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PIZZA HOUSE

INTRODUCTION

HELLO !

This "PIZZA HOUSE" project leverages SQL queries to analyze pizza sales data, providing insights into sales trends, customer preferences, and inventory management to optimize business strategies.

QUESTIONS



- 1- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- 2- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- 3- Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- 4- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- 5- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.
- 6- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- 7- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
- 8- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- 9- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.
- 10- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
- 11- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
- 12- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.



Retrieve the total number of orders placed.

```
SELECT  
    COUNT(order_id) AS total_orders  
FROM  
    orders;
```

Result Grid



	total_orders
▶	21350



Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales

```
SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
          2) AS total_sales
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
```

Result Grid	
	total_sales
▶	817860.05



Identify the highest-priced pizza

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
        pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	price	
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95	



Identify the most common pizza size ordered

```
SELECT
    pizzas.size,
    COUNT(order_details.order_details_id) AS order_count
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
        order_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY order_count DESC;
```

	size	order_count
▶	L	18526
	M	15385
	S	14137
	XL	544
	XXL	28



List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	quantity	
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	



Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day

```
SELECT
    HOUR(order_time), COUNT(order_id)
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	hour(order_time)	count(order_id)	
▶	11	1231	
	12	2520	
	13	2455	
	14	1472	
	15	1468	
	16	1920	
	17	2336	
	18	2399	
	19	2009	
	20	1642	
	21	1198	
	22	663	
	23	28	
	10	8	
	9	1	



Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas

```
SELECT
    category, COUNT(name)
FROM
    pizza_types
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows
	category	count(name)	
▶	Chicken	6	
	Classic	8	
	Supreme	9	
	Veggie	9	



Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day

```
SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0)
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(order_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN order_details ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid		Filter
	round(avg(quantity),0)	
▶	138	



Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_type_id = pizza_types.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	revenue	
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	



Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
        ROUND(SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
            2) AS total_sales
    FROM
        order_details
        JOIN
        pizzas ON pizzas.pizza_id = order_details.pizza_id) * 100,
        2) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY revenue DESC;
```

Result Grid			Filter
	category	revenue	
▶	Classic	26.91	
	Supreme	25.46	
	Chicken	23.96	
	Veggie	23.68	



Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time



```
SELECT
    orders.order_date,
    SUM(order_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    order_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
    JOIN
    orders ON orders.order_id = order_details.order_id
GROUP BY orders.order_date;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	order_date	revenue	
▶	2015-01-01	2713.85000000000004	
	2015-01-02	2731.89999999999996	
	2015-01-03	2662.39999999999996	
	2015-01-04	1755.45000000000003	
	2015-01-05	2065.95	
	2015-01-06	2428.95	
	2015-01-07	2202.20000000000003	
	2015-01-08	2838.34999999999995	
	2015-01-09	2127.35000000000004	
	2015-01-10	2463.95	



Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category

```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM((order_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    order_details ON order_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category , pizza_types.name;
```

Result Grid   Filter Rows: <input type="text"/> Exp			
	category	name	revenue
▶	Classic	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25
	Classic	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5
	Veggie	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5





KEY TAKEAWAYS

This project demonstrated the power of SQL in analyzing pizza sales data, offering valuable insights into sales patterns, customer behavior, and inventory management. The findings can help PizzaHouse optimize its operations and enhance business decision-making.

Pizza House Presentation

THANK YOU FOR ATTENTION



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