Logistic Regression Project - Solutions

In this project we will be working with a fake advertising data set, indicating whether or not a particular internet user clicked on an Advertisement on a company website. We will try to create a model that will predict whether or not they will click on an ad based off the features of that user.

This data set contains the following features:

- 'Daily Time Spent on Site': consumer time on site in minutes
- 'Age': cutomer age in years
- 'Area Income': Avg. Income of geographical area of consumer
- 'Daily Internet Usage': Avg. minutes a day consumer is on the internet
- 'Ad Topic Line': Headline of the advertisement
- 'City': City of consumer
- 'Male': Whether or not consumer was male
- 'Country': Country of consumer
- 'Timestamp': Time at which consumer clicked on Ad or closed window
- 'Clicked on Ad': 0 or 1 indicated clicking on Ad

Import Libraries

Import a few libraries you think you'll need (Or just import them as you go along!)

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
%matplotlib inline
```

Get the Data

Read in the advertising.csv file and set it to a data frame called ad_data.

```
In [4]: ad_data = pd.read_csv('advertising.csv')
In [1:
```

Check the head of ad_data

Out [5]

```
In [5]: ad_data.head()
```

]:		Daily Time Spent on Site	Age	Area Income	Daily Internet Usage	Ad Topic Line	City	Male	Country	Timestamp	Clicked on Ad
_	0	68.95	35	61833.90	256.09	Cloned 5thgeneration orchestration	Wrightburgh	0	Tunisia	2016-03-27 00:53:11	0
	1	80.23	31	68441.85	193.77	Monitored national standardization	West Jodi	1	Nauru	2016-04-04 01:39:02	0
	2	69.47	26	59785.94	236.50	Organic bottom-line service-desk	Davidton	0	San Marino	2016-03-13 20:35:42	0
	3	74.15	29	54806.18	245.89	Triple-buffered reciprocal time-frame	West Terrifurt	1	Italy	2016-01-10 02:31:19	0
	4	68.37	35	73889.99	225.58	Robust logistical utilization	South Manuel	0	Iceland	2016-06-03 03:36:18	0

Use info and describe() on ad_data

memory usage: 78.2+ KB

```
ad_data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
```

```
Data columns (total 10 columns):
Daily Time Spent on Site
                            1000 non-null float64
                            1000 non-null int64
Age
                            1000 non-null float64
Area Income
                            1000 non-null float64
Daily Internet Usage
                            1000 non-null object
Ad Topic Line
                            1000 non-null object
City
                            1000 non-null int64
Male
                            1000 non-null object
Country
                            1000 non-null object
Timestamp
                            1000 non-null int64
Clicked on Ad
dtypes: float64(3), int64(3), object(4)
```

In [6]:

0ut

ad_data.describe()

t[6]:		Daily Time Spent on Site	Age	Area Income	Daily Internet Usage	Male	Clicked on Ad
	count	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.000000	1000.00000
	mean	65.000200	36.009000	55000.000080	180.000100	0.481000	0.50000
	std	15.853615	8.785562	13414.634022	43.902339	0.499889	0.50025
	min	32.600000	19.000000	13996.500000	104.780000	0.000000	0.00000
	25%	51.360000	29.000000	47031.802500	138.830000	0.000000	0.00000
	50%	68.215000	35.000000	57012.300000	183.130000	0.000000	0.50000
	75%	78.547500	42.000000	65470.635000	218.792500	1.000000	1.00000
	max	91.430000	61.000000	79484.800000	269.960000	1.000000	1.00000

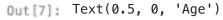
Exploratory Data Analysis

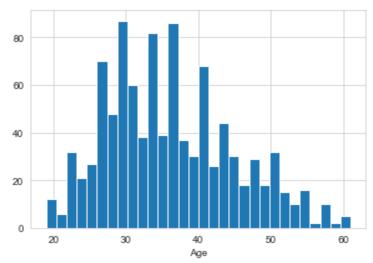
Let's use seaborn to explore the data!

Try recreating the plots shown below!

Create a histogram of the Age

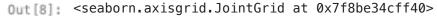
```
In [7]:
    sns.set_style('whitegrid')
    ad_data['Age'].hist(bins=30)
    plt.xlabel('Age')
```

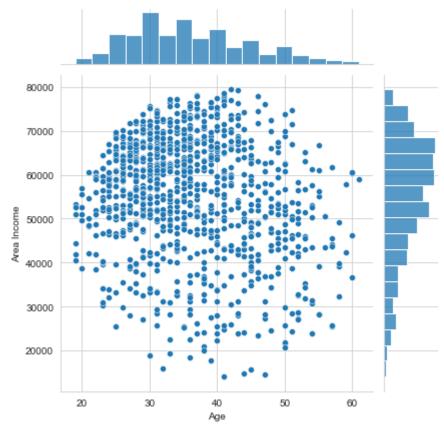




Create a jointplot showing Area Income versus Age.

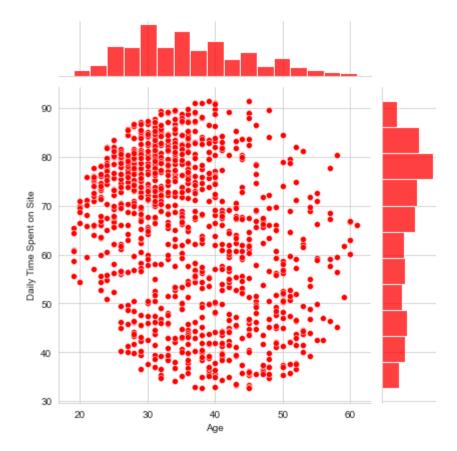
```
In [8]: sns.jointplot(x='Age',y='Area Income',data=ad_data)
```





Create a jointplot showing the kde distributions of Daily Time spent on site vs. Age.

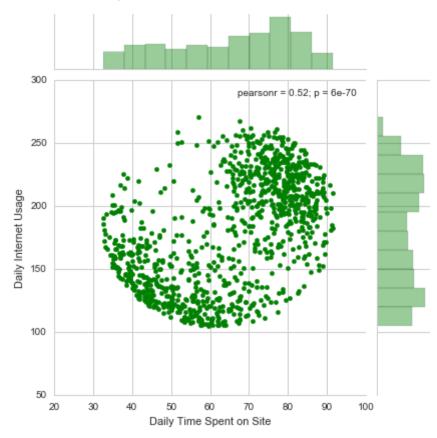
```
In [11]: sns.jointplot(x='Age',y='Daily Time Spent on Site',data=ad_data,color='red',kind='scatter');
```



Create a jointplot of 'Daily Time Spent on Site' vs. 'Daily Internet Usage'

