



University of Canterbury
DATA 601



SPEED CHANGES & ROAD SAFETY

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BACKGROUND

1.19M lives lost 20–50M non-fatal injuries globally annually in crashes.

Labour reduced speed limits.



National is reversing limits.



GOALS

Evaluating speed reduction impact on fatalities and serious injuries.

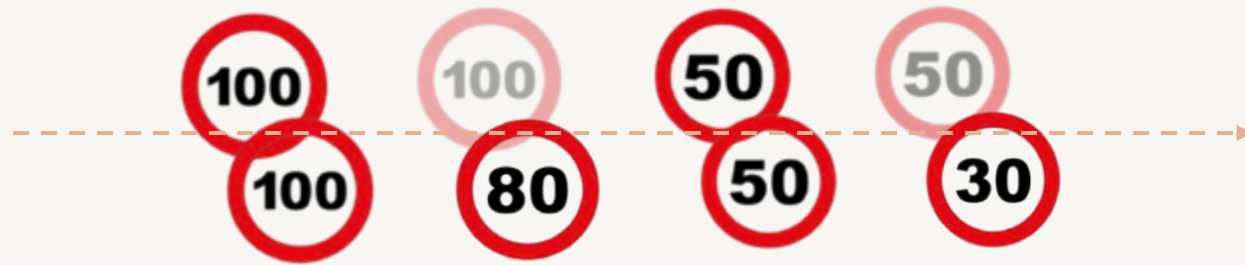
OVERVIEW



STUDY DESIGN



SPEED LIMIT GROUPS



SPEED LIMITS

30 km/h 50 km/h
80 km/h 100 km/h

APPROACH

“No change” vs “Reduced”
“Before & After”

