-run-ncfzx
Waiting for logs to be available...
[clone : clone] + '[' false '=' true ]
[clone : clone] + '[' false '=' true ]
[clone : clone] + '[' false '=' true ]
[clone : clone] + CHECKOUT_DIR=/workspace/output/
[clone : clone] + '[' true '=' true ]
[clone : clone] + cleandir
[clone : clone] + '[' -d /workspace/output/ ]
[clone : clone] + rm -rf '/workspace/output//*'
[clone : clone] + rm -rf '/workspace/output//.[!.]*'
[clone : clone] + rm -rf '/workspace/output//..?*'
[clone : clone] + test -z
[clone : clone] + test -z
[clone : clone] + test -z
[clone : clone] + git config --global --add safe.directory /workspace/output
[clone : clone] + /ko-app/git-init '-url=https://github.com/rofrano/devops-capstone-project.git' '-revision=main' '-re fspec=' '-path=/workspace/output/' '-sslVerify=true' '-submodules=true' '-depth=1' '-sparseCheckoutDirectories=' [clone : clone] {"level":"info", "ts":1666621040.7965918, "caller":"git/git.go:176", "msg":"Successfully cloned https://g
ithub.com/rofrano/devops-capstone-project.git @ 58d1c3182ff9e69e878fd605583e16e8b9506d8a (grafted, HEAD, origin/main)
in path /workspace/output/"}
[clone : clone] {"level":"info","ts":1666621040.971369,"caller":"git/git.go:215","msg":"Successfully initialized and u
pdated submodules in path /workspace/output/"}
[clone : clone] + cd /workspace/output/
[clone : clone] + git rev-parse HEAD
[clone : clone] + RESULT_SHA=58d1c3182ff9e69e878fd605583e16e8b9506d8a
[clone : clone] + EXIT_CODE=0
[clone : clone] + '[' 0 '!=' 0 ]
[clone : clone] + printf '%s' 58d1c3182ff9e69e878fd605583e16e8b9506d8a
[clone : clone] + printf '%s' https://github.com/rofrano/devops-capstone-project.git
(venv) theia:devops-capstone-project$
```

Just to be sure it ran successfully, use tkn pipelinerun is and check the status column, which should show Succeeded.

```
tkn pipelinerun ls
```

It should return:

Exercise 3: Create the Lint Task

The first task that you need to add is the lint task. You are going to use flake8 to lint your code. Luckily, Tekton Hub has a flake8 task that you can install and use

You can use the following button to open the pipeline.yaml file to start editing it:

Open **pipeline.yaml** in IDE

Your Task

1. Use the tkn hub install command to install the task named flake8 into your Kubernetes namespace

You should see output similar to this:

```
(venv) theia:devops-capstone-project$ tkn hub install task flake8
Task flake8(0.1) installed in sn-labs-rofrano namespace
(venv) theia:devops-capstone-project$ ■
```

▼ Click here for the answer.

2. Now you will modify the pipeline.yaml file to use the new flake8 task. Start by copying and pasting the existing clone task and change the name to lint.

3. In reading the documentation for the flake8 task, you notice that it requires a workspace named source. You should change the workspace name to match. You also need to change the taskert of take8.

 \blacktriangledown Click here for a hint.

```
    name: {name here}
    workspaces:
    name: {workspace name here}
    workspace: pipeline-workspace
    taskRef:
    name: {task name here}
```

4. You now need to set up the parameters. The flake8 task takes an optional image parameter that you will use, and the args parameter for flake8 to run. Change the existing parameters to use python: 3.9-slim as the image, and pass the following args parameters to flake8: --count --max-complexity=10 --max-line-length=127 --statistics.

▼ Click here for a hint.

Note: Replace "..." with each parameter you want to pass.

- name: {name here}
workspaces:

