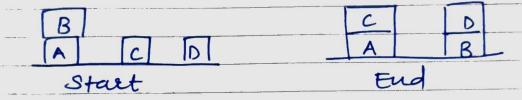
A:	S	5-4	i	9	n	n	2	e	1	ί	t	_
		-				and the same						

Title: Goal Stack Planning

Problem Statement:

planning for the following configuration from blocks world



objectives:

- To learn and understand concept of goal stack planning - To study need and real time use of

- To implement goal stack planning algorithm using suitable programming lang

outcomes:

We will be able to

- learn the concept of goal stack planning - study need and use of goal stack planning

- implement goal stack planning

· Theory: - Goal Stack Planning: - one of the earliest techniques in planning using goal stack - Problems solver uses single stack that contains both - subgoals and operates both - subgoals are solved linearly and then finally the cojoined subgral is solved - Plans generated by this method will contain complete sequence of operations for solving one goal followed by complete sequence of operations for next - Problem solver relies on - Adotabase tuot describes the cerent situation - Set of operates with precondition add & delete lists - Let us assume that good to be satisfied is GOAL = GI 1 GZ 1 G3 1 --. IGN - Subgoals G1, G2, G3 are stacked with compound goal G1 + G2 = G8 = ... + GH at the bottom Bottom Top 91 91 1 92 1 ... 1 9N

Algorithm:

- (i) If more than one operator satisfies sub goal

 (ii) If more than one operator satisfies subgoals then apply some heuristic to choose one
- 2.) In order to execute the top most operation its pre-conditions are added onto stack (i) once the preconditions of an operator are satisfied then we are guaranteed that operator can be applied to produce new state
 - (ii) New state is obtained by using ADD and DELETE lists of an operator to the existing detaborse.
- 3) Problem solves keep track of operations applied

 (i) This process is continued till the

 goal stack is empty and problem

 solver returns plan of the problem

consider given example:

Initial state:

ON(B,A) ONT(C) I ON(A) I ONT(D) I

CL(B) OCL(C) CL(D) AE

Goal State:

ON((,A) JOH(BID) LONT(A) ONT(D) L

CL(C) J CL(B) LAE

• Test cope:	
Input	output
BACD	B D A C
· Conclusion: We succe	so fully implemented ning in python to one case.
implement ab	ne case.
•	
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