

# Assignment-1

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Download all python codes from here

<https://github.com/rithvikreddy6300/Assignment-1/blob/main/Assignment-1.py>

and latex-tikz codes from

<https://github.com/rithvikreddy6300/Assignment-1/blob/main/Assignment-1.tex>

## QUESTION-4.10

Two numbers are selected at random (without replacement) from the first six positive integers. Let  $X$  denote the larger of the two numbers obtained. Find  $E(X)$ ?

## SOLUTION

The question can be seen as choosing a number first from 1 to 6 numbers and then choosing one more from the remaining 5 numbers, Let  $X_1$  be the 1<sup>st</sup> numbers drawn randomly from 1 to 6 and  $X_2$  be the 2<sup>nd</sup> number drawn from remaining and  $X = \max(X_1, X_2)$

$$Pr(X_1 = n_1) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6}, & \text{if } 1 \leq n_1 \leq 6 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

$$Pr(X_2 = n_2) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{5}, & \text{if } 1 \leq n_2 \leq 6 \text{ and } n_2 \neq n_1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \quad (2)$$

let  $\max(X_1, X_2) = i$  and  $Pr(X = i)$  denotes the probability that  $X = \max(X_1, X_2) = i$

$$Pr(X = i) = Pr(X_1 = i \text{ and } X_2 < i) + Pr(X_2 = i \text{ and } X_1 < i) \quad (3)$$

since choosing of  $X_1, X_2$  are independent events, so we can write

$$Pr(X_1 \text{ and } X_2) = Pr(X_1)Pr(X_2)$$

Substituting this in (3) gives us

$$Pr(X = i) = Pr(X_1 = i)Pr(X_2 < i) + Pr(X_2 = i)Pr(X_1 < i) \quad (4)$$

$$\Rightarrow Pr(X = i) = \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{(i-1)}{5} + \frac{(i-1)}{6} \times \frac{1}{5} \quad (5)$$

$$\Rightarrow Pr(X = n) = \frac{(i-1)}{15} \quad (6)$$

The expectation value of  $X$  represented by  $E(X)$  is given by

$$E(X) = \sum_{i=1}^6 Pr(X = i) \times i$$

$$\Rightarrow E(X) = \sum_{i=1}^6 \frac{(i-1)}{15} \times i \quad (7)$$

$$\Rightarrow E(X) = \sum_{i=1}^6 \frac{(i^2 - i)}{15} \quad (8)$$

$$\Rightarrow E(X) = \frac{1}{15} \sum_{i=1}^6 i^2 - \frac{1}{15} \sum_{i=1}^6 i \quad (9)$$

$$\Rightarrow E(X) = \frac{1}{15} \times 91 - \frac{1}{15} \times 21 \quad (10)$$

$$\Rightarrow E(X) = \mathbf{4.6667} \quad (11)$$

Therefore the expectation value of  $X$ ,  $E(X) = \mathbf{4.6667}$ .