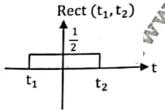
Assignment 1

- Pick the correct option based on statements below
 - (1) The system y(t) = x(t) + x(t + 2) is linear, time-invariant and non-causal
 - (2) The system y(t) = (t-2)x(t+2) is time-variant, non-causal and stable
 - (3) The system y[n] = e^{x[n]} x[n] is nonlinear, time-invariant and memoryless
 - (A) Only (1) & (3) are true
 - (B) Only (1) is true
 - (C) Only (2) is true
 - (D) None of the above
- 2. Consider the signal $x(t) = \sin(2\pi t) + \sin(at)$
 - $x(t) = \sin(2\pi t) + \sin(at)$. It's given that x(t) is periodic, then which of the following is possible value of a.
 - (A) $\sqrt{3}$
- (C) $\frac{3}{2}$
- (B) 2
- (D) None of these
- 3. Given the signal x(t) = u(t) u(t T). Write its conjugate symmetric and anti-symmetric parts in terms of rect (t_1, t_2) which is defined as below.



- (A) rect(-T, T), rect(0,T) rect(-T,0)
- (B) rect(0,T), rect(-T,0) rect(0,T)
- (C) rect(-T, 0), rect(0, T)
- (D) rect(-T,T), rect(-T,0) rect(0,T)
- 4. Based on statements below, pick the correct option.
 - (1) Signal $x[n] = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^n u[n]$ is energy signal

- (2) Signal $x[n] = \sin \omega_0 n$ is both energy & power signal
- (3) x[n] = n u[n] is only power signal
- (A) Only (3) is true (C) Only (2) is true
- (B) Only (1) is true (D) None of these
- 5. Pick the correct option for the system given y[n] = x[n] x[n-1] + 2.
 - (A) System is linear, but time-variant
 - (B) System is causal, but unstable
 - (C) System is memoryless, but non-linear
 - (D) System is time invariant and stable
- 6. Let x(t) be the input and y(t) be the output of continuous time system, match the systems (S_1, S_2, S_3, S_4) with their characterizations (C_1, C_2, C_3, C_4) System Characterization

$$S_1: y(t) = t^3 x(t)$$

C1: Causal, stable,

linear

 S_2 : y(t) = 2 x(t) + 3 C_2 : memoryless, nonlinear, stable

 S_3 : y(t) = x(t-3) C_3 : non-linear, memoryless

 S_4 : y(t) = |x(t)| C_4 : Time variant, linear

- (A) $(S_4, C_3), (S_2, C_4), (S_3, C_2), (S_1, C_1)$
- (B) $(S_4, C_1), (S_2, C_2), (S_3, C_3), (S_4, C_4)$
- (C) $(S_4, C_4), (S_2, C_1), (S_3, C_2), (S_1, C_3)$
- (D) $(S_4, C_2), (S_2, C_3), (S_3, C_1), (S_1, C_4)$
- 7. Given the signal, $x[n] = \{3 + J, 1, 3 J\}$

Based on the statements given below, pick the correct option.

- (1) Conjugate symmetric part of x[n] is {3,1,3}
- (2) Conjugate anti-symmetric part of x[n] is {- J, 0, J}
- (A) Only (1) is true
- (B) Only (2) is true
- (C) Both (1) & (2) are true
- (D) Both (1) & (2) are false

- 8. Consider the signal and its derived version, y[n] = x[3n-2]. Then y[n] is obtained from x[n] by
 - (A) Picking every 3rd sample of x[n] and then delaying by 2 samples
 - (B) Picking every 3rd sample of x[n] and then advancing by 2 samples
 - (C) Delaying by 2 samples and then pick every 3rd sample
 - (D) Advancing by 2 samples and then pick every 3rd sample
- Consider signal x(t)=(1 + sin 100πt)
 cos (200πt). The fundamental frequency
 component in x(t)is _____Hz.
 - (A) 200 Hz
- (C) 50 Hz
- (B) 150 Hz
- (D) 100 Hz
- Pick the correct option out of the following.
 - (A) $x[n] = \delta[n]$ is not energy signal
 - (B) x[n] = u[n] is not power signal
 - (C) $x[n] = e^{-n}u[n]$ is energy signal
 - (D) None of the above
- 11. A discrete time system is described by equation, $y[n] = e^{x^2[n]}$. Then the system is _____
 - (A) Linear and memoryless
 - (B) Non-linear and causal
 - (C) Non-Linear and stable
 - (D) None of the above
- 12. A discrete-time system is described by the equation, y[n] = f[n] x[n] + g[n].For a given f[n] and g[n], the system is
 - (A) Stable if f[n] and g[n] are first order polynomials in n
 - (B) Linear if g[n] is constant
 - (C) Time invariant if f[n] is of form an + b and g[n] = 0
 - (D) Memoryless for any f[n] & g[n]

