

# **EXPERIMENT NO : 09**

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Batch\_T22

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**Aim:** To understand Docker Architecture and Container Life Cycle, install Docker and execute docker commands to manage images and interact with containers

## **Theory:**

What is Docker?

Docker is a platform that allows developers to build, package, and deploy applications in lightweight, portable containers. These containers include everything needed to run an application, such as code, runtime, system tools, libraries, and dependencies.

## **Containerization Technology**

Containers are isolated environments where applications run independently. Unlike traditional virtualization, which requires separate operating systems for each application, containers share the host OS kernel, making them faster and more efficient.

## **Docker Architecture**

Docker follows a client-server architecture consisting of the following key components:  
Docker Client

It is the command-line interface (CLI) that allows users to interact with Docker. Commands such as docker run, docker build, and docker stop are executed through the client.

## **Docker Daemon (dockerd)**

It runs in the background and manages Docker containers, images, volumes, and networks.

It listens for requests from the Docker Client and executes commands.

## **Docker Images**

A Docker image is a read-only template containing the application code, libraries, and dependencies.

- Images are created using Dockerfiles, which define the steps to build an image.

Images are stored in Docker Hub or private repositories.

## **Docker Containers**

A container is an instance of a Docker image running as an isolated process on a host machine.

Containers are lightweight, portable, and can be started, stopped, or removed as needed.

## Docker Registry

It is a storage system for Docker images.

The public registry, Docker Hub, provides access to a vast collection of pre-built images.

Users can also create private registries for security and control.

## Docker Container Life Cycle

The **life cycle of a container** follows these steps:

**Create** – A container is created from an image using the docker create command.

**Start** – The container starts running using the docker start command.

**Run** – A new container can be started directly using docker run.

**Pause/Unpause** – Containers can be temporarily paused and resumed.

**Stop** – The container can be stopped using docker stop.

**Restart** – A stopped container can be restarted.

**Kill** – A container can be forcefully stopped using docker kill.

**Remove** – Containers that are no longer needed can be deleted using docker rm.

## Benefits of Docker

### Portability

Containers can run on any platform that supports Docker.

Applications behave consistently across different environments.

### Efficiency

Containers share the host OS kernel, reducing overhead and improving performance.

They consume fewer resources compared to virtual machines.

### Isolation

Each container runs in its own isolated environment, preventing dependency conflicts.

### Scalability

Applications can be scaled up quickly by launching multiple containers.

Docker enables automatic load balancing in large-scale deployments.

### Consistency

Ensures that the application runs the same way in development, testing, and production.

Eliminates the "works on my machine" problem.

#### Docker Engine:

At the core of Docker is the Docker Engine, which is responsible for building, running, and managing containers. It consists of the Docker daemon, which manages containers, images, networks, and volumes, and the Docker client, which allows users to interact with the daemon through the Docker API.

#### Docker Images:

Docker images are read-only templates used to create containers. They contain the application code, runtime, libraries, dependencies, and other files needed to run the application. Images are built using Dockerfiles, which are text files that define the steps needed to create the image.

```

C:\Users\202>docker run redis
Unable to find image 'redis:latest' locally
latest: Pulling from library/redis
8a1e25ce7c4f: Pull complete
8ab039a68e51: Pull complete
2b12a49dcfb9: Pull complete
cdf9868f47ac: Pull complete
e73ea5d3136b: Pull complete
890ad32c613f: Pull complete
4f4fb700ef54: Pull complete
ba517b76f92b: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:7dd707032d90c6eaafd566f62a00f5b0116ae08fd7d6cbbb0f311b82b47171a2
Status: Downloaded newer image for redis:latest
1:C 13 Mar 2024 03:19:03.928 * o000o000o000o Redis is starting o000o000o000o
1:C 13 Mar 2024 03:19:03.928 * Redis version=7.2.4, bits=64, commit=00000000, mod
1:C 13 Mar 2024 03:19:03.928 # Warning: no config file specified, using the defau
s.conf
1:M 13 Mar 2024 03:19:03.929 * monotonic clock: POSIX clock_gettime
1:M 13 Mar 2024 03:19:03.929 * Running mode=standalone, port=6379.
1:M 13 Mar 2024 03:19:03.929 * Server initialized
1:M 13 Mar 2024 03:19:03.929 * Ready to accept connections tcp
1:signal-handler (1710300105) Received SIGINT scheduling shutdown...
1:M 13 Mar 2024 03:21:45.877 * User requested shutdown...
1:M 13 Mar 2024 03:21:45.877 * Saving the final RDB snapshot before exiting.
1:M 13 Mar 2024 03:21:45.887 * DB saved on disk
1:M 13 Mar 2024 03:21:45.887 # Redis is now ready to exit, bye bye...

