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Created By  
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# WELCOME TO PIZZA REPORT

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# ABOUT OUR SQL PROJECT

**Hello !**

Hello, Myself Ritik and this is my project in which I have utilized SQL query to solve a question that where related to pizza sales.





# OUR QUERY



## Basic:

- Retrieve the total number of orders placed.
- Calculate the total revenue generated from pizza sales.
- Identify the highest-priced pizza.
- Identify the most common pizza size ordered.
- List the top 5 most ordered pizza types along with their quantities.

## Intermediate:

- Join the necessary tables to find the total quantity of each pizza category ordered.
- Determine the distribution of orders by hour of the day.
- Join relevant tables to find the category-wise distribution of pizzas.
- Group the orders by date and calculate the average number of pizzas ordered per day.
- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue.

## Advanced:

- Calculate the percentage contribution of each pizza type to total revenue.
- Analyze the cumulative revenue generated over time.
- Determine the top 3 most ordered pizza types based on revenue for each pizza category.





# DESCRIPTIONS

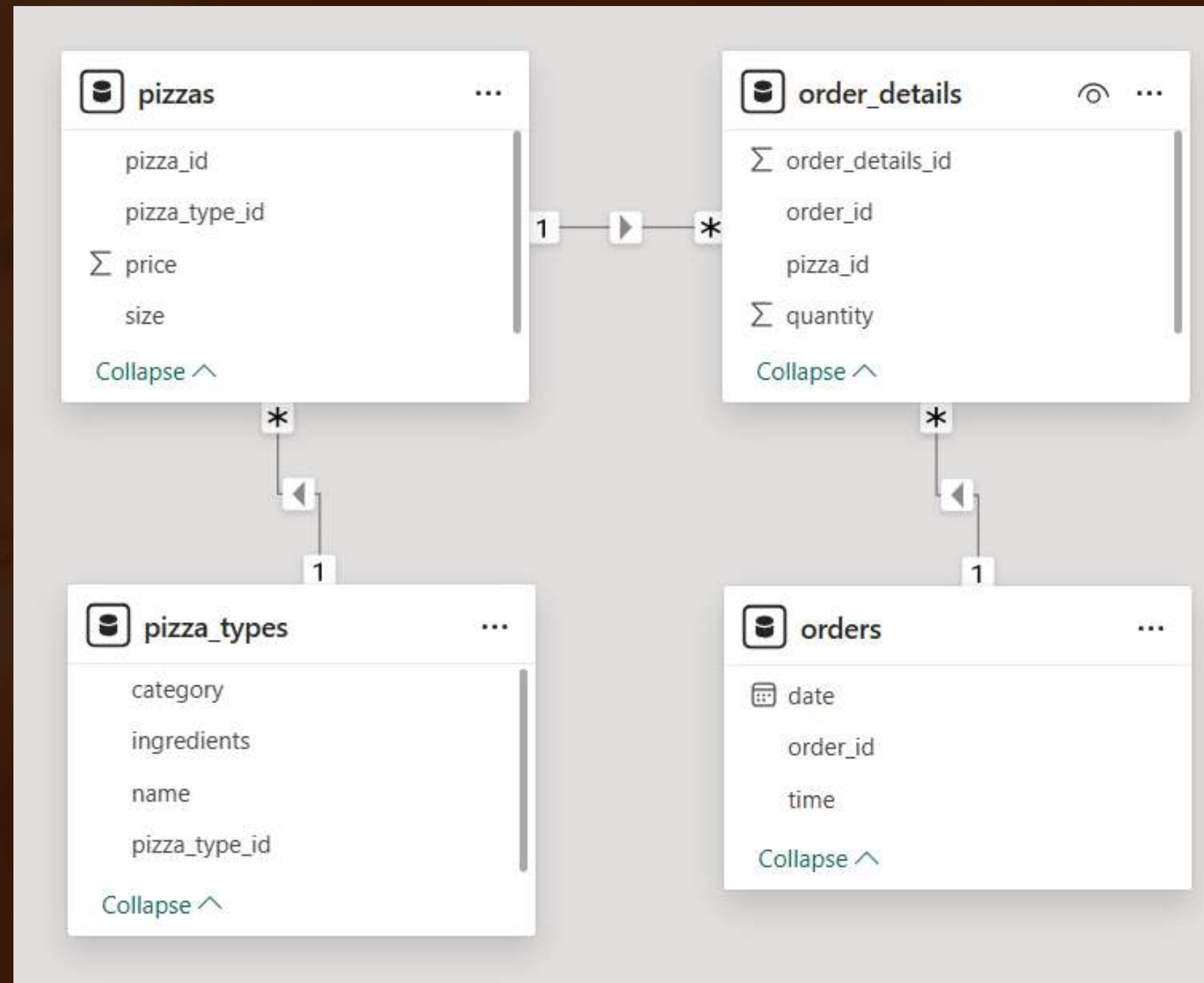
## Pizza Sales

Dataset contains 4 CSV files

1. Orders
2. Order Details
3. Pizzas
4. Pizza Types



# MODEL VIEW





# RETRIEVE THE TOTAL NUMBER OF ORDERS PLACED.



- **SELECT**  
COUNT(orders.order\_id) **AS** total\_orders  
**FROM**  
orders;

Result Grid			
	total_orders		
▶	21350		





# CALCULATE THE TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED FROM PIZZA SALES.



```
• SELECT
    ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
          2) AS total_revenue
FROM
    orders_details
    JOIN
    pizzas ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id;
```

Result Grid			
	total_revenue		
▶	817860.05		





# IDENTIFY THE HIGHEST-PRICED PIZZA.



```
• SELECT
    pizza_types.name, pizzas.price