ANALYSIS

Spatial
Temporal

DATA SOURCE

NZ Transport Agency
Waka Kotahi

DATA



Crashes Analysis System

53,912 records of 97 variables
crashes from 2019–2023



National Speed Limit Register

52,033 records of 29 variables
speed limit zones up to 2024



LIMITATION



CHALLENGE

Complex, multi-factorial causes of crashes



LIMITED DATA

Small dataset for "after" period



MISMATCHES

Crash speeds vs rule-based limits

PROCESS

Extract



Load CAS dataset

Load NSLR dataset

Transform



Check for missing values and duplicates

Normalise speed limit zones and crash speeds

Filter speed zones by effective dates

Spatially merge speed limit zones with crash locations

Identify mismatches and clean data

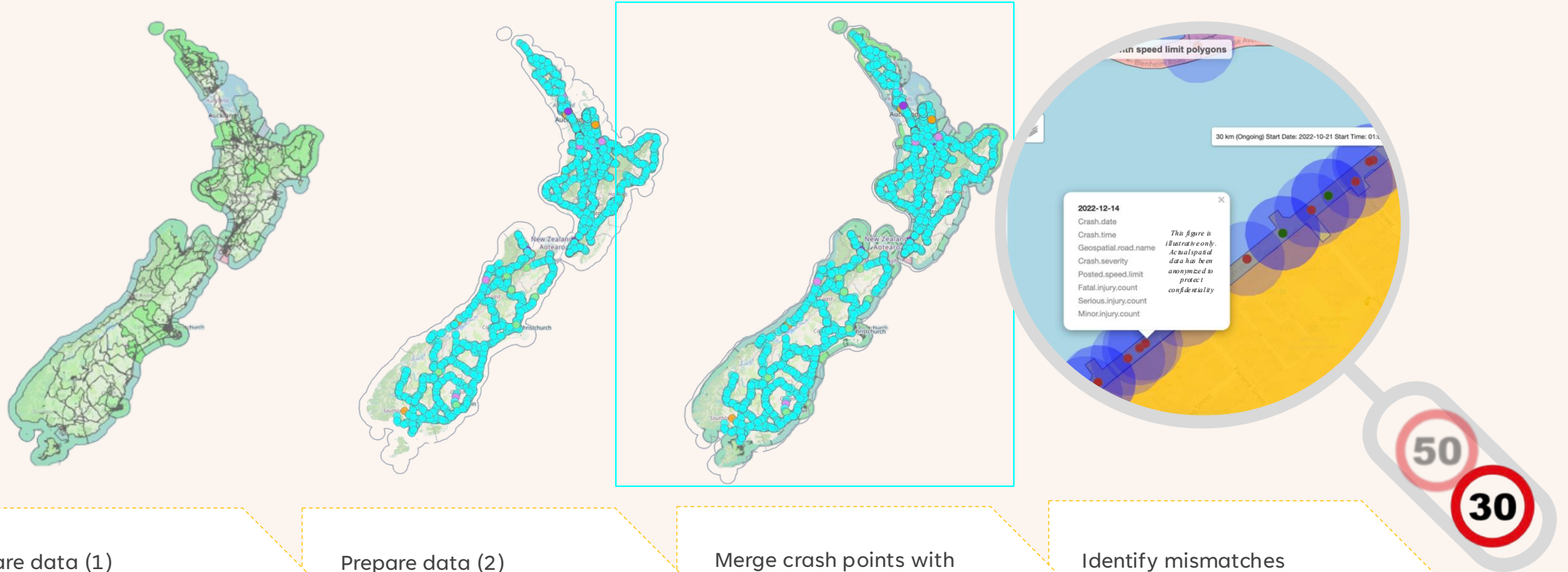
Load



Calculate mean dates

Determine ratios

VISUALIZATION



Prepare data (1)