```
- name: (name here)
vorkspaces:
- name: (workspace name here)
vorkspace: pipeline-workspace
taskker:
name: {task name here}
params: name
volue: {image
volue: {image
value: {image
value: {image
value: [".","","","",""]
```

5. Finally, you need to define when it should run. Add the runAfter: tag and indicate that it should run after the previous clone task.

▼ Click here for a hint.
- name: {name her

name: {name here} workspaces:

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```
- name: {workspace name here} workspace: pipeline-workspace taskef: name: {task name here} params: - name: image value: {image name here} value: {
```

Check Your Answer

```
▼ Click here for the answer.
```

Start the Pipeline

Now it's time run the pipeline and make sure that the lint task works.

```
Apply the changes:
```

```
oc apply -f tekton/pipeline.vaml
```

```
tkn pipeline start cd-pipeline \
- p repo-ut-"https://github.com/sGITHUB_ACCCONT/devops-capstone-project.git" \
- p branch="main" \
- p branch="main" \
- s pipeline-workspace, claimName=pipelinerun-pvc \
- s pipeline
```

Check the Run Status

It may take a long time for the pipeline to run. The logs should display on the screen but if they don't, you can see the pipeline run status by opening a new terminal and listing the pipeline runs with:

```
You can check the logs of the last run with:
```

tkn pipelinerun logs --last

Commit Your Changes

Becasue the Cloud IDE is ephemeral, it may timeout and you will lose all of your work. It is strongly recommended that you commit your changes and push them to your remote branch so that you can pull them from GitHub if needed.

Now you are ready to move on to the next excercise.

Exercise 4: Create a Test Task

The next stage of the pipeline you need to create is a test task. In your development environment, you use Nose to run your tests using the nosetests command. Unfortunately, there are no tasks in the Tekton Hub for nosetests, so you will write your own.

In this exercise, you will update the tasks. yant file adding a new task called nose that uses the shared workspace for the pipeline and runs nosetests in a python:3.9-slim image as a shell script as seen in the Cl/CD course video

Here is a bash script to install the Python requirements and run the nosetests. You can use this as the shell script in your new task:

```
#!/bin/bash
set -e
python -m pip install --upgrade pip wheel
pip install -qr requirements.txt
nosetests -v --with-spec --spec-color
```

You can use the following button to open the tasks. yaml file to start editing it:

Open tasks.yaml in IDE

Your Task:

1. First, create a new task in the tasks.yaml file. Start by copying and pasting the existing echo task and change the name to nose.

Remember, each new task must be separated using three dashes — on a separate line

▼ Click here for a hint.

Replace the `{here}` placeholders with the real values:

```
apiVersion: tekton.dev/vlbetal
kind: Task
metadata:
metadata:
  name: {task name here}
spec:
```

2. Next, it's a good idea to add a description to yor task so that others who may use it know what it does. Change the description: tag to be: This task will run nosetests on the provided input.

▼ Click here for a hint.

Replace the `{here}` placeholders with the real values:

```
apiVersion: tekton.dev/vlbetal
kind: Task
metadata:
name: {task name here}
```

3. Next, you need to include the workspace that has the code that you want to test. Since flake8 uses the name source, you can use that for consistency. Add a workspace named source

Replace the `{here}` placeholders with the real values:

```
apiVersion: tekton.dev/vlbetal
kind: Task
metadata:
name: {task name here}
spec:
name: {task name....,
spec:
description: {description here}
workspaces:
- name: {workspace name here}
```

4. It might be a good idea to allow the passing in of different arguments to nosetests, so create a parameter called args just like the flake8 task has, and give it a description; make the type: a string, and a default: with the verbose flag -v as the default.

Replace the '{here}' placeholders with the real values:

```
apiVersion: tekton.dev/vlbetal
kind: Task
metadata:
name: {task name here}
name: {task name here}
spec:
description: {description here}
workspaces:
- name: {workspace name here}
params:
                ams:
name: {argument name here}
description: Arguments to pass to nose
type: {type here}
default: {default args here}
```

5. Quite often, tests require a test database. It might be a good idea to allow the passing in of a database url. Add a new parameter called database_uri just like the args parameter. Give it a description:, make the type: a string, and a default: with SQLite (*sqlite:///test.db*) in case they don't have a separate database server.