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
ORDER BY pizzas.price DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	price	
▶	The Greek Pizza	35.95	



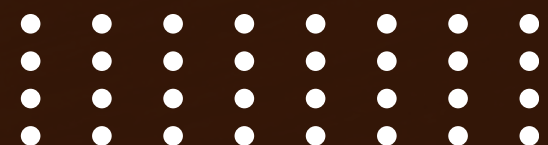


# IDENTIFY THE MOST COMMON PIZZA SIZE ORDERED.



```
• SELECT
    pizzas.size, COUNT(orders_details.order_id) AS total_count
FROM
    pizzas
    JOIN
    orders_details ON pizzas.pizza_id = orders_details.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizzas.size
ORDER BY total_count DESC;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	size	total_count	
▶	L	18526	
	M	15385	
	S	14137	
	XL	544	
	XXL	28	





# LIST THE TOP 5 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES ALONG WITH THEIR QUANTITIES.



```
• SELECT
    pizza_types.name, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	quantity	
▶	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	2453	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	2432	
	The Hawaiian Pizza	2422	
	The Pepperoni Pizza	2418	
	The Thai Chicken Pizza	2371	





# JOIN THE NECESSARY TABLES TO FIND THE TOTAL QUANTITY OF EACH PIZZA CATEGORY



```
• SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
ORDER BY quantity DESC
LIMIT 5;
```

Result Grid			Filter
	category	quantity	
▶	Classic	14888	
	Supreme	11987	
	Veggie	11649	
	Chicken	11050	



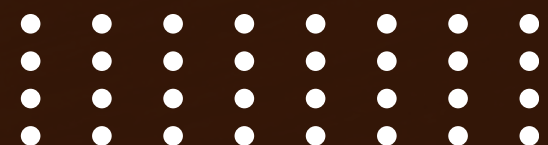


# DETERMINE THE DISTRIBUTION OF ORDERS BY HOUR OF THE DAY.



```
• SELECT
    HOUR(order_time) AS hour, COUNT(order_id) AS order_count
FROM
    orders
GROUP BY HOUR(order_time);
```

Result Grid			Filter
	hour	order_count	
▶	11	1231	
	12	2520	
	13	2455	
	14	1472	
	15	1468	
	16	1920	
	17	2336	
	18	2399	
	19	2009	





# JOIN RELEVANT TABLES TO FIND THE CATEGORY-WISE DISTRIBUTION OF PIZZAS.



```
• SELECT  
    category, COUNT(name) AS count  
FROM  
    pizza_types  
GROUP BY category;
```

Result Grid		
	category	count
▶	Chicken	6
	Classic	8
	Supreme	9
	Veggie	9



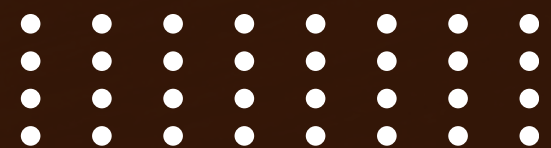


# GROUP THE ORDERS BY DATE AND CALCULATE THE AVERAGE NUMBER OF PIZZAS ORDERED PER DAY.