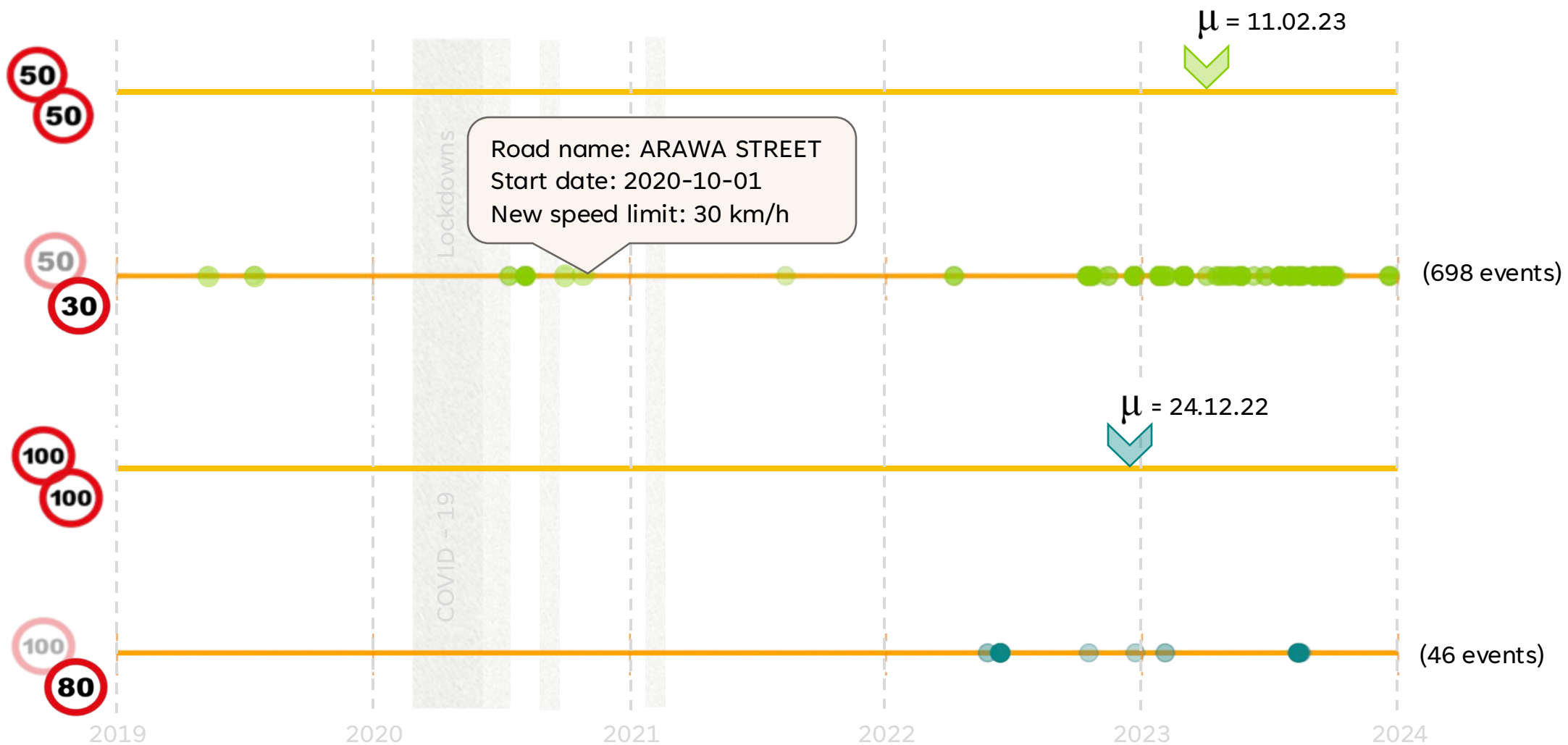
Visualise speed limit shapes

Prepare data (2)

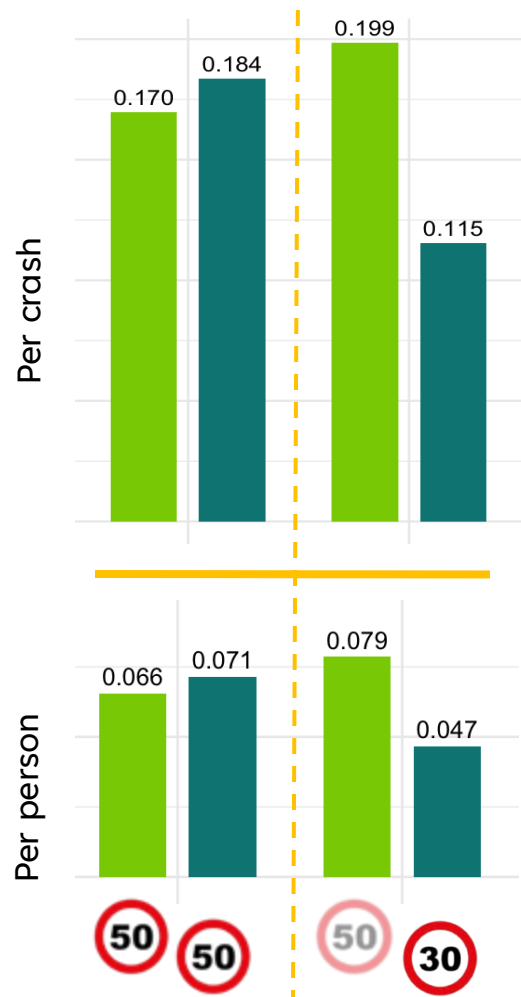
Visualise crash points

Merge crash points with
speed limit shapes

Identify mismatches
Clean data



RATIOS



RESULTS

Areas for reduction

- Speed limits were reduced in areas where injuries and fatalities were a **concern**.

Before vs After

- Significant **reduction** in proportions after speed limit changes.

Balance

- Most speed limits were reduced in 2023, leading to an **unbalanced** before-and-after comparison.

Methods

- Methods are in place, but 2024 data would provide stronger **validation**

CONCLUSION

Speed reductions improved safety.





FURTHER WORK

Incorporate 2024 data for a more comprehensive analysis.

Examine other factors in crashes.



THANK YOU

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