▼ Click here for a hint.

Replace the `{here}` placeholders with the real values:

```
apiVersion: tekton.dev/v1betal
kind: Task
metadata:
name: {task name here}
sner:
name: (task name here)
spec:
description: {description here}
workspaces:
    - name: {workspace name here}
params:
    - name: {argument name here}
description: Arguments to pass to nose
type: {type here}
```

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```
default: {default args here}
name: {database uri name here}
description: Database connection string
type: {type here}
default: {default database uri here}
       6. Finally, you need to specify the steps:, and there is only one. Give it the name nosetests.
               ▼ Click here for a hint.
              Replace the `{here}` placeholders with the real values:
                                     steps:
- name: {place name here}
       7. Have it run in a python: 3.9-slim image
               ▼ Click here for a hint.
              Replace the `{here}` placeholders with the real values:
                                    steps:
- name: {place name here}
image: {image name here}
       8. Also, specify workingDir as the path to the workspace you defined (i.e., $(workspaces.source.path)).
              ▼ Click here for a hint.
Replace the `{here}` placeholders with the real values:
       9. Next, add an environment variable called DATABASE_URI that gets its value from the new parameter you just created: $(params.database_uri).
              ▼ Click here for a hint.
Replace the `{here}` placeholders with the real values:
                                                >s: name: {place name here}
inage: {image name here}
workingbir: {working path here}
env:
- name: {environment variable name here}
value: {value from parameters here}
     10. Then, paste the script from above in the script: parameter and substitute $(params.args) for the parameters passed into nosetests instead of the hard-coded ones.
              ▼ Click here for a hint.
Replace the `{here}` placeholders with the real values:
                                   env:
    name: {environment variable name here}
    value: {value from parameters here}
script: |
    {paste the script from above here}
Check Your Answer
Your new task should look similar to this:
▼ Click here for the answer.
             apiVersian: tekton.dev/vlbetal
kind: Task
metadata:
name: nose
spec:
description: This task will run nosetests on the provided input.
ourkspaces:
- name: source
page - name: args
description: Arguments to pass to nose
type: string
                                description: Arguments to pass to mose
type: string
default: "-v"
name: database_uri
description: Database connection string
type: string
default: "sqlite:///test.db"
ns:
                    deraul. — steps:
- name: nosetests
- image: python:3.9-slim
workingDir: $(workspaces.source.path)
                                env:
- name: DATABASE_URI
volue: $(params.database_uri)
script:
| script:
|
```

Apply Your Changes

Apply these changes to your cluster:

oc apply -f tekton/tasks.yaml

You should see the following output:

```
(venv) theia:devops-capstone-project$ oc apply -f tekton/tasks.yaml
task.tekton.dev/echo created
task.tekton.dev/nose created
(venv) theia:devops-capstone-project$
```

Commit Your Changes

Becasue the Cloud IDE is ephemeral, it may timeout and you will lose all of your work. It is strongly recommended that you commit your changes and push them to your remote branch so that you can pull them from GitHub if needed.

git commit -am 'added nose task' git push

Now you are ready to move on to the next exercise.

Exercise 5: Add the Test Task to the Pipeline

Now it's time to update the pipeline to add the test task that uses the new nose task that you have created and then run the pipeline to see it work.

You can use the following button to open the pipeline.yaml file to start editing it:

Open **pipeline.yaml** in IDE

Your Task

- 1. Start by editing the pipeline.yaml file to add the new test task. Start by copying and pasting the lint task and change the name to tests.
 - ► Click here for a hint.
- 2. Leave the workspace named source and change the ${\tt taskRef:}$ from lint to reference your new ${\tt nose}$ task.
- ► Click here for a hint.
- 3. Change the ${\tt image}$ parameter to ${\tt database_uri}$ with a value of ${\tt sqlite:///test.db.}$
 - Click here for a hint
- 4. Change the value of the existing args parameter to specify the arguments to pass to the tests as "-v --with-spec --spec-color".
- ► Click here for a hint.

5. Finally, specify that this task should ${\tt runAfter:}$ the clone step.

Notice that you are running lint and tests in parallel because they do not depend on each other. This will make the pipeline run faster

Check Your Answer

