How to Do Your Own Analysis of the Kernel Development

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Bitergia

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Bitergia: analytics for your peace of mind

Started operations in July 2012
Builds on the experience of LibreSoft R&D group
Offering professional products and services
Focused on:

- Metrics dashboards about software development (including community metrics)
- Specific studies and reports (based on metrics and facts collection)

http://bitergia.com http://blog.bitergia.com



Free software is (in many cases) special

Source code available Open development model (usually)

- Many details about the internals of the development process
- Intense use of tools for coordination
- Lots of information is tracked, and available

Developers & users communities are important

- sustainability
- pooling of resources
- innovation



Measuring, measuring, measuring

Information about code, community, development can be retrieved, organized, analyzed

Metrics-tracked processes

Quantitative, objective data: facts, not opinions Specific questions can be answered Several areas of interest:

- Developers:
 Understanding, improving development processes
 Early detection of potential problems, bad smells
- Community:
 General activity, contributions
 Long-term sustainability, evolution, reaction to issues



But data has to be extracted, mined...

Data lives in repositories not always designed to release all their data easily:

tools are needed to retrieve and extract it

Data includes many complexities and details

tools are needed to filter, organize it



But data has to be analyzed, visualized...

Casual observation is not enough, analysis is needed:

tools are needed for statistical and other kinds of analysis

Analysis is not enough, visualization may help:

tools are needed for interactive visualization



The MetricsGrimoire approach

Set of tools specialized in retrieving information from different kinds of repositories. Among them:

- CVSAnalY: source code management (CVS, Subversion, git, etc.)
- Bicho: issue tracking systems (Bugzilla, Jira, SourceForge, Allura, Launchpad, etc.)
- MLStats: mailing lists (mbox files, Mailman archives, etc.)

Store all the information in SQL databases with similar structure

http://metricsgrimoire.github.i

The vizGrimoire approach

Set of tools for analyzing and visualizing data produced by MetricsGrimoire:

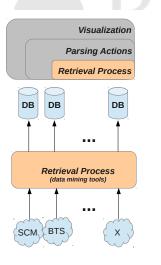
- vizGrimoireR: R package for analysis and producing JSON files
- vizGrimoireJS: JavaScript library for visualizing JSON files
- Several dashboards: based on vizGrimoireJS

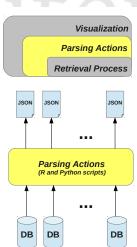
From SQL to JSON to visualization

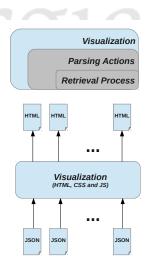
http://vizgrimoire.github.io



The *Grimoire combination







MetricsGrimoire: CVSAnalY

- Browses an SCM repository producing a database with:
 - ► All metainformation (commit records, etc.)
 - ► Metrics for each release of each file
- Also produces some tables suitable for specific analysis
- Multiple SCMs: CVS, svn, git (Bazaar, Mercurial through git)
- Whole history in the database, it's possible to rebuild the files tree for any revision
- Tags and branches support
- Option to save the log to a file while parsing
- Extensions system, incremental capabilities
- Multiple database system support (MySQL and SQLife)



MetricsGrimoire: CVSAnalY extensions

- Extension: a "plugin" for CVSAnalY
- Add information to the database, based in the information in the database and maybe the repository
- Usually: new tables for specific studies
- Simple example: commits per month per commiter
- Extensions add one or more tables to the database but they never modify the existing ones



MetricsGrimoire: CVSAnalY extensions

Some examples:

- FileTypes: adds a table containing information about the type of every file in the database (code, documentation, i18n, etc.)
- Metrics: analyzes every revision of every file calculating metrics like sloc and complexity metrics (mccabe, halstead). It currently supports metrics for C/C++, Python, Java and ADA.
- CommitsLOC: adds a new table with information about the total lines added/removed for every commit



MetricsGrimoire: Bicho

Parsing issue tracking systems
Results stored in a MySQL database
Information about each issue (ticket), and its
modifications

Currently it supports:

- SourceForge (HTML parsing)
- Bugzilla: GNOME, KDE, others
- Jira, Allura, Launchpad, GitHub, RedMine (API)

Incremental

Supports Gerrit as well (code review)



MetricsGrimoire: MailingListStats

Parses mbox information (RFC 822)

Deals with Mailman archives

Stores results (headers, body) in a MySQL database:

- Sender, CCs, etc.
- Time / Date
- Subject
- ...

Incremental

Can store multiple projects in a single database



vizGrimoireR & vizGrimoireJS

Once information is retrieved, and is in a format suitable for querying:

- it can be queried directly in the database
- it can be analyzed from R
- it can be filtered, manually inspected, improved
- it can be combined, cross-analyzed
- it can be visualized

Milking the databases, producing dashboards



Now...

