

Data Science & Business Analytics

Module 6 - Analyzing and Visualizing Data

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Brazilian e-commerce public dataset by Olist

1. Base Dashboard: Sales and Revenue (Sales Department)

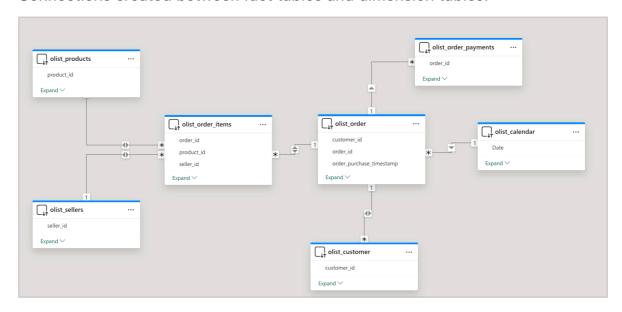
Key Metrics: Total Sales, Revenue by Product Category, Sales by State, Monthly Sales Trends, Average Order Value.

Charts: Sales trend over time, top-selling products and categories, revenue by region, sales by payment type.

Insights: Identify best-selling products, track revenue growth, and analyze sales patterns across different regions.

- 2. Tables used (downloaded from Kaggle): olist_customer; olist_order; olist_order_payments; olist_products; olist_sellers.
- 3. Table created in Power Query: *olist_calendar*. Created to have Date, Year, Month Number, Month Name, Year-Month.

Connections created between fact tables and dimension tables:



• Data transformation (Power Query)
In the *olist_order* table, I chose to convert the data type from date/time to date,

as I believed the time component wouldn't significantly impact the dashboard's insights and simplifying it would make measure creation easier.

Column Creation: In the olist_order table, I created a new column called Delivery_Days to calculate the difference between the delivery date and the purchase date, allowing for an evaluation of delivery duration.

Measures Created (DAX)

olist_customer:

```
# of Customers = DISTINCTCOUNT(olist_customer[customer_id])
Orders_by_State = CALCULATE(COUNTROWS('olist_order'),
CROSSFILTER('olist_order'[customer_id], 'olist_customer'[customer_id],
BOTH))
AOV_by_State = DIVIDE([Revenue_by_State], [Orders_by_State])
Top_State_By_Revenue =
CALCULATE (
  MAX('olist_customer'[customer_state]),
  TOPN (
    1,
    SUMMARIZE (
      'olist_customer',
      'olist_customer'[customer_state],
      "TotalRevenue",
      CALCULATE(SUM('olist_order_items'[price]))
    [TotalRevenue], DESC
  )
Top_City_By_Orders =
CALCULATE (
  MAX('olist_customer'[customer_city]),
  TOPN (
    1,
    SUMMARIZE (
      'olist_customer',
      'olist_customer'[customer_city],
      "OrderCount",
      CALCULATE(COUNTROWS('olist_order'))
    [OrderCount], DESC
  )
)
```

♠ olist_customer Measure Description # of Customers Count of unique customers. Orders_by_State Number of orders per state using bidirectional filtering. A0V_by_State Average order value by state, calculated from revenue and orders. Top_State_By_Revenue State with the highest total revenue. Top_City_By_Orders City with the highest number of orders.

• olist_order:

```
Orders_by_City =
CALCULATE(
  COUNTROWS('olist_order'),
  VALUES('olist_customer'[customer_city])
Dashboard_Title = "Brazilian E-Commerce Public Dataset by Olist. EDIT
Module 6"
Delivered_Orders =
CALCULATE(
  COUNTROWS('olist_order'),
  'olist_order'[order_status] = "delivered"
Canceled_Orders =
CALCULATE(
  COUNTROWS('olist_order'),
  'olist_order'[order_status] = "canceled"
On_Time_Percentage = DIVIDE([Delivered_Orders], [Total_Orders])
Gauge_Min = 0
Gauge\_Max = 1
Gauge_Target = 0.95
```

olist_order

Measure	Description
Orders_by_City	Number of orders by city.
Dashboard_Title	Static text for use as a title.
Delivered_Orders	Count of orders with status "delivered".
Canceled_Orders	Count of orders with status "canceled".
On_Time_Percentage	Share of delivered orders over total orders.
Gauge_Min/Max/Target	Constants for use in gauge visualizations.