```
Your new step should look similar to this:
```

```
- name: tests
workspaces:
    name: source
    workspace: pipeline-workspace
taskRef:
    name: source
    name: source
    vorkspace: pipeline-workspace
taskRef:
    name: database_uri
    value: "sqlite:///rest.db"
    name: args
    value: "v- -with-spec --spec-calor"
runkfter:
    - time
▼ Click here for the answer.
```

Commit Your Changes

Because the Cloud IDE is ephemeral, it may timeout and you will lose all of your work. It is strongly recommended that you commit your changes and push them to your remote branch so that you can pull them from GitHub if needed.

```
git commit -am 'added test pipeline task'
git push
```

Now you are ready to move on to the next exercise.

Exercise 6: Start the Pipeline

Now it's time run the pipeline and make sure that the tests task works. The tests task will need a PostgreSQL database to run against. If it isn't running in your OpenShift cluster from the last lab, you must provision it again.

Your Task

```
1. Use the oc\ get\ svc\ postgresql command to see if the PostgreSQL service is defined.
       oc get svc postgresql
 If it is not found, use the oc new-app command to deploy the postgresql-ephemeral template.
2. Use oc get pods to make sure that the postgres service is defined and the postgres pod is running
      oc get pods
  You should see the following
```

```
(venv) theia:devops-capstone-project$ oc get all
NAME
                                              READY
                                                      STATUS
                                                                   RESTARTS
                                                                                  AGE
pod/openshift-web-console-8bd9fcbf8-2mlw8
                                              2/2
                                                      Running
                                                                   0
                                                                                  2d2h
nod/openshift-web-console-8bd9fcbf8-d8wt
                                                      Running
                                                                                  2d2h
                                                                   0
                                              0/1
pod/postgresql-1-deploy
                                                      Completed
                                                                   0
                                                                                  177m
pod/postgresql-1-p7rfz
                                              1/1
                                                      Running
                                                                     (176m ago)
                                                                                  177m
                                      DESIRED
                                                 CURRENT
                                                           RFADY
                                                                    AGE
replicationcontroller/postgresql-1
                                                                    177m
NAME
                                 TYPE
                                              CLUSTER-IP
                                                               EXTERNAL-IP
                                                                             PORT(S)
                                                                                         AGE
service/onenshift-web-console
                                                               <none>
                                                                             8000/TCP
                                                                                         2d2h
                                 ClusterIP
                                              172.21.42.231
service/postgresql
                                                                             5432/TCP
                                                                                         177m
NAME
                                          READY
                                                  UP-TO-DATE
                                                                AVAILABLE
                                                                            AGE
deployment.apps/openshift-web-console
                                          2/2
                                                                            2d2h
NAME
                                                    DESTRED
                                                               CURRENT
                                                                         RFADY
                                                                                 AGF
replicaset.apps/openshift-web-console-8bd9fcbf8
                                                               2
                                                                         2
                                                                                 2d2h
                                                  REVISION
                                                             DESIRED
                                                                        CURRENT
                                                                                  TRIGGERED BY
deploymentconfig.apps.openshift.io/postgresql
                                                                                  config,image(postgresql:10-el8)
                                                                        1
(venv) theia:devops-capstone-project$
```

3. You are now ready to apply the changes to your pipeline

You should see the message: pipeline.tekton.dev/cd-pipeline configured

Start the Pipeline

Make sure that the GITHUB ACCOUNT environment variable is set to the name of your GitHub account, and use the tkn pipeline start command to run the pipeline.