Bitergia

...howto for the Linux kernel



Data sources used

Git snapshot with changes since 1992, by Yoann Padioleau

- reliable about individual changes since 2002)
- updated (git pull) up to September 2013

```
http://archive.org/details/git-history-of-linux git://git.kernel.org/pub/scm/linux/kernel/git/torvalds/ linux.git
```

Gmane linux-kernel mailing list

http://dir.gmane.org/gmane.linux.kernel





Running the tools: getting MetricsGrimoire

Get source code from GitHub repositories and follow instructions

...or...

run metricsgrimoire-setup.py

https://github.com/VizGrimoire/VizGrimoireR/blob/master/misc/metricsgrimoire-setup.py



Running the tools: CVSAnalY (git)

- Get the git repo with historic information
- Run CVSAnalY to populate cvsanalydb database

```
wget http://archive.org/download/
  git-history-of-linux/full-history-linux.git.tar
tar xvf full-history-linux.git.tar
cd full-history-linux
git pull
[Create databases cvsanalydb]
cvsanaly2 -u user -p XXX -d cvsanalydb \
  --extensions=FileTypes,CommitsLOC .
[From vizGrimoireR/misc, >5,000 dup ids found]
unifypeople.py -u user -p XXX -d cvsanalydb
```



Running the tools: MLStats (mailing list)

```
[From vizGrimoireR/examples/linux]
get-gmane-archive.sh
mlstats --db-user=user --db-password=XXX \\
   --db-admin-user=adminuser --db-admin-password=XXX \\
   --db-name=mlstatsdb \\
   mail_dir
```



Running the tools: Producing a basic dashboard

Installation of vizGrimoireR as package for R

https://github.com/VizGrimoire/VizGrimoireR/wiki

Produce all the files for the dashboard

```
[ in vizGrimoireR directory, run R scripts to produce JSON ]
vizGrimoireJS/run_scripts-linuxkernel.sh
[ get HTML (JavaScript, HTML, CSS) files for dashboard ]
git clone git@github.com:VizGrimoire/VizGrimoireJS.git \
    linux-dashboard
cd linux-dashboard
git checkout linux
[ copy JSON files produced above ]
cp ../json/* ./data/json
```

Export the directory via HTTP Access it your favorite web browser

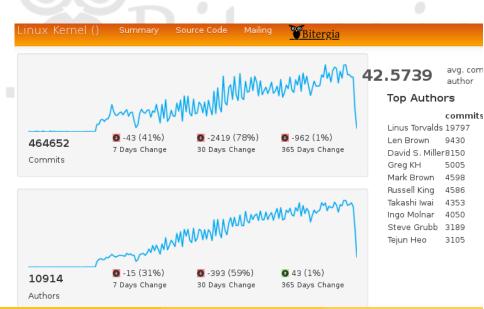


Basic dashboard



Limited functionality, work in progress http://bitergia.com/public/previews/2013_10_linux/browser

Basic dashboard (git)

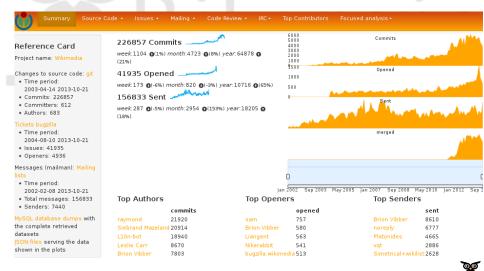


Basic dashboard (mailing list)





A more complete dashboard: MediaWiki



Case: Activity per directory in git repository

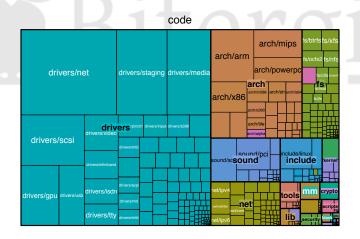
Three CVSAnalY tables involved:

- scmlog: metadata for each commit (author, date, ...)
- actions: metadata for each action on a file (file, commit, ...)
- file_links: metadata for each file (name, path, ...)

Group all actions involving files under a certain subdirectory, calculate number of actions and (distinct) authors involved

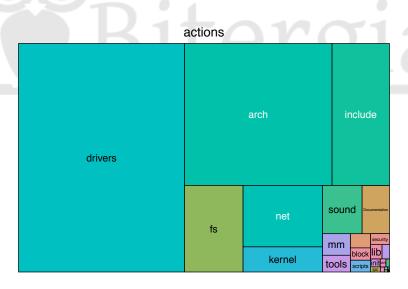


Size (LOC) per subdirectory



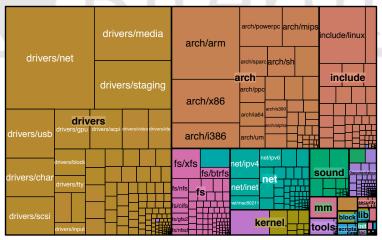
cloc –csv –skip-uniqueness –by-file

Changes per directory

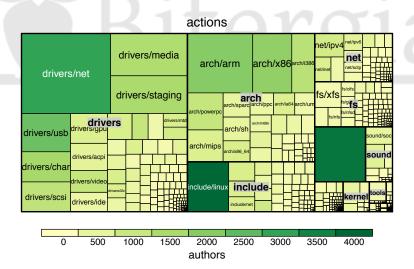


Changes per directory: more detail

actions

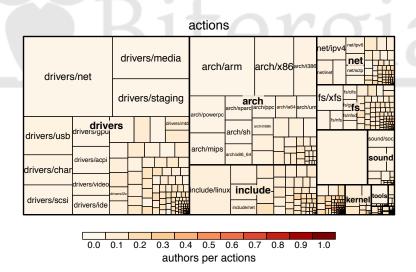


Changes per directory: color is number of authors





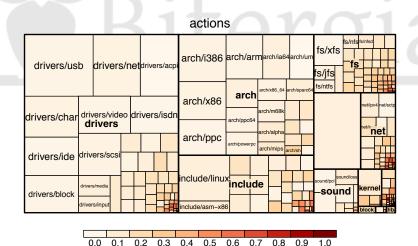
Changes per directory: color is density of authors