olist_order_items

```
Total_Revenue_With_Shipping = SUMX(olist_order_items,
olist_order_items[price] + olist_order_items[freight_value])
Average_Order_Value = DIVIDE([Total_Revenue_With_Shipping],
[Total_Orders])
Monthly_Revenue =
CALCULATE(
  [Total_Revenue_With_Shipping],
  FILTER(
    olist_order_items,
    EOMONTH(olist_order_items[shipping_limit_date], 0) =
EOMONTH(TODAY(), 0)
  )
Revenue_by_Product = CALCULATE(SUM(olist_order_items[price]))
# of Orders = COUNTROWS(olist_order_items)
Total_Orders = DISTINCTCOUNT(olist_order[order_id])
Total_Sales =
CALCULATE(
  SUM('olist_order_items'[price]),
  USERELATIONSHIP('olist_calendar'[Date],
'olist_order'[order_purchase_timestamp])
Top_Category =
CALCULATE (
```

```
MAX('olist_products'[product_category_name]),
   TOPN(1, SUMMARIZE('olist_order_items',
'olist_products'[product_category_name],
        "Revenue", SUM('olist_order_items'[price])), [Revenue], DESC)
)
Revenue_by_State =
CALCULATE(
   SUM('olist_order_items'[price]),
   USERELATIONSHIP('olist_order'[order_id], 'olist_order_items'[order_id])
)
Profit_Ratio = DIVIDE(SUM('olist_order_items'[price]) * 0.2,
SUM('olist_order_items'[price]))
```

olist_order_items	
Measure	Description
Total_Revenue_With_Shipping	Total revenue including shipping costs.
Average_Order_Value	Revenue per order.
Monthly_Revenue	Revenue for the current month.
Revenue_by_Product	Revenue by product category.
# of Orders	Total order lines.
Total_Orders	Distinct orders.
Total_Sales	Total item sales using calendar relationship.
Top_Category	Best-selling product category.
Revenue_by_State	Revenue by customer state (via relationship).
Profit_Ratio	Simplified profit margin (assumed 20% profit on sales).

olist_order_payments

```
Top_Payment_Type =
CALCULATE (
    MAX('olist_order_payments'[payment_type]),
    TOPN(1,
        SUMMARIZE('olist_order_payments',
```

olist_order_payments

Measure Description

olist_products

```
Top Categories by Revenue =
```

```
TOPN(
5,
SUMMARIZE(
olist_order_items,
olist_products[product_category_name],
"Revenue", SUM(olist_order_items[price])
),
[Revenue],
DESC
```

olist_products

Measure Description

Top Categories by Revenue Top 5 product categories by revenue.

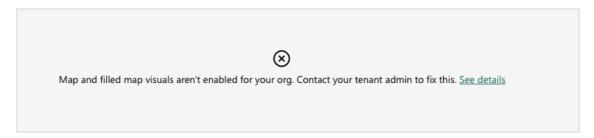
DASHBOARD:

4 pages:

- 1. <u>Overview:</u> summary of key business metrics, including total revenue, total sales, number of orders, and customer count. Visuals: trend lines and word clouds.
- 2. Sales Insights: Focuses on analyzing sales performance across

- product categories and payment methods. This page identifies topselling categories, the most used payment types, and highlights average order values to better understand customer purchasing behavior.
- 3. <u>Sales Distribution:</u> Breaks down sales by geography and customer demographics. This includes revenue and order distribution across states and cities, helping identify regional trends and high-performing areas.

Tried to do some visualizations using map ou filled map but always encountered this warning:



4. <u>Delivery Performance:</u> Evaluates the efficiency and reliability of order deliveries. Displays on-time delivery rates, average delivery time, and trends over time, offering insight into customer satisfaction and operational effectiveness.

