### Using the Tekton Catalog



#### ted time needed: 30 minutes

Welcome to hands-on lab for Using the Tekton Catalog. The Tekton community provides a wide selection of tasks and pipelines that you can use in your CI/CD pipelines, so that you do not have to write all of them yourself. Many common tasks can be found at the Tekton Hub. In this lab, you will search for and use one of them.

#### **Learning Objectives**

After completing this lab, you will be able to:

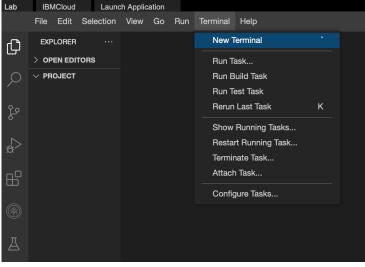
- Use the Tekton CD Catalog to install the git-clone task
  Describe the parameters required to use the git-clone task
  Use the git-clone task in a Tekton pipeline to clone your Git repository

#### Set Up the Lab Environment

You have a little preparation to do before you can start the lab.

#### Open a Terminal

Open a terminal window by using the menu in the editor: Terminal > New Terminal.



In the terminal, if you are not already in the /home/project folder, change to your project folder now.

Copied! Executed!

# Clone the Code Repo

Now, get the code that you need to test. To do this, use the git clone command to clone the Git repository:

1. git clone https://github.com/ibm-developer-skills-network/wtecc-CICD\_PracticeCode.git

Copied! Executed! Your output should look similar to the image below:

t<mark>heia@theiaopenshift-rofrano:/home/project\$</mark> git clone https://github.com/ibm-developer-skills-network/wtecc-CICD\_PracticeCode.git Cloning into 'wtecc-CICD\_PracticeCode'... cloning into 'wtecc-ClCD\_PracticeCode'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 37, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (7/7), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (6/6), done.
remote: Total 37 (delta 1), reused 4 (delta 0), pack-reused 30
Unpacking objects: 100% (37/37), done.
theia@theiaopenshift-rofrano:/home/project\$

## Change to the Labs Directory

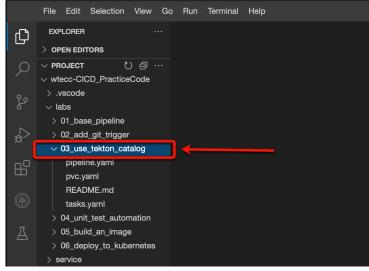
Once you have cloned the repository, change to the labs directory.

1. cd wtecc-CICD\_PracticeCode/labs/03\_use\_tekton\_catalog/ Copied! Executed!

# Navigate to the Labs Lolder

Navigate to the labs/03\_use\_tekton\_catalog folder in left explorer panel. All of your work will be with the files in this folder.

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You are now ready to begin with the prerequisites in the next section.

If working in the terminal becomes difficult because the command prompt is very long, you can shorten the prompt using the following command:

1. export PS1="[\[\033[01;32m\]\u\[\033[00m\]: \[\033[01;34m\]\W\[\033[00m\]]\\$ " Copied! Executed!

#### **Prerequisites**

This lab requires installation of the tasks introduced in previous labs. To be sure, apply the previous tasks to your cluster before proceedings

1. kubectl apply of tasks.yaml Copied! Executed!

You should see the output similar to this:

Note: If the tasks are already installed, the output will say "configured" instead of "created."

Copied!

You are now ready to start the lab.

### Step 1: Add the git-clone Task

You start by finding a task to replace the checkout task you initially created. While it was OK as a learning exercise, it needs a lot more capabilities to be more robust, and it makes sense to use the community-supplied task instead.

(Optional) You can browse the Tekton Hub, find the gitclone command, copy the URL to the year file, and use subsect to apply it manually. But it is much easier to use the Tekton CLI once you have found the task that you want.

Copied! Executed!

Note: If the above command returns a error due to Tekton Version mismatch, please run the below command to fix this.

Copied! Executed!