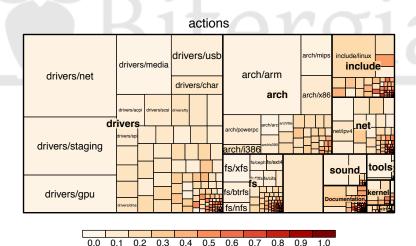
Changes per directory: 2002



authors per actions



Changes per directory: 2013



authors per actions





Case: experience of developers

Different ids for same developers have to be merged

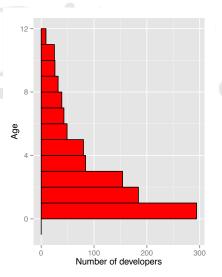
- simple heuristics
- $\bullet > 5,000$ dup ids for about 10,000 devels

```
https://github.com/VizGrimoire/VizGrimoireR/blob/master/misc/unifypeople.py
```

Three CVSAnalY tables involved:

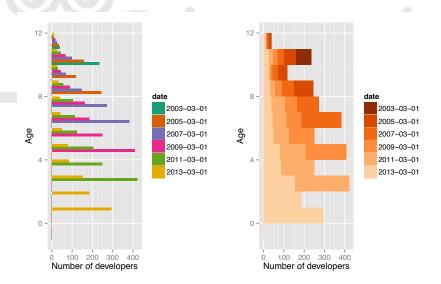
- scmlog: metadata for each commit (author, date, ...)
- people: metadata for ids corresponding to developers
- upeople: 'unified' ids for developers

Calculate 'age in project' for active developers at a certain spot in time, grouping them by 'generations'



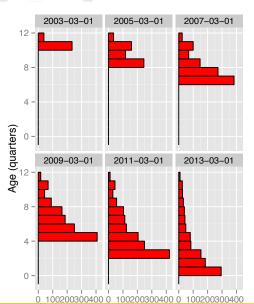
Generations (active authors of commits), March 1st, 2013



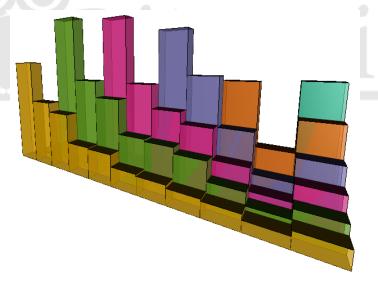


Comparison for pyramids every two years









3D version of pyramids every two years



Case: where do developers work?

Study on mailing list:

- assumption: time zones of mail tools are correct
- time zones correspond roughly to geographical areas

```
http:
//en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Time_zone#UTC_offsets_worldwide
```

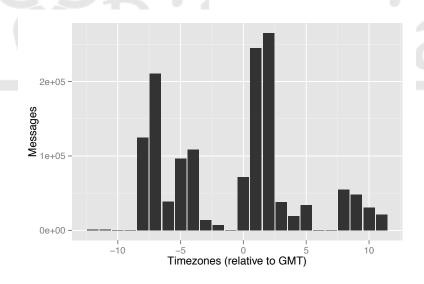
- Americas: GMT-8 to GMT-2 (US/Canada: -8 to -4)
- Europe/Africa/Middle East: GMT to GMT+5
- East Asia/Australia: GMT+8 to GMT+11

All the info in one MLStats table:

• messages: main headers of each message

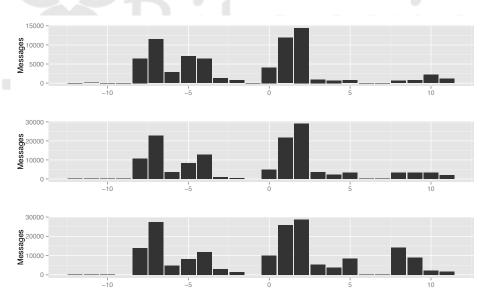


Timezone origin of messages





Timezone origin of messages (2002, 2007, 2012)



Run MetricsGrimoire on the repositories, get your own databases

Use our databases, use vizGrimoire to run your own analysis, produce your own visualizations

Use our analysis scripts, modify them for your own purposes



Have you learned something useful?

[I would love to know what interested you the most]
[...and the least]

Code for the examples on the Linux kernel: https://github.com/ VizGrimoire/VizGrimoireR/tree/master/examples/linux Databases: http://bitergia.com/public/previews/2013_10_linux/ browser/data/d