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AIM:	To implement Longest Common Subsequence	
Program 1		
PROBLEM STATEMENT:	To implement Longest Common Subsequence	
ALGORITHM/ THEORY:	X and Y be two given sequences Initialize a table LCS of dimension X.length * Y.length X.label = X Y.label = Y LCS[0][] = 0 LCS[][0] = 0 Start from LCS[1][1] Compare X[i] and Y[j] If X[i] = Y[j] LCS[i][j] = 1 + LCS[i-1, j-1] Point an arrow to LCS[i][j] Else LCS[i][j] = max(LCS[i-1][j], LCS[i][j-1]) Point an arrow to max(LCS[i-1][j], LCS[i][j-1])	

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PROGRAM:
                   #include <stdio.h>
                   #include <string.h>
                   int i, j, m, n, c[20][20];
                   char x[20], y[20], b[20][20];
                   void print(int i, int j)
                       if (i == 0 || j == 0)
                           return;
                       if (b[i][j] == 'c')
                            print(i - 1, j - 1);
                           printf("%c", x[i - 1]);
                       else if (b[i]
                                 [j] == 'u')
                           print(i - 1, j);
                       else
                            print(i, j - 1);
                   void lcs()
                       m = strlen(x);
                       n = strlen(y);
                       for (i = 0; i <= m; i++)
                            c[i][0] = 0;
                       for (i = 0; i <= n; i++)
                            c[0][i] = 0;
                       // c, u and 1 denotes cross, upward and downward directions
                   respectively
                       for (i = 1; i <= m; i++)
                           for (j = 1; j <= n; j++)
                                if(x[i-1] == y[j-1])
                                    c[i][j] = c[i - 1][j - 1] + 1;
                                   b[i][j] = 'c';
                                else if (c[i - 1][j] >= c[i][j - 1])
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c[i][j] = c[i - 1][j];
    b[i][j] = 'u';
}
else
{
    c[i][j] = c[i][j - 1];
    b[i][j] = 'l';
}
}
int main()
{
    printf("Enter 1st sequence:");
    scanf("%s", x);
    printf("Enter 2nd sequence:");
    scanf("%s", y);
    printf("\nThe Longest Common Subsequence is ");
    lcs();
    print(m, n);
    return 0;
}
```

RESULT:

```
Enter 1st sequence: ABCDABA
Enter 2nd sequence: ABCDBBA
The Longest Common Subsequence is ABCDBA
```

CONCLUSION:

Successfully understood Longest Common Subsequence algorithm and implemented it in C program.