## Assignment

· Title: A" algorithm

· Problem statement:

80/ve 8-puzzle problem using A\* algorithm any initial configuration and define goal configuration clearly

objectives:

- The learn and understand use and

need of A\* algorithm.

- To apply A\* algorithm to lead

time problem

- To implement A\* algorithm using suitable programming language

Outcomes:

He will be able to

- learn about A" algorithm

- apply A\* algorithm to gaming moblem

- implement Ax algorithm using

Prolog/Python/Java

· Hardware & software Requirements:

- OS: Fedora 20 / Wounter (64-bit)

- RAM: 4 9B

- HDD: 500 GB

- Eclipse IDE

- Java JDK V1.8

- Python libraries.

## · Theory:

- -A\* is one of the most popular heuristic search engine for finding paths in graph.

   It is really a smart algorithm which separates it from other conventional algorithm.
  - Consider a square grid having many obstacles and we are given a starting cell and target cell.
  - we want to reach target cell from starting cell as quickly as porsible
  - what A\* algorithm does is at each step, it picks the node according to a value '-f' which is a parameter equal to sum of other two parameters -g s -h.
  - At each step it picks the node cell having, atleast -f' & process that node/cell
  - we define 'g' & 'li' simply as possible

    g = the movement cost to more from

    the starting pt. to a given i quare

    on the grid following the path

    generated to get there.
    - h = the estimated movement cost to more from that given square on grid to final dest. this is often referred to as the heuristic which is nothing but a kind of a guess.

Algorithm: 1) Initialize the open list e) Initialize the closed list put starting node on the open list 3) while open list is not empty. (i) find the node = the least of an the open list. Call it '9' (ii) pop 'q' off open list (iii) generate 'q.s successors (iv) for each successor (a) if successor is the goal, stop successor. 9 = 9.9 + distance(succesor.9 successor. h = dist from goal to successe successor. = successor. 9 + successor. h (b) if a node with same position as successor is in open list which has lower 'g', skip this successor (c) if a node with the same position as successor is in the closed list which has a lower if than successor, skip, otherwise, add node to open list (v) end for (Vi) push q on closed list 4) end while

· Test cases: Initial Configuration final configuration Dutput: The puzzle was solved in 18 mores · Conclusion: We successfully implemented A\* algo for 8 puzzle problem.