

IDroo



Abc



Untitled board



Natural linear program for discrepancy of pixels.

Solve for the variables  $x_i$ 's.

$x_i$ : -1 (red), or +1 (blue) for each color of pixel  $i$ .

find a feasible solution with the constraints:

for each curve  $S$ :  $\sum_{\text{pixel } i \text{ in } S} x_i \leq \lambda$   
 $\sum_{\text{pixel } i \text{ in } S} x_i \geq -\lambda$

where  $\lambda$  is the discrepancy that we want to have.

For example, by the shifting argument, we can assume that there are only  $O(n^2)$  curves  $S$  for which we have to write the above inequality.

So it will take  $O(n^3)$  time to write the integer program.

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Just because of  $O(n^2)$  different possibilities, we know that eps-approximations can give you a random sample that works, of size  $O(1/\epsilon^2)$ .

To go below that - in other words,  $O(1/\epsilon^{4/3})$  - we have to solve the discrepancy problems.

Right now, we don't see how to do that efficiently.