

## Backend Development Technical Test

**Objective:** To evaluate your skills in Node.js, Express, and MongoDB through the development of a RESTful API project.

**Time Limit:** 3 hours

### Instructions:

- Create a GitHub repository for this project and commit your code regularly.
- Provide clear setup instructions in a README file.
- Ensure your code is well-documented and follows best practices.
- Write unit tests for your endpoints.
- Pay attention to performance, security, and code quality.

### Project Description

Create a comprehensive RESTful API using Node.js, Express, and MongoDB. The API should include three endpoints with the following requirements:

1. **Complex API: User Management with Role-Based Filtering and Activity Status**
  - **Endpoint:** GET /users
  - **Description:** Fetch a list of users with their roles and activity status. Implement role-based filtering and activity status filtering.
  - **Requirements:**
    - Fetch users along with their roles and activity status.
    - If a role query parameter is provided (e.g., /users?role=admin), only users with that role should be returned.
    - If an active query parameter is provided (e.g., /users?active=true), filter users based on their activity status.
    - Combine role-based and activity status filtering when both query parameters are provided.
    - Include pagination support with page and limit query parameters.
    - Include sorting by created\_at and name query parameters.
    - Ensure the API handles large datasets efficiently and includes proper indexing in the database.

### Example Request:

http

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GET /users?role=admin&active=true&page=1&limit=10&sort=created\_at

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### Example Response:

json

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```
[
  {
    "id": 1,
    "name": "John Doe",
    "email": "john@example.com",
    "role": "admin",
    "is_active": true,
    "created_at": "2024-01-01T00:00:00.000Z"
  },
  ...
]
```

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## 2. Create Product API

- **Endpoint:** POST /products
- **Description:** Create a new product in the database.
- **Requirements:**
  - Insert a new product.
  - Validate the request body to ensure all required fields are provided.
  - Ensure the product category exists in a predefined list of categories.
  - If the product price is above a certain threshold (e.g., \$1000), require an additional field `approval_code`.
  - Return the created product's details in the response.

### Example Request:

http

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POST /products

```
{
  "name": "New Product",
  "description": "A brand new product",
  "category": "electronics",
  "price": 199.99,
  "available": true
}
```

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### Example Request with Approval Code:

http

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POST /products

```
{
  "name": "Expensive Product",
  "description": "A very expensive product",
  "category": "electronics",
  "price": 1500.00,
  "available": true,
  "approval_code": "APPROVED123"
}
```

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### Example Response:

json

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```
{
  "id": 4,
  "name": "New Product",
  "description": "A brand new product",
  "category": "electronics",
  "price": 199.99,
  "available": true,
  "created_at": "2024-01-01T00:00:00.000Z"
}
```

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## Implementation Guidelines

### 1. Setup Instructions:

- Use Node.js and Express for the backend.
- Use MongoDB as the database.
- Use Mongoose as the ODM (Object Data Modeling) library.
- Implement authentication and authorization using JWT (JSON Web Tokens).

### 2. Endpoints to Implement:

- GET /users with role-based and activity status filtering, pagination, and sorting.
- GET /customers/orders with a weekly breakdown of orders.
- POST /products to create a new product.

### 3. Requirements:

- Properly structure the API endpoints with appropriate error handling and validation.
- Implement efficient MongoDB queries and use aggregation pipelines where required.
- Ensure the API handles large datasets and complex queries efficiently.
- Write unit tests for the APIs using a testing framework like Mocha, Chai, or Jest.
- Document the API endpoints and provide setup instructions in a README file.

## Evaluation Criteria

### 1. Logical Thinking and Problem-Solving:

- Ability to design efficient and scalable APIs.
- Handling of complex filtering, sorting, and pagination requirements.
- Implementation of dynamic query building based on user input.

### 2. Technical Proficiency:

- Code quality and structure.
- Proper use of MongoDB queries, functions, and aggregation pipelines.
- Error handling, validation, and security measures.
- Efficient database design and indexing.

### 3. Documentation and Readability:

- Clarity and completeness of the README file.
- In-code documentation and comments.