```

## □ OUTPUT:

```

C:\Users\202>docker images
REPOSITORY      TAG          IMAGE ID      CREATED      SIZE
redis           latest      170a1e90f843  2 months ago  138MB

```

```

C:\Users\202>docker pull redis
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/redis
170a1e90f843: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:170a1e90f843
Status: Downloaded newer image for redis:latest

C:\Users\202>docker ps
CONTAINER ID   IMAGE      COMMAND                  CREATED    STATUS    PORTS    NAMES
052aecb0ee88   redis     "docker-entrypoint.s..." About a minute ago    Up 4 seconds    6379/tcp    container121
1c4472744083   redis     "docker-entrypoint.s..." 6 minutes ago        Up 10 seconds    6379/tcp    modest_herschel

C:\Users\202>

```

```
C:\Users\202>docker start 052aecb0ee88
```

```
C:\Users\202>docker rm 052aecb0ee88
052aecb0ee88
```

PORTS	NAMES
6379/tcp	container121
6379/tcp	modest_herschel

```
C:\Users\202>docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
redis	latest	170a1e90f843	2 months ago	138MB

```
C:\Users\202>
```

```
C:\Users\202>docker exec -d 1c4472744083 touch /tmp/execWorks
```

```
C:\Users\202>docker exec -it 1c4472744083 bash
root@1c4472744083:/data# |
```