# Step 2: Create a Workspace

Viewing the git-clone task requirements, you see that while it supports many more parameters than your original checkout task, it only requires two things

The URL of a Git repo to clone, provided with the url param
 A workspace called output

You start by creating a PersistentVolumeClaim (PVC) to use as the workspace:

A workspace is a disk volume that can be shared across tasks. The way to bind to volumes in Kubernetes is with a Persisti

Since creating PVCs is beyond the scope of this lab, you have been provided with the following pvc.yaml file with these contents: 9. 9 10. 10 11. 11 12. 12 1. apiVersion: v1
2. kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
3. metaddsta:
3. metaddsta:
5. specie: pipelinerun-pvc
5. specie:
6. storageClassName: skills-network-learner
7. resources:
8. requests: resources: requests: storage: 1Gi volumeMode: Filesystem accessModes: - ReadWriteOnce Copied! Apply the new task definition to the cluster: 1. kubectl apply -f pvc.yaml Copied! Executed!

You should see the following output:

1. persistentvolumeclaim/pipelinerun-pvc created

Copied! You can now reference this persistent volume by its name pipelinerun-pvc when creating workspaces for your Tekton tasks.

# Step 3: Add a Workspace to the Pipeline

In this step, you will add a workspace to the pipeline using the persistent volume claim you just created. To do this, you will edit the pipeline. you file and add a workspaces: definition as the first line under the spec: but before the params; and call it pipeline workspace. Then you will add the workspace to the pipeline close task and change the task to reference git-close instead of your checkout task. Open pipeline.yaml in IDE

Your Task

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- 1. Edit the pipeline.yamt file and add a workspaces: definition as the first line under the spec: but before the params: and call it pipeline-workspace
- $2. \ Next, add the \ workspace \ to \ the \ {\tt clone} \ task \ after \ the \ {\tt name} \colon and \ call \ it \ {\tt output} \ because \ this \ is \ the \ workspace \ name \ that \ the \ {\tt git-clone} \ task \ will \ be \ looking \ for \ the \ this \ the \ t$
- 3. Change the name of the taskRef in the clone task to reference the git-clone task instead of checkout.
- 4. Finally, change the name of the repo-urt parameter to urt because this is the name the git-close tasks expects, but keep the mapping of \$(params.repo-urt), which is what the pipeline expects. Also, rename the branch parameter to revision, which is what git-close expect

#### Hint

► Click here for a hint.

Double-check that your work matches the solution below.

#### Solution

```
▼ Click here for the answer.

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#### Step 4: Run the Pipeline

You can now use the Tekton CLI (tkn) to create a PipelineRun to run the pipeline

```
Use the following command to run the pipeline, passing in the URL of the repository, the branch to clone, the workspace name, and the persistent volume claim name.
```

#### Conclusion

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1. tkn pipelinerun logs --last

Copied! Executed!

Congratulations! You have just added a task from the Tekton Catalog instead of writing it yourself. You should get into the habit of always checking the Tekton Catalog at Tekton Hub before writing any task. Remember: "A line of code you did not write is a line of code that you do not have to

In this lab, you learned how to use the six-close task from the Tekton catalog. You learned how to install the task locally using the Tekton CLI and how to modify your pipeline to reference the task and configure its parameters. You also learned how to start a pipeline with the Tekton CLI pipeline start command and monitor its output using --shortog.

#### Next Steps

In the next lab, you will use a combination of self-written and catalog tasks to fill out your pipeline in future labs. In the meantime, try to set up a pipeline to build an image with Tekton from one of your own code repositories

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If you are interested in continuing to learn about Kubernetes and containers, you can get your own free Kubernetes cluster and your own free IBM Container Registry.

#### Author(s

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## Change Log

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2022-07-24	0.1	Tapas Mandal	Initial version created
2022-08-01	0.2	Tapas Mandal	Added additional instructions
2022-08-05	0.3	John Rofrano	Added more details and changed repo and branch
2022-08-08	0.4	Steve Ryan	ID Review
2022-08-08	0.5	Beth Larsen	QA review
2023-03-15	0.6	Lavanya Rajalingam	Updated SN Logo

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