- 13. Which of the following is energy signal, but not power signal?
 - (A) $a^n u[n]; a < 1$
- (C) u(t)
- (B) $\sin \omega_0 n$
- (D) t u(t)
- 14. Which of following discrete-time signals given has period of 3/2?
 - (A) $e^{J\left(\frac{4\pi}{3}n\right)}$
- (C) $cos(6\pi n)$
- (B) $\sin\left(\frac{6\pi}{5}n\right)$
- (D) None of these
- A continuous time system is described by

$$Y(t) = f\left(\int_{\infty}^{t} x(t)\right)$$
. Where,

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 20 & \text{for } x \ge 20 \\ -20 & \text{for } x \le -20 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

Then system is _____

- (A) Causal and stable
- (B) Non causal and unstable
- (C) Linear and stable
- (D) Linear and non-causal
- 16. A discrete-time system is described by

$$y[n] = \begin{cases} \sum_{m=1}^{n} f[m] x[m] & \text{if } m \ge 0 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

For which of the following f[n], system is stable.

- (A) n u[n]
- (C) $\sin \omega_0 n u[n]$
- (B) $e^n u[n]$
- (D) $e^{-n} u[n]$
- 17. Consider two signals, $x(t) = \sin(2\pi t)$ and $y[n] = e^{j2\pi n}$. Consider the following characterisations as related to x(t) and y[n].
 - (1) One is continuous –time & other is discrete-time signal
 - (2) One is periodic & other is non-periodic
 - (3) One is even & other is odd Choose the correct option below
 - (A) Only (1) is true
 - (B) Only (1) & (2) are true
 - (C) Only(1) & (3) are true
 - (D) None of the above

18. Consider the system,

$$y[n] = \begin{cases} x[n] - x[n-1] & \text{for } n \ge 1 \\ x[n] & \text{for } n = 0 \\ 0 & \text{else} \end{cases}$$

Then the system is ____

- (A) Linear and time -variant-
- (B) Causal and stable
- (C) Both (A) & (B) are true
- (D) None of the above
- Pick the correct option out of the following
 - (A) Causality implies memory less property
 - (B) BIBO stability implies bounded output for any input (bounded /unbounded)
 - (C) Time-invariance implies same output for any delayed input
 - (D) None of the above
- 20. Consider a continuous-time system described by the following Input-output relation

$$y(t) = \frac{1}{T} \int_{t-T/2}^{t+T/2} x(\tau) d\tau; T \in \mathbb{R}^{+}$$

The system is ___

- (A) Non-linear
- (C) Causal
- (B) Time-variant
- (D) Stable
- 21. Consider the following statements as $\text{related to signal } x[n] = e^{\left(J\frac{\pi}{3}n\right)} \, u[n]$
 - (1) x[n] is energy signal
 - (2) x[n] is power signal

Then pick the correct option as related to correctness of above statements

- (A) Only (1) Is True
- (B) Only (2) Is True
- (C) Both (1) and (2) are true
- (D) None of the above

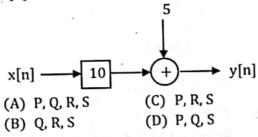
- 22. Find the conjugate symmetric part of the signal, $x(t) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^t u(t)$?
 - (A) $\frac{1}{2}(2^{-t}u(t) + 2^{t}u(-t))$
 - (B) $\frac{1}{2}(2^t u(t) + 2^{-t} u(-t))$
 - (C) $\frac{1}{2} \left(2^t + \left(\frac{1}{2} \right)^{-t} \right) u(t)$
 - (D) None of the above
- Pick the correct statement of the following as related to discrete time signal, x[n].
 - (A) If x[n] is conjugate symmetric, $x[0] \neq 0$
 - (B) If x[n] is conjugate skew symmetric, x[0] = 0
 - (C) If $n \notin z$, x[n] = 0
 - (D) None of the above

Assignment 2

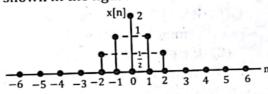
- 1. Consider the signal; $x[n] = (-0.5)^n u[n]$. Consider the following statements as related to above signal.
 - x[n] is energy signal
 - (2) x[n] is not power signal Pick the correct option as related to above statements.
 - (A) Only (1) is true
 - (B) Only (2) is true
 - (C) Both (1) & (2) are true
 - (D) Both (1) & (2) are false
- Which of the following can be a Fourier series expansion of periodic signal.
 - (A) $x(t) = \cos(t) + \sin(t) + \sin(2t)$
 - (B) $x(t) = \cos(t) + \sin(\sqrt{3}t) + \cos(2t)$
 - (C) $x(t) = cos(\pi t) + cos(2\pi t) + sin(\pi t) + sin(50\pi t)$
 - (D) $x(t) = \cos(\sqrt{3}t) + \sin(5\sqrt{3}t)$
- 3. Let P be linearity, Q be time invariance, R be causality and S be stability.