```
C:\Users\202>docker restart 1c4472744083
1c4472744083
```

```
C:\Users\202>docker ps
```

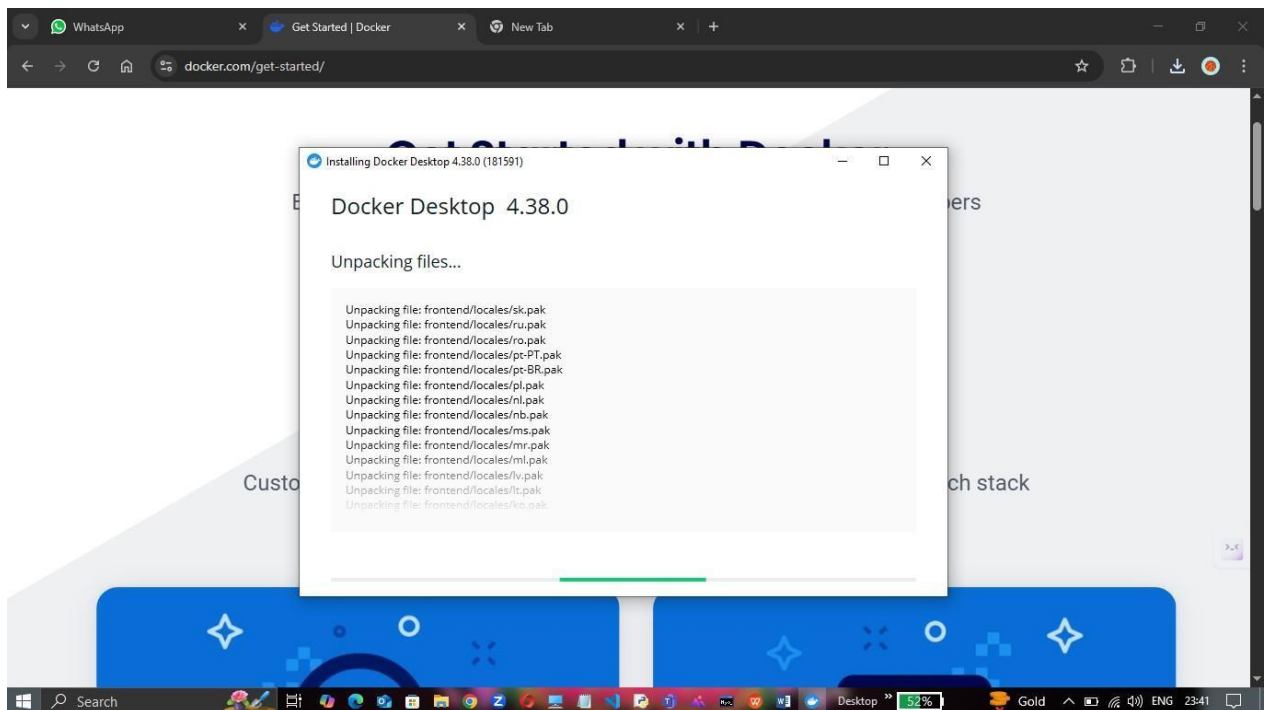
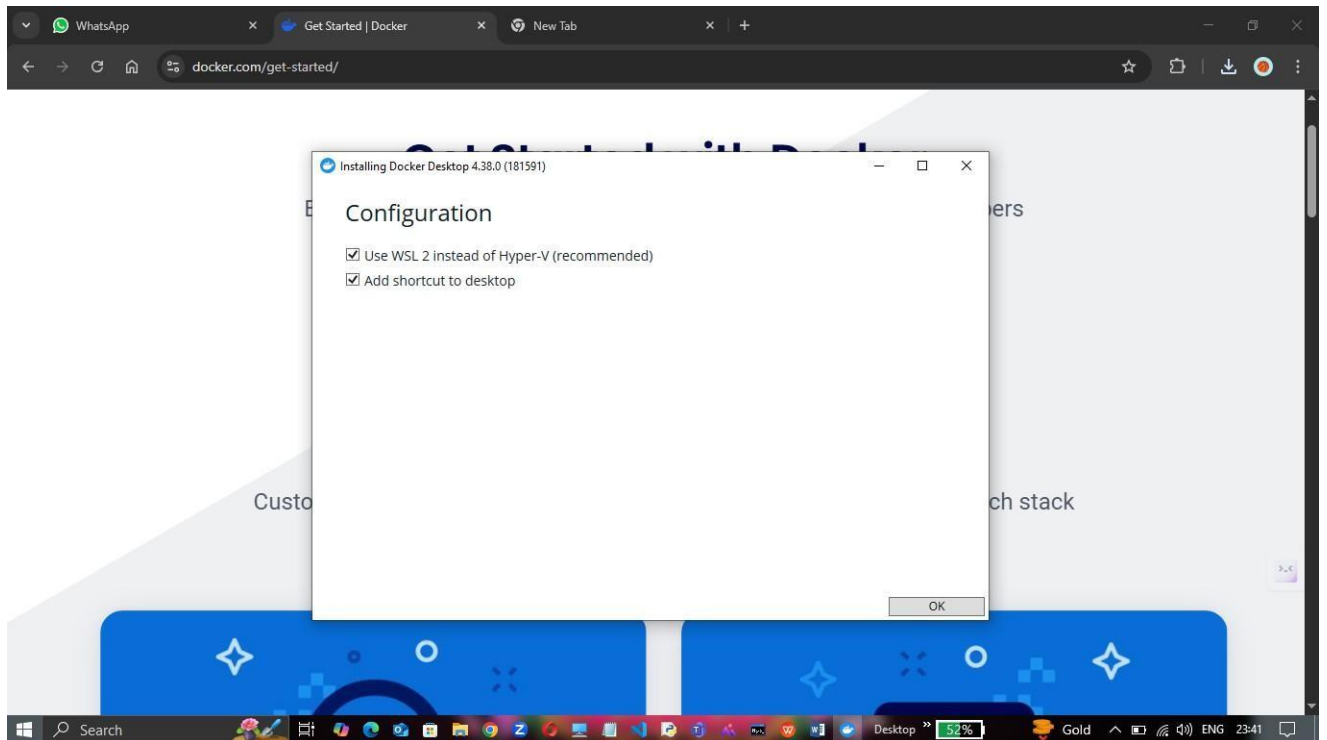
CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
1c4472744083	redis	"docker-entrypoint.s..."	13 minutes ago	Up 3 seconds	6379/tcp	modest_herschel

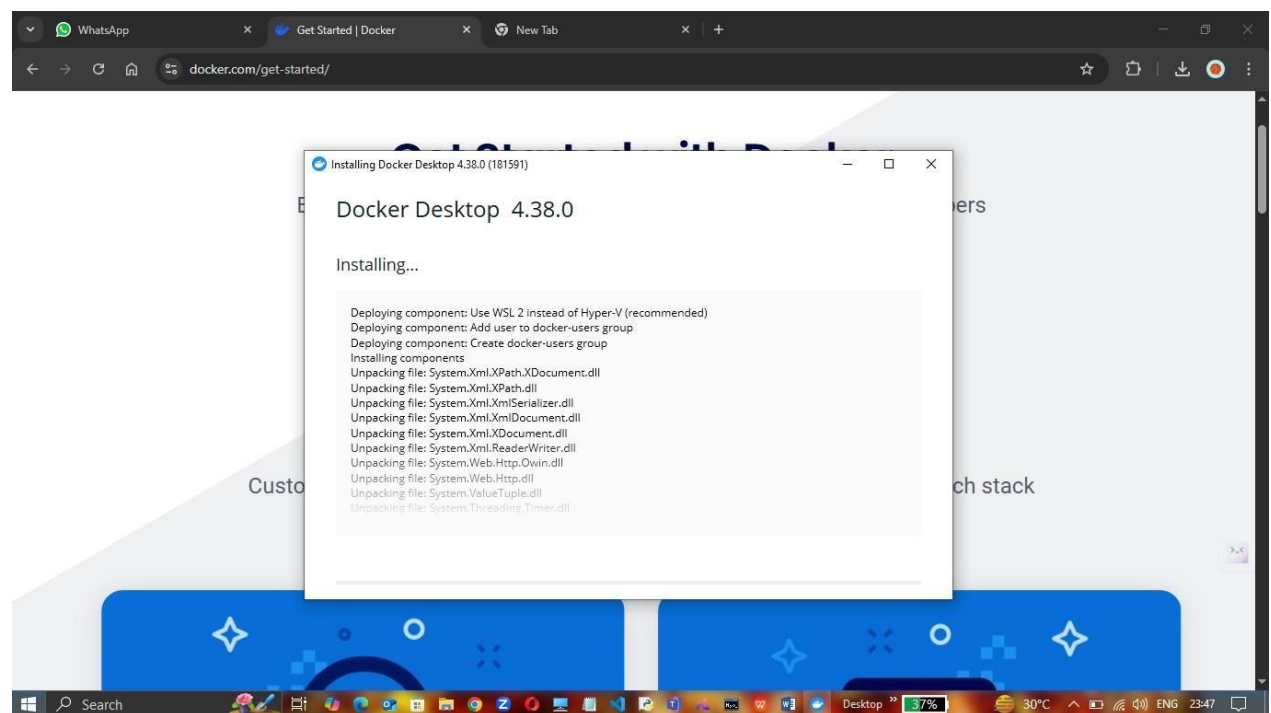
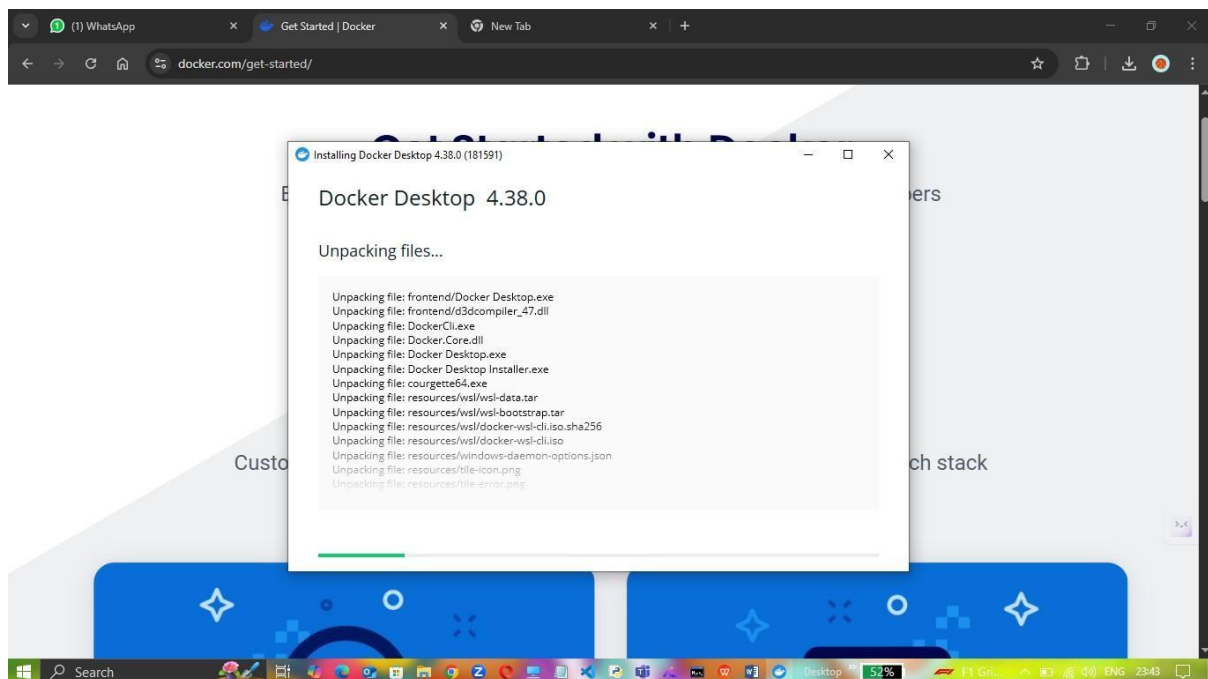
```
C:\Users\202>docker inspect 1c4472744083
[
  {
    "Id": "1c44727440831475b093dcbf93163064b819bdd9ad8378bb3a4fa847dc411d80",
    "Created": "2024-03-13T03:19:03.418741433Z",
    "Path": "docker-entrypoint.sh",
    "Args": [
      "redis-server"
    ],
    "State": {
      "Status": "running",
      "Running": true,
      "Paused": false,
      "Restarting": false,
      "OOMKilled": false,
      "Dead": false,
      "Pid": 2112,
      "ExitCode": 0,
      "Error": "",
      "StartedAt": "2024-03-13T03:32:13.750463204Z",
      "FinishedAt": "2024-03-13T03:32:13.145321277Z"
    },
    "Image": "sha256:170a1e90f8436daa6778aeea3926e716928826c215ca23a8dfd8055f663f9428",
    "ResolvConfPath": "/var/lib/docker/containers/1c44727440831475b093dcbf93163064b819bdd9a"
  }
]
```

