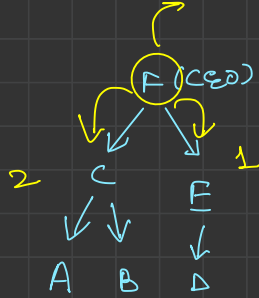




# Employees and Manager

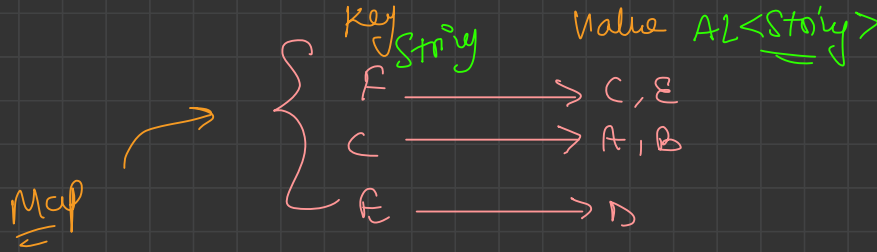
6 mgr  
A C  
B C  
C F  
D E  
E F  
F F

$$(2+1) + (1+1) = \underline{\underline{5}}$$



asking direct reports

fun: tell me no. of employees under me



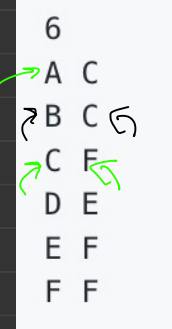
```

for (String emp_name : emp.keySet()) {
    String mngr_name = emp.get(emp_name);

    if (mngr_name.equals(emp_name) == true) {
        // CEO
        ceo = emp_name;
        continue;
    }

    if (directReportees.containsKey(mngr_name) == true) {
        ArrayList<String> my_team = directReportees.get(mngr_name);
        my_team.add(emp_name);
        directReportees.put(mngr_name, my_team);
    } else {
        ArrayList<String> my_team = new ArrayList();
        my_team.add(emp_name);
        directReportees.put(mngr_name, my_team);
    }
}

```



mngr\_name

C

A

team

{ A, B }

{ C }



problem with given arr

$arr[] = \{ 5, 10, 3, 2, 50, 80 \}$

$B = 75$

Brute force

for (int i = 0  $\rightarrow$  n-1)

for (int j = i+1  $\rightarrow$  n)

if ( $arr[i] - arr[j] = B$  ||  $arr[j] - arr[i] = B$ )

return

$$\text{arr}[ ] = \{ 5, 10, 3, 2, 50, 80 \}$$

$$B = 75$$

$(x, y)$

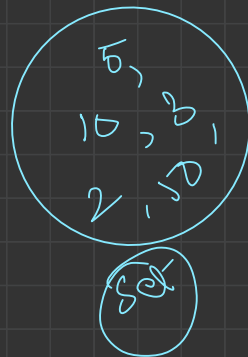
$\Rightarrow$

$$x - y = B$$

$$y - x = B$$

$$y = x - B$$

$$y = B + x$$



$$x = 5$$

$$y = -10$$

$$y = 80$$

$$x = 10$$

$$y = -65$$

$$y = 85$$

$$x = 3$$

$$y = -12$$

$$y = 78$$

$$x = 80$$

$$y = 5$$

$$x = 2$$

$$y = -13$$

$$y = 77$$

$$x = 50$$

$$y = -25$$

$$y = 125$$

# Array Pair divisible by $k$ .

$$\text{arr}[] = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10\} \quad k = 5$$

$\overline{\text{I}}$   
[  $n/2$  such pairs that, sum of each pair is divisible by  $k$  ]

$$\boxed{n/2}$$

$(1, 4)$	$(2, 3)$	$(5, 10)$	$(6, 9)$	$(7, 8)$
$\overline{\text{I}}$	$\overline{\text{I}}$	$\overline{\text{I}}$	$\overline{\text{I}}$	$\overline{\text{I}}$
5	5	15	15	15

Brute force

arr[] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 }      K = 5

↑      →

{ TC:  $O(N^2)$   
SC:  $O(N)$



$(x, y)$  sum is divisible by  $k$

$$(x+y) \% k = 0$$

$$x = a * k + \text{rem1}$$

$$y = b * k + \text{rem2}$$

