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<b>AIM:</b>	To find multiplication of two matrix by strassen's matrix multiplication algorithm.
<b>Program</b>	
<b>ALGORITHM/ THEORY:</b>	<p>Algorithm Strass(n, x, y, z)</p> <p>begin</p> <p>If <math>n = \text{threshold}</math> then compute</p> <p><math>C = x * y</math> is a conventional matrix.</p> <p>Else</p> <p>Partition a into four sub matrices <math>a_{00}, a_{01}, a_{10}, a_{11}</math>.</p> <p>Partition b into four sub matrices <math>b_{00}, b_{01}, b_{10}, b_{11}</math>.</p> <p>Strass ( <math>n/2, a_{00} + a_{11}, b_{00} + b_{11}, d_1</math>)</p> <p>Strass ( <math>n/2, a_{10} + a_{11}, b_{00}, d_2</math>)</p> <p>Strass ( <math>n/2, a_{00}, b_{01} - b_{11}, d_3</math>)</p> <p>Strass ( <math>n/2, a_{11}, b_{10} - b_{00}, d_4</math>)</p> <p>Strass ( <math>n/2, a_{00} + a_{01}, b_{11}, d_5</math>)</p> <p>Strass ( <math>n/2, a_{10} - a_{00}, b_{00} + b_{11}, d_6</math>)</p> <p>Strass ( <math>n/2, a_{01} - a_{11}, b_{10} + b_{11}, d_7</math>)</p> <p><math>C = \begin{matrix} d_1+d_4-d_5+d_7 &amp; d_3+d_5 \\ d_2+d_4 &amp; d_1+d_3-d_2-d_6 \end{matrix}</math></p> <p>end if</p> <p>return (C)</p> <p>end.</p>

**PROGRAM:**

```
#include<stdio.h>
int main(){
    int a[2][2],b[2][2],c[2][2];
    int m1,m2,m3,m4,m5,m6,m7;

    printf("Enter the 4 elements of first matrix: ");
    for(int i=0;i<2;i++)
        for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
            scanf("%d",&a[i][j]);

    printf("Enter the 4 elements of second matrix: ");
    for( int i=0;i<2;i++)
        for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
            scanf("%d",&b[i][j]);

    printf("\nThe first matrix is\n");
    for(int i=0;i<2;i++){
        printf("\n");
        for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
            printf("%d\t",a[i][j]);
    }

    printf("\nThe second matrix is\n");
    for(int i=0;i<2;i++){
        printf("\n");
        for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
            printf("%d\t",b[i][j]);
    }

    m1= (a[0][0] + a[1][1])*(b[0][0]+b[1][1]);
    m2= (a[1][0]+a[1][1])*b[0][0];
    m3= a[0][0]*(b[0][1]-b[1][1]);
    m4= a[1][1]*(b[1][0]-b[0][0]);
    m5= (a[0][0]+a[0][1])*b[1][1];
    m6= (a[1][0]-a[0][0])*(b[0][0]+b[0][1]);
    m7= (a[0][1]-a[1][1])*(b[1][0]+b[1][1]);

    c[0][0]=m1+m4-m5+m7;
    c[0][1]=m3+m5;
    c[1][0]=m2+m4;
    c[1][1]=m1-m2+m3+m6;

    printf("\nAfter multiplication using \n");
    for(int i=0;i<2;i++){
```

```

        printf("\n");
        for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
            printf("%d\t",c[i][j]);
    }

    return 0;
}

```

### RESULT:

```

Enter the 4 elements of first matrix: 5
6
7
12
Enter the 4 elements of second matrix: 30
3
5
15

The first matrix is

5      6
7      12
The second matrix is

30     3
5      15
After multiplication using

180    105
270    201

```

### CONCLUSION:

We have used the strassen's multiplication method to find matrix multiplication. It is better to use this algorithm because it has better time complexity than divide and conquerer algorithm.