```
C:\Users\202>docker commit 1c4472744083 new_image_name:redis2
sha256:33e4284a7e92a4a1331555d01f6e078fc496e3a3ed8eb7f84f2678261ad07e83

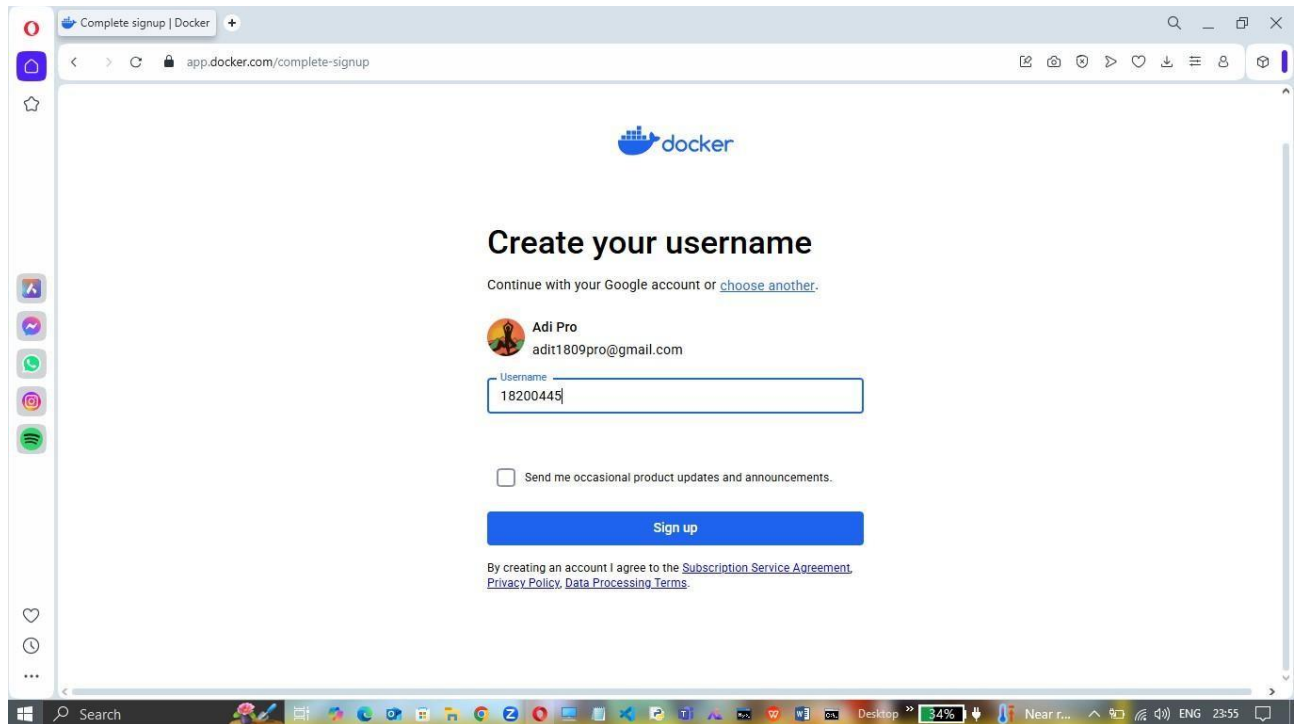
C:\Users\202>docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG          IMAGE ID      CREATED      SIZE
new_image_name      redis2       33e4284a7e92  4 seconds ago  138MB
new_image_name      tag         61ab016507fa  36 seconds ago  138MB
redis               latest      170a1e90f843  2 months ago  138MB
```

## ❑ SCREENSHOTS:





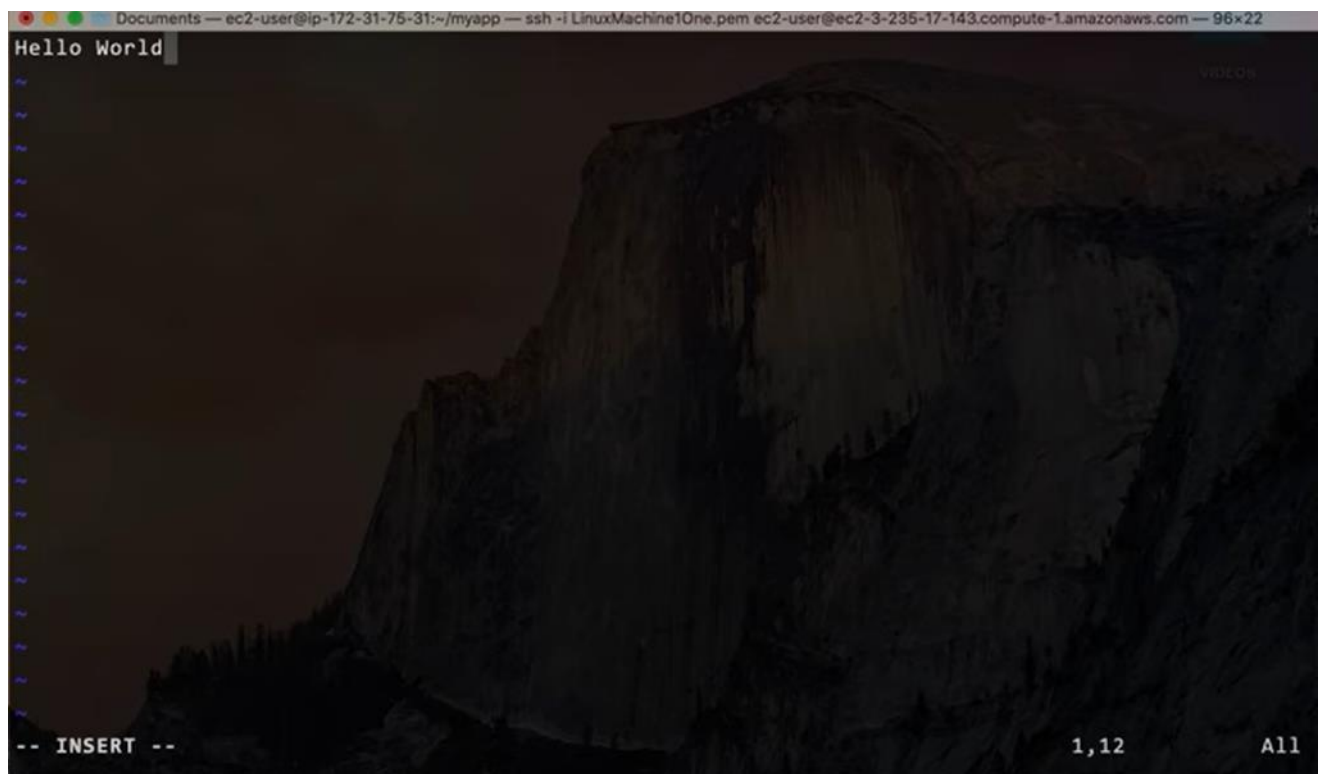