```
In [72]: sns.jointplot(x='Daily Time Spent on Site',y='Daily Internet Usage',data=ad_data,color='green')
```

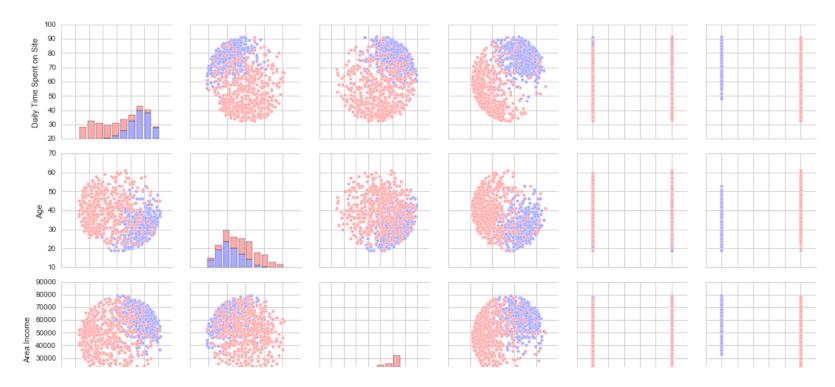
Out[72]: <seaborn.axisgrid.JointGrid at 0x121e8cb00>



Finally, create a pairplot with the hue defined by the 'Clicked on Ad' column feature.

```
In [841:
sns.pairplot(ad_data,hue='Clicked on Ad',palette='bwr')
```

Out[84]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x12a97fdd8>



Logistic Regression

Now it's time to do a train test split, and train our model!

You'll have the freedom here to choose columns that you want to train on!

Split the data into training set and testing set using train_test_split

Predictions and Evaluations

Now predict values for the testing data.

0.91

0.91

0.91

```
In [18]:
          predictions = logmodel.predict(X_test)
         Create a classification report for the model.
In [95]:
          from sklearn.metrics import classification_report
In [96]:
          print(classification_report(y_test,predictions))
                       precision
                                    recall f1-score
                                                        support
                            0.87
                                                 0.91
                                      0.96
                                                            162
                                                            168
                            0.96
                                      0.86
                                                 0.91
```

330

Great Job!

avg / total