

Answer 1

stationary point  $\Rightarrow$  gradient of  $L$  error surface is zero

$$h(a) = \tanh h(a)$$

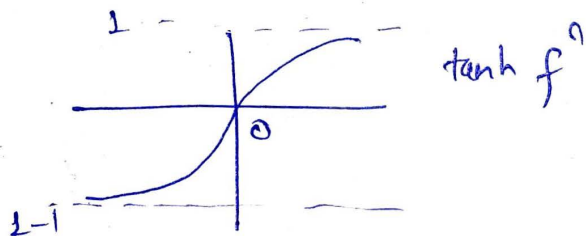
$$\tanh(a) = \frac{e^a - e^{-a}}{e^a + e^{-a}} \quad (\text{activation } f' \text{ of range } -1, 1)$$

derivative of  $\tanh f'$

$$h'(a) = 1 - h(a)^2$$

$$SSE = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{k=1}^K (y_k - t_k)^2$$

$\begin{cases} y_k \rightarrow \text{output unit} \\ t_k \rightarrow \text{corresponding target} \end{cases}$



of weight space

for origin space  $L$  to be stationary of the tanh activation  $f'$  where all partial derivative are zero.

so from the above we can conclude that if initial weight are zero then origin of weight space is stationary.