```
-- main \
-- name=pipeline-workspace, claimName=pipelinerun-pvc \
-- spipeline \
-- showloo
```

Note that because you specified that lint and tests can run in parallel, you will see the log output of those two tasks intermixed.

Exercise 7: Create a Build Task

Before you can deploy your application, you need to build a Docker image and push it to an image registry. You search Tekton Hub for the word "build" and you see there is a task called buildin that will build images so you decide to use it in your pipeline to

Instead of installing it yourself, you first check the ClusterTask in your cluster to see if it already exists. Luckily, the OpenShift environment you are using already has buildah installed as a ClusterTask. A ClusterTask is installed cluster-wide by an administrator, and anyone can use it in their pipelines without having to install it themselves.

You can always check what ClusterTasks are installed with this command:

Now, you will update the pipeline.yaml file to use the new buildah task. You can use the following button to open the pipeline. yaml file to start editing it:

Open pipeline.yaml in IDE

1. Start by editing the pipeline.yaml file to add the new build task. Start by copying and pasting the tests task and changing the name to build.

2. The workspace name source from the tests task is fine, but the taskRef needs to be changed to buildah, and you must add an additional line below it to indicate that it has a kind: of ClusterTask

```
name: {name here}
workspaces:
- name: source
workspace: pipeline-workspace
taskRef:
     name: {task name here}
kind: {kind here}
```

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- 3. Delete the ${\tt database_uri}$ parameter. It is not needed for this task.
- 4. Next, change the args parameter to IMAGE and set the value to "\$(params.build-image)" to pick up the build-image name from the pipeline parameters.

```
- name: {name here}
workspaces:
    - name: source
    workspace: pipeline-workspace
taskRef:
    name: {task name here}
    kind: {kind here}
names:
         params:
    name: {parameter name here}
    value: (params value here}
```

5. Now, you need to add a parameter named build-image to the existing list of parameters at the top of the pipeline under spec.params.

```
▼ Click here for a hint.
```

```
spec:
parans:
- name: repo-url
- name: branch
default: main
- name: {new parameter name here}
- "that task or tas
```

6. Finally, you must specify what task or tasks this should run after. Because both tests and tist ran in parallel, you want to wait until both complete before bulding the image. Change the tasker to specify both tests and list.

▼ Click here for a hint.

```
    name: {name here}
    workspaces:

  workspaces:
- name: source
workspace: pipeline-workspace
taskRef:
name: {task name here}
kind: {kind here}
  params:
- name: {parameter name here}
value: (params value here}
runAfter:
- {first task here}
- {second task here}
```

Check Your Answer

Check that your step looks like this

```
▼ Click here for the answer.
```

```
spec:
params:
... other parameters ...
- name: build-image
               name: build
workspaces:
- name: source
workspace: pipeline-workspace
taskRef:
name: buildah
kind: ClusterTask
params:
                       .custerTask
srams:
name: IMAGE
value: "$(params.build-image)"
nAfter:
tests
lint
```

Apply the Changes

You are now ready to apply the changes to your pipeline.

You should see the message: pipeline.tekton.dev/cd-pipeline configured

Commit Your Changes

Because the Cloud IDE is ephemeral, it may timeout and you will lose all of your work. It is strongly recommended that you commit your changes and push them to your remote branch so that you can pull them from GitHub if needed.

```
git commit -am 'added build task'
```

Start the Pipeline

When you start the pipeline, you need to pass in the build-image parameter, which is the name of the image to build.

This will be different for every learner that uses this lab. Here is the format:

image-registry.openshift-image-registry.svc:5000/\$SN_ICR_NAMESPACE/accounts:latest

Notice the variable \$SN_ICR_NAMESPACE in the image name. This is automatically set to point to your container namespace. There is nothing for you to do here.

Make sure that the GITHUB_ACCOUNT environment variable is set to the name of your GitHub account, and use the tkn pipeline start command to run the pipeline