```
Documents — ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31:~/myapp — ssh -i LinuxMachine1One.pem ec2-user@ec2-3-235-17-143.compute-1.amazonaws.com — 96x22

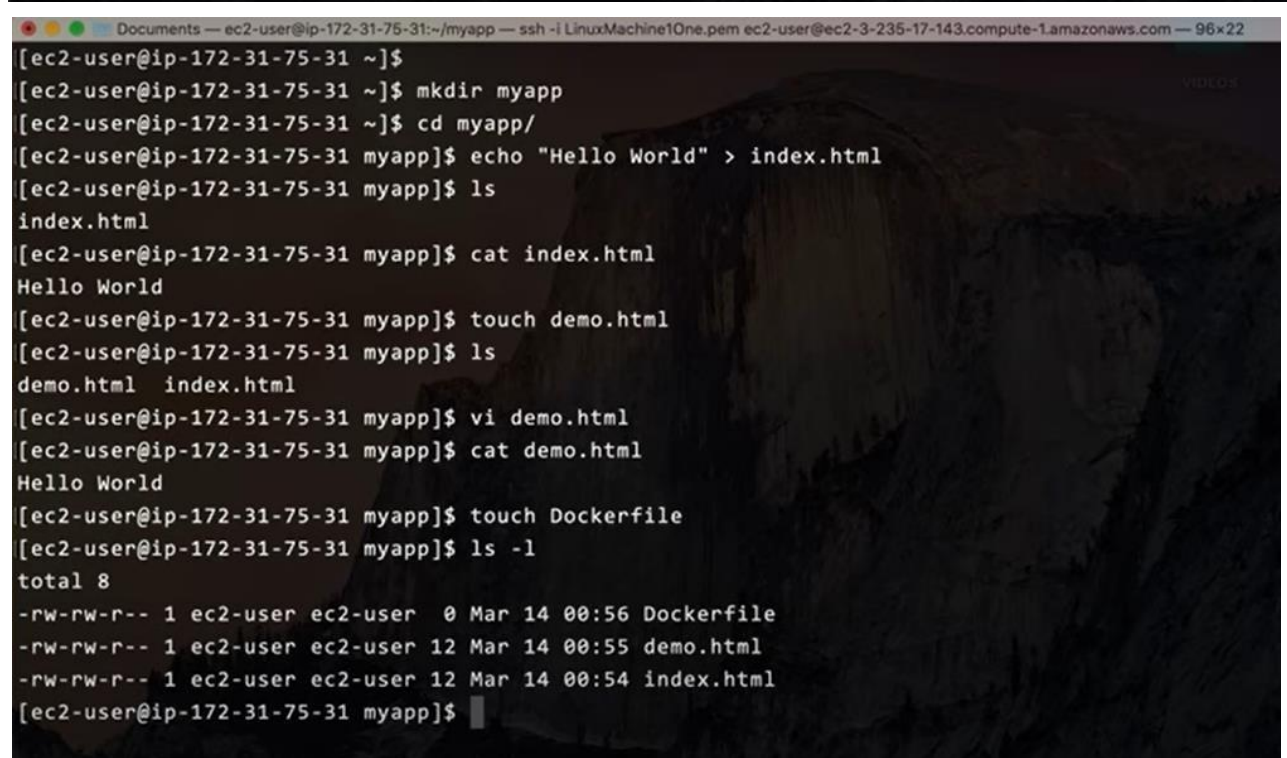
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 ~]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 ~]$ mkdir myapp
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 ~]$ cd myapp/
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ echo "Hello World" > index.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ ls
index.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ cat index.html
Hello World
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ touch demo.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ ls
demo.html index.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ vi demo.html
```

```
Documents — ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31:~/myapp — ssh -i LinuxMachine1One.pem ec2-user@ec2-3-235-17-143.compute-1.amazonaws.com — 96x22
Hello World
```



The terminal window displays the text "Hello World" at the top. The background is a dark, atmospheric image of a mountain range. On the left side, there is a vertical list of small, colorful icons. At the bottom left, the text "-- INSERT --" is visible. At the bottom right, the text "1,12" and "All" are displayed.

```
Documents — ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31:~/myapp — ssh -i LinuxMachine1One.pem ec2-user@ec2-3-235-17-143.compute-1.amazonaws.com — 96x22
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 ~]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 ~]$ mkdir myapp
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 ~]$ cd myapp/
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ echo "Hello World" > index.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ ls
index.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ cat index.html
Hello World
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ touch demo.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ ls
demo.html  index.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ vi demo.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ cat demo.html
Hello World
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ touch Dockerfile
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ ls -l
total 8
-rw-rw-r-- 1 ec2-user ec2-user  0 Mar 14 00:56 Dockerfile
-rw-rw-r-- 1 ec2-user ec2-user 12 Mar 14 00:55 demo.html
-rw-rw-r-- 1 ec2-user ec2-user 12 Mar 14 00:54 index.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$
```



The terminal window shows a sequence of commands and their outputs. The background is the same dark mountain image. The commands include creating a directory, changing to it, creating files, listing files, and viewing file contents. The final command is a long listing of files with their permissions, owners, sizes, and timestamps.

```
Documents — ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31:~/myapp — ssh -i LinuxMachine1One.pem ec2-user@ec2-3-235-17-143.compute-1.amazonaws.com
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ ls
Dockerfile  demo.html  index.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ vi Dockerfile
```

Documents — ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31:~/myapp — ssh -i LinuxMachine1One.pem ec2-user@ec2-3-235-17-143.compute-1.amazonaws.com — 96x22

```
FROM nginx
COPY index.html /usr/share/nginx/html
```

-- INSERT -- 2,38 All

```
Documents — ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31:~/myapp — ssh -i LinuxMachine1One.pem ec2-user@ec2-3-235-17-143.compute-1.amazonaws.com — 96x22
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ ls
Dockerfile  demo.html  index.html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ vi Dockerfile
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ cat Dockerfile
FROM nginx
COPY index.html /usr/share/nginx/html
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ docker info
Client:
 Context:    default
 Debug Mode: false

Server:
ERROR: Cannot connect to the Docker daemon at unix:///var/run/docker.sock. Is the docker daemon running?
errors pretty printing info
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ sudo service docker start
Redirecting to /bin/systemctl start docker.service
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$
```