### 4. Testing and Validation:

- Implementation of unit tests and test coverage.
- Proper handling of edge cases and input validation.

### 5. Performance and Optimization:

- Efficient handling of large datasets.

## Additional Resources

### Setup Prerequisites:

- Node.js v14+ and npm
- MongoDB v4.4+

### Environment Variables:

Create a `.env` file with the following variables:

`env`

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`MONGODB_URI=mongodb://localhost:27017/yourdbname`

`JWT_SECRET=your_jwt_secret`

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**Database Seed Data:** Use the following script to populate the MongoDB collections:

javascript

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```
// seed.js
const mongoose = require('mongoose');
const { Schema } = mongoose;

const roleSchema = new Schema({ name: { type: String, unique: true }
});
const userSchema = new Schema({
  name: String,
  email: { type: String, unique: true },
  role_id: { type: Schema.Types.ObjectId, ref: 'Role' },
  created_at: { type: Date, default: Date.now }
});
const userActivitySchema = new Schema({
  user_id: { type: Schema.Types.ObjectId, ref: 'User' },
  last_active: Date,
  is_active: { type: Boolean, default: true }
});
const customerSchema = new Schema({
  name: String,
  email: { type: String, unique: true },
  created_at: { type: Date, default: Date.now }
});
const orderSchema = new Schema({
  customer_id: { type: Schema.Types.ObjectId, ref: 'Customer' },
  total_amount: Number,
  created_at: { type: Date, default: Date.now }
});
const productSchema = new Schema({
  name: String,
  description: String,
  category: String,
  price: Number,
  available: { type: Boolean, default: true },
  created_at: { type: Date, default: Date.now }
});
```

```
const Role = mongoose.model('Role', roleSchema);
const User = mongoose.model('User', userSchema);
const UserActivity = mongoose.model('UserActivity',
userActivitySchema);
const Customer = mongoose.model('Customer', customerSchema);
const Order = mongoose.model('Order', orderSchema);
const Product = mongoose.model('Product', productSchema);

mongoose.connect(process.env.MONGODB_URI, { useNewUrlParser: true,
useUnifiedTopology: true });

async function seedData() {
  await Role.deleteMany({});
  await User.deleteMany({});
  await UserActivity.deleteMany({});
  await Customer.deleteMany({});
  await Order.deleteMany({});
  await Product.deleteMany({});

  const roles = await Role.insertMany([
    { name: 'admin' },
    { name: 'user' },
    { name: 'guest' }
  ]);

  const users = await User.insertMany([
    { name: 'Admin User', email: 'admin@example.com', role_id:
roles[0]._id },
    { name: 'Regular User', email: 'user@example.com', role_id:
roles[1]._id },
    { name: 'Guest User', email: 'guest@example.com', role_id:
roles[2]._id }
  ]);

  await UserActivity.insertMany([
    { user_id: users[0]._id, last_active: new Date(), is_active: true
},
```

```

    { user_id: users[1]._id, last_active: new Date(), is_active: true
  },
    { user_id: users[2]._id, last_active: new Date(), is_active: false
  }
]);

const customers = await Customer.insertMany([
  { name: 'Customer One', email: 'customer1@example.com' },
  { name: 'Customer Two', email: 'customer2@example.com' }
]);

await Order.insertMany([
  { customer_id: customers[0]._id, total_amount: 100.00 },
  { customer_id: customers[0]._id, total_amount: 200.00 },
  { customer_id: customers[1]._id, total_amount: 300.00 }
]);

await Product.insertMany([
  { name: 'Product One', description: 'Description One', category:
'electronics', price: 500.00, available: true },
  { name: 'Product Two', description: 'Description Two', category:
'home', price: 150.00, available: true }
]);

mongoose.disconnect();
}

seedData().catch(err => console.error(err));

```

To run the seed script, create a `seed.js` file and execute it using `node seed.js`.

**Running Tests:** To run your tests, use the following command:

```

bash
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npm test

```

Good luck, and we look forward to reviewing your submission!