Figure shows the relationship between discrete time input x[n] and output y[n]. Choose the options which match the properties for system.

x[n] as shown in figure.

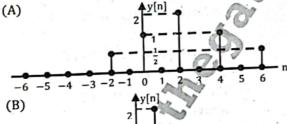


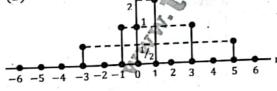
Statement for Linked Answer Q.No. 4 & 5 A sequence x(n) has non-zero values as shown in the figure.

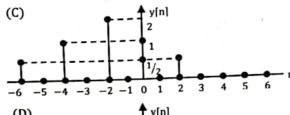


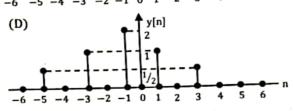
4. Find the sequence of

 $y[n] = \begin{cases} x \left(\frac{n}{2} - 1\right) & \text{for n even} \\ 0 & \text{for n odd} \end{cases}$ (A) $\frac{Ay[n]}{A}$









- 5. The Fourier transform of y[2n] will be
 - (A) $e^{-2j\omega}$ [cos $4\omega + 2\cos 2\omega + 2$]
 - (B) $[\cos 2\omega + 2\cos \omega + 2]$
 - (C) $e^{-j\omega} \left[\cos 2\omega + 2\cos \omega + 2\right]$
 - (D) $e^{-2j\omega} [\cos 2\omega + 2\cos \omega + 2]$
- The continuous-time system,

$$y(t) = x(t-1)\cos(10\pi t)$$
 is _____

- (A) Linear and non-causal
- (B) Causal & unstable
- (C) Non-invertible & time-variant
- (D) Memoryless and linear
- Which of the systems given in the options below is linear, time-variant and has memory.

(A)
$$y[n] = x^2[n-2]$$

(B)
$$y(t) = x(2t)$$

(C)
$$y[n] = e^{x[n-1]}$$

(D)
$$y(t) = x(t) x(t-1)$$

Which of the following discrete-time system is invertible.

(A)
$$y[n] = \sin(2x[n])$$

(B)
$$y[n] = x^2[n] + x[n]$$

(C)
$$y[n] = 2x[n] + 5$$

(b)
$$y[n] = x^3[n] + x^4[n]$$

consider the signals given below;

$$x_1(t) = \sin(t) + \sin(2\pi t)$$

$$x_2(t) = \sin(t) + \sin(3t)$$

$$x_3(t) = \sin(\sqrt{3}t) + \sin(5\sqrt{3}t)$$

$$x_4(t) = \sin(t) + \sin(\sqrt{3}t)$$

Which of the above signals are periodic.

- (A) Only $x_2(t)$ and $x_3(t)$ are periodic
- (B) Only $x_1(t)$ and $x_4(t)$ are periodic
- (C) Only x₂(t) is periodic
- (D) Only $x_3(t)$ and $x_1(t)$ are periodic

10. Match the systems in List I with characterization in List II

List I	List II
A. y(t)	(1) non-linear,
=(t+4)x(t-1)	time-invariant &
	stable
B. $y(t) = x(t) $	(2) linear,
* . T-010M	time-variant,
The William	causal & unstable
C. $y(t) = x^4(t+1)$	(3) non-linear,
5 - 1-2	stable, has
2007 6 4 1, 1	memory

- (A) A 2; B 3; C 1
- (B) A 1; B 2; C 3
- (C) A 2; B 1; C 3
- (D) A 1; B 3; C 2
- 11. Consider the signals

$$x(t) = \sin(\pi t) + \cos(2t)$$
 and

$$y[n] \ = \ e^{j\frac{\pi}{3}n} \ + \ cos \ \Big(\frac{\pi}{4n}\Big)u[n].$$

Pick the correct option as related to above Signals.

- (A) Only x(t) is periodic
- (B) Only y[n], is periodic
- (C) Both x(t) and y[n] are periodic
- (D) None of the above
- Consider the following statements as related to signal,x[n]
 - (1) If x[n] is conjugate skew-symmetric, x[0] must be 0
 - (2) If x[n] is conjugate symmetric, x[0] must be real

Pick the correct option as related to above statements.

- (A) Only (1) is true
- (B) Only (2) is true
- (C) Both (1) & (2) are true
- (D) Both (1) & (2) are false
- 13. The value of the integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{+6} e^{-2t} \delta(t-1) dt \text{ is equal to} \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$