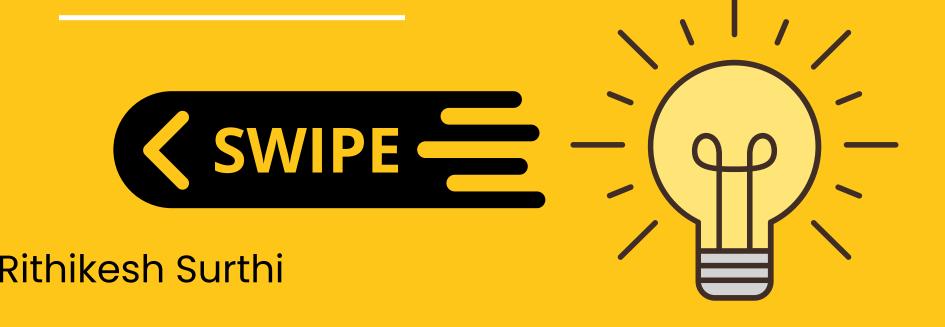
## DID YOU KNOW WHATISA STORED PROCEDURE IN SQL?



- ->A stored procedure is a precompiled collection of SQL statements that can be called by a program or application to perform a specific task.
- ->Stored procedures are stored in a database and can be used to perform a wide range of tasks, from simple queries to complex business logic.





Stored procedures have several advantages over ad-hoc SQL statements:

- Performance: Stored procedures are pre-compiled, which means that the database can execute them more efficiently than ad-hoc SQL statements.
- Security: Stored procedures can be granted specific permissions, which can help to prevent unauthorized access to sensitive data.

- 3. Reusability: Stored procedures can be called from multiple programs or applications, which can reduce the amount of code that needs to be written and maintained.
- 4. Maintainability: Stored procedures are stored in the database, which makes them easier to maintain and modify than adhoc SQL statements that are scattered throughout an application.



To create a stored procedure in SQL, you can use the CREATE PROCEDURE statement. Here is an example of creating a simple stored procedure:

```
CREATE PROCEDURE GetCustomer(IN customer_id INT)
BEGIN
SELECT * FROM customers WHERE id = customer_id;
END
```





This stored procedure can be called by using the CALL statement:

CALL GetCustomer(123);

This would execute the stored procedure and return all rows from the customers table where the id column is equal to 123.





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