## Assignment-1

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Download all python codes from here

https://github.com/rithvikreddy6300/ Assignment-1/blob/main/Assignment-1.py

and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/rithvikreddy6300/ Assignment-1/blob/main/Assignment-1. tex

## **QUESTION-4.10**

Two numbers are selected at random (without replacement) from the first six positive integers. Let X denote the larger of the two numbers obtained. Find E(X)?

## SOLUTION

The question can be seen as choosing a number first from 1 to 6 numbers and then choosing one more from the remaining 5 numbers, Let  $X_1$  be the  $1^{st}$  numbers drawn randomly from 1 to 6 and  $X_2$  be the  $2^{nd}$  number drawn from remaining and  $X = \max(X_1, X_2)$ 

$$Pr(X_1 = n_1) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{6}, & \text{if } 1 \le n_1 \le 6\\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$Pr(X_2=n_2)=\begin{cases} \frac{1}{5}, \text{ if } 1\leq n_2\leq 6 \text{ and } n_2\neq n_1\\ 0, \text{ otherwise} \end{cases}$$

let max  $(X_1, X_2) = i$  and Pr(X = i) denotes the probability that  $X = \max(X_1, X_2) = i$ 

$$Pr(X = i) = Pr(X_1 = i \text{ and } X_2 < i) + Pr(X_2 = i \text{ and } X_1 < i)$$
 (1)

since choosing of  $X_1, X_2$  are independent events, so we can write

$$Pr(X_1 \text{ and } X_2) = Pr(X_1)Pr(X_2)$$

Substituting this in (1) gives us

$$Pr(X = i) = Pr(X_1 = i)Pr(X_2 < i) +$$
  
 $Pr(X_2 = i)Pr(X_1 < i)$  (2)

$$\implies Pr(X=i) = \frac{1}{6} \times \frac{(i-1)}{5} + \frac{(i-1)}{6} \times \frac{1}{5} \quad (3)$$

$$\implies Pr(X=n) = \frac{(i-1)}{15} \quad (4)$$

The expectation value of X represented by E(X) is given by

$$E(X) = \sum_{i=1}^{6} Pr(X = i) \times i$$

$$\Longrightarrow E(X) = \sum_{i=1}^{6} \frac{(i-1)}{15} \times i \tag{5}$$

$$\Longrightarrow E(X) = \sum_{i=1}^{6} \frac{(i^2 - i)}{15} \tag{6}$$

$$\Longrightarrow E(X) = \frac{1}{15} \sum_{i=1}^{6} i^2 - \frac{1}{15} \sum_{i=1}^{6} i$$
 (7)

$$\Longrightarrow E(X) = \frac{1}{15} \times 91 - \frac{1}{15} \times 21 \tag{8}$$

$$\Longrightarrow E(X) = 4.6667 \tag{9}$$

Therefore the expectation value of X, E(X) = 4.6667.