```
Documents — ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31:~/myapp — ssh -i LinuxMachine1One.pem ec2-user@ec2-3-235-17-143.compute-1.amazonaws.com — 96x22
init version: de40ad0
Security Options:
 seccomp
  Profile: default
Kernel Version: 5.10.167-147.601.amzn2.x86_64
Operating System: Amazon Linux 2
OSType: linux
Architecture: x86_64
CPUs: 1
Total Memory: 964.8MiB
Name: ip-172-31-75-31.ec2.internal
ID: 3DRI:26BR:Y5X4:GCJ2:2UYQ:5FHF:W:AQ5Q:5UIY:67Z2:VVGE:KC6M:DHX2
Docker Root Dir: /var/lib/docker
Debug Mode: false
Registry: https://index.docker.io/v1/
Labels:
Experimental: false
Insecure Registries:
 127.0.0.0/8
Live Restore Enabled: false

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$
```



```
Documents — ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31:~/myapp — ssh -i LinuxMachine1One.pem ec2-user@ec2-3-235-17-143.compute-1.amazonaws.com — 96x22
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ docker build -t myapp .
Sending build context to Docker daemon 4.096kB
Step 1/2 : FROM nginx
--> 904b8cb13b93
Step 2/2 : COPY index.html /usr/share/nginx/html
--> dffa39f040c6
Successfully built dffa39f040c6
Successfully tagged myapp:latest
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ docker images
REPOSITORY      TAG          IMAGE ID        CREATED         SIZE
myapp            latest       dffa39f040c6    25 seconds ago 142MB
nginx            latest       904b8cb13b93    12 days ago    142MB
hello-world      latest       feb5d9fea6a5    17 months ago  13.3kB
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ docker run -p 8080:80 myapp
```

```
Documents — ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31:~/myapp — ssh -i LinuxMachine1One.pem ec2-user@ec2-3-235-17-143.compute-1.amazonaws.com — 96x22
REPOSITORY      TAG          IMAGE ID        CREATED         SIZE
myapp            latest       dffa39f040c6    25 seconds ago 142MB
nginx            latest       904b8cb13b93    12 days ago    142MB
hello-world      latest       feb5d9fea6a5    17 months ago  13.3kB
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ docker run -p 8080:80 myapp
/docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Getting the checksum of /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Enabled listen on IPv6 in /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst-on-templates.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-worker-processes.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Configuration complete; ready for start up
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: using the "epoll" event method
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: nginx/1.23.3
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: built by gcc 10.2.1 20210110 (Debian 10.2.1-6)
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: OS: Linux 5.10.167-147.601.amzn2.x86_64
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: getrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE): 32768:65536
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: start worker processes
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 29
```

```

/docker-entrypoint.sh: /docker-entrypoint.d/ is not empty, will attempt to perform configuration
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Looking for shell scripts in /docker-entrypoint.d/
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Getting the checksum of /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
10-listen-on-ipv6-by-default.sh: info: Enabled listen on IPv6 in /etc/nginx/conf.d/default.conf
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/20-envsubst-on-templates.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Launching /docker-entrypoint.d/30-tune-worker-processes.sh
/docker-entrypoint.sh: Configuration complete; ready for start up
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: using the "epoll" event method
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: nginx/1.23.3
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: built by gcc 10.2.1 20210110 (Debian 10.2.1-6)
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: OS: Linux 5.10.167-147.601.amzn2.x86_64
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: getrlimit(RLIMIT_NOFILE): 32768:65536
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: start worker processes
2023/03/14 01:03:25 [notice] 1#1: start worker process 29
^C2023/03/14 01:03:47 [notice] 1#1: signal 2 (SIGINT) received, exiting
2023/03/14 01:03:47 [notice] 29#29: exiting
2023/03/14 01:03:47 [notice] 29#29: exit
2023/03/14 01:03:47 [notice] 1#1: signal 17 (SIGCHLD) received from 29
2023/03/14 01:03:47 [notice] 1#1: worker process 29 exited with code 0
2023/03/14 01:03:47 [notice] 1#1: exit
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$

```

```

Documents — ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31:~/myapp — ssh -i LinuxMachine1One.pem ec2-user@ec2-3-235-17-143.compute-1.amazonaws.com — 96x22
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ docker run -d -p 8080:80 myapp
f31fe21f8fc1a77ee768f2604ab695bc8e87733d95a587a62b482c3cd9fa11e6
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$ docker ps

```

CONTAINER ID	IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS
f31fe21f8fc1	myapp	"/docker-entrypoint..."	7 seconds ago	Up 6 seconds	0.0.0.0:8080->80/tcp, :::8080->80/tcp

```

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-75-31 myapp]$

```

**Conclusion:** Thus, we have successfully installed Docker and execute docker commands to manage images and interact with container