```
• SELECT
    ROUND(AVG(quantity), 0) AS avg_order
FROM
    (SELECT
        orders.order_date, SUM(orders_details.quantity) AS quantity
    FROM
        orders
    JOIN orders_details ON orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id
    GROUP BY orders.order_date) AS order_quantity;
```

Result Grid	
	avg_order
▶	138





# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE.



```
• SELECT
    pizza_types.name,
    SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) AS revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.name
ORDER BY revenue DESC
LIMIT 3;
```

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	name	revenue	
▶	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25	
	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768	
	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5	



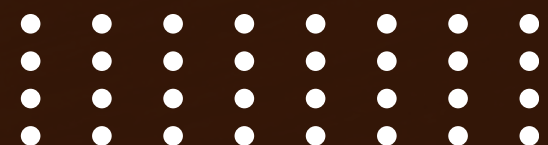


# CALCULATE THE PERCENTAGE CONTRIBUTION OF EACH PIZZA TYPE TO TOTAL REVENUE.



```
SELECT
    pizza_types.category,
    ROUND((SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) / (SELECT
        ROUND(SUM(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price),
            2) AS total_revenue
    FROM
        orders_details
        JOIN
        pizzas ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id)) * 100,
    2) AS Revenue
FROM
    pizza_types
    JOIN
    pizzas ON pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
    JOIN
    orders_details ON orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
GROUP BY pizza_types.category
```

Result Grid			Filter
	category	Revenue	
▶	Classic	26.91	
	Supreme	25.46	
	Chicken	23.96	
	Veggie	23.68	



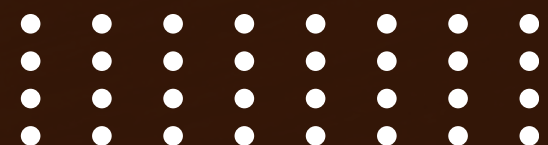


# ANALYZE THE CUMULATIVE REVENUE GENERATED OVER TIME.

```
• select order_date,  
    sum(revenue) over(order by order_date)  
from  
    (select orders.order_date,  
        sum(orders_details.quantity * pizzas.price) as revenue  
    from orders_details join pizzas  
    on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id  
    join orders  
    on orders.order_id = orders_details.order_id  
    group by orders.order_date) as sales;
```



Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	order_date	revenue	
▶	2015-01-01	2713.8500000000004	
	2015-01-02	5445.75	
	2015-01-03	8108.15	
	2015-01-04	9863.6	
	2015-01-05	11929.55	
	2015-01-06	14358.5	
	2015-01-07	16560.7	
	2015-01-08	19399.05	
	2015-01-09	21526.4	



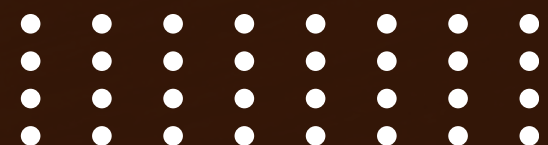


# DETERMINE THE TOP 3 MOST ORDERED PIZZA TYPES BASED ON REVENUE FOR EACH PIZZA CATEGORY.



```
• select name, revenue from
  (select category, name, revenue,
   rank() over(partition by category order by revenue desc) as rnk
   from
    (select pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name,
     sum((orders_details.quantity) * pizzas.price) as revenue
     from pizza_types join pizzas
     on pizza_types.pizza_type_id = pizzas.pizza_type_id
     join orders_details
     on orders_details.pizza_id = pizzas.pizza_id
     group by pizza_types.category, pizza_types.name) as a) as b
 where rnk <= 3;
```

Result Grid				Filter Rows:	Export:
	category	name	revenue		
▶	Chicken	The Thai Chicken Pizza	43434.25		
	Chicken	The Barbecue Chicken Pizza	42768		
	Chicken	The California Chicken Pizza	41409.5		
	Classic	The Classic Deluxe Pizza	38180.5		
	Classic	The Hawaiian Pizza	32273.25		
	Classic	The Pepperoni Pizza	30161.75		
	Supreme	The Spicy Italian Pizza	34831.25		
	Supreme	The Italian Supreme Pizza	33476.75		
	Supreme	The Sicilian Pizza	30940.5		
	Veggie	The Four Cheese Pizza	32265.70000000065		
	Veggie	The Mexicana Pizza	26780.75		
	Veggie	The Five Cheese Pizza	26066.5		





Pizza Sales Presentation

THANK YOU  
FOR ATTENTION

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