```
tkn pipeline start cd-pipeline \
    -p repo-url="https://github.com/$GITHUB_ACCOUNT/devops-capstone-project.git" \
        -p repo-unt="https://github.com/SGITHUB_ALLDum/oervpa-uspaces-
p branchmain \
-p build-image-registry.openshift-image-registry.svc:5000/SSM_ICR_NAMESPACE/accounts:1 \
-w name-pipeLine-workspace,claimName-pipeLinerum-pvc \
```

Check that everything ran to completion (this may take a while).

Exercise 8: Add the Deploy Task to the Pipeline

You are now at the deploy step, which is the last step in your CD pipeline. For this step, you will use the OpenShift client to deploy your Docker image to an OpenShift cluster.

Knowing that you want to deploy to OpenShift, you search Tekton Hub for "openshift" and you see there is a task called openshift-client that will execute OpenShift commands on your cluster. You decide to use the openshift-client task in your pipeline to deploy your image.

First, you need to update the pipeline.yaml file to reference the new openshift-client ClusterTask that you want to use in the deploy pipeline. Then you will need to update your deploy/deployment.yaml file to substitute the name of the image to deploy.

In the previous steps, you simply changed the name of the reference to the task, but since the openshift-client task is installed as a ClusterTask, you need to add the statement kind: ClusterTask under the name so that Tekton knows to look for a ClusterTask and not a regular Task

- 1. Start by editing the pipeline.yaml file to add the new deploy task. Start by copying and pasting the build task and changing the name to deploy.
- ▼ Click here for a hint.
 - name: {name here}
- 2. Next, change the name: of the workspaces: to manifest-dir as specified in the documentation of the openshift-client on Tekton Hub.
 - - name: {name here} workspaces: name: {workspace name here} workspace: pipeline-workspace
- 3. Then, change the taskRef from buildah to openshift-client and leave the kind: as ClusterTask to indicate that this is a ClusterTask
- ▼ Click here for a hint.
 - name: {name here} workspaces: name: {workspace name here} workspace: pipeline-workspace taskRef: name: {task name here} kind: ClusterTask
- 4. Now, change the IMAGE parameter to the name SCRIPT and specify the oc command to apply your Kubernetes manifests from the previous lab. Before you do, you will need to modify your deployment. yant file to have an image name placeholder and use sed to change it to the image name for the pipeline before execution.

Here is the script to use (you will modify the deployment yaml file in a later step):

```
echo "Updating manifett."
sed .1":|IMMCE_UMMCE_HERE[S[sparams.build-image]]g" deploy/deployment.yaml
echo "Deploying to OpenShift..."
oc.apply -f deploy/
oc.ept pods -1 appa-accounts
▼ Click here for a hint.
```

- - name: {name here} workspaces:

```
- name: (workspace name here)
workspace: pipeline-workspace
tasklet:
kinds: (tuserTask
params:
- name: (parameter name here)
value: |
(script commands here)

5. Finally, specify that this task should runAfter: the build task.

▼ Click here for a hint.
- name: (name here)
workspace:
- name: (vorkspace name here)
workspace:
- name: (task name here)
kind: (tusterTask
params:
- value: |
(script commands here)
vulue: |
(stask to run after here)
```

Check Your Answer

If you changed everything correctly, the full deploy task in the pipeline should look like this:

```
▼ Click here for the answer.

- name: deploy
vorkspaces:
- name: namifest-dir
- name: namifest-dir
tasker:
name: openshift-client
kind: ClusterTask
parass:
SCRIPT
value:
| echo "Updating manifest..."
sed :1 *s||MAGE_MUME_HERE|s(params.build-image)|g" deploy/deployment.yaml
echo "Deploying to Openshift..."
oc apply -f deploy/
oc get pods -l app=accounts
runAfter:
```

Apply the Pipeline

Apply the same changes you just made to pipeline.yaml to your cluster:

```
kubectl apply -f tekton/pipeline.yaml
```

If it applied correctly, you can commit your changes. That doesn't mean it will run without errors, but it's a good idea to commit what you have before you start debugging.

Update Your Deployment Manifest

There is one last thing that you need to do before you can start the pipeline. You must edit your deploy/deployment.yon file to specify a placeholder for the name of the image that you just built in the build step.

```
Open deployment.yaml in IDE
```

Find the image: tag and change its value to $IMAGE_NAME_HERE$.

For example:

```
spec:
template:
spec:
containers:
- image: IMAGE_NAME_HERE
name: accounts
```

Commit Your Changes

Because the pipeline is going to clone your Git repository and you changed deploy/deployment. youn, you must push all of your code changes back to your remote branch in GitHub. You will also need to use this branch name when you run the pipeline. If you followed the instructions, the current branch should be: cd-pipeline.

```
git commit -am 'added deploy task
```

Exercise 9: Apply Changes and Run the Pipeline

Now that you have built out the entire pipeline, it is time to run it. If you were in a persistent environment you would set up a webhook in GitHub so that whenever your code changes, the CD pipeline would run after all the tests and checks had passed. Unfortunately, the lab environmenent is ephemeral and the best we can do is start the pipeline manually.

Start the Pipeline

When you start the pipeline, you will need to use the name of the branch that you are working on, which should be cd-pipeline.

Now, start the pipeline to see your new deploy task run. Use the Tekton CLI pipeline start command to run the pipeline, passing in the parameters repo-url, branch, and build-image using the -p option. Specify the workspace pipeline-workspace and persistent volume claim pipeline-run-pvc using the '-w option:

Your Task

- 1. First, make sure that you have set the environment variable GITHUB_ACCOUNT to contain the name of your GitHub account.
- 2. Use the tkn pipeline start command to start the pipeline and see if your deploy task works.

```
tkn pipeline start cd.pipeline \
p repo -uri-fitsp://github.com/sGITHUB_ACCOUNT/devops-capstone-project.git* \
p repo -uri-fitsp://github.com/sGITHUB_ACCOUNT/devops-capstone-project.git* \
p brunch-ed-pipeline \
p build-image-image-registry.openshift-image-registry.svc:5000/SSN_ICR_MAMESPACE/accounts:1 \
u name-pipeline-workspace,claimName-pipelinerun-pvc \
- uname-pipeline-workspace,claimName-pipelinerun-pvc \
- uname-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipelinerun-pvc \
- uname-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipeline-workspace.claimName-pipel
```

Check the Deployment

Now, check to see if the deployment is running. Use the oc command to check that your deployment is in a running state.

```
oc get all -l app=accounts
```

Evidence

For the evidence, you will capture the logs of the piepline run in a file called pipelinerun.txt

```
1. Open your terminal and issue the command two pipelinerun logs -L and redirect it to a file called: pipelinerun.txt.

two pipelinerun logs -L > pipelinerun.txt
```

2. Open this file in the Cloud IDE editor and copy and paste it into a file of the same name on your computer so that you can upload it as evidence.

Exercise 10: Make a Pull Request

Now that you have a working deployment, it's time to push the Kubernetes manifests up to GitHub and make a pull request. Then, you will merge the request and move your story to Done.

Your Task

- 1. Use git status to make sure that you have committed your changes locally in the development environment.
- $2. \ If there are uncommitted changes, commit your changes using the message {\tt Final CD pipeline}.$
- 3. Push your local changes to a remote branch.

Note: Use your GitHub **Personal Access Token** as your password in the Cloud IDE environment. Also, you may have to configure Git the first time you use it.

- 4. Make a pull request
- 5. Once the test cases pass, merge your pull request.
- 6. Move your story to the Done column on your kanban board.
- 7. Pull the last code down to your development environment and delete your old branch.

```
git checkout main
git pull
```

git branch -d cd-pipeline

Evidence

For the evidence, you will take a screenshot of your kanban board to show that the story is done.

1. Open your kanban board and take a screenshot of the board with your story in the Done column, saving it as cd-pipeline-done.jpg (or cd-pipeline-done.png).

Conclusion

Congratulations! You have built a CD pipeline using Tekton to clone, test, lint, build, and deploy your microservice to an OpenShift/Kubernetes cluster using YAML manifests.

Next Steps

You have completed the DevOps Capstone Project. It's now time to upload all of your evidence for the entire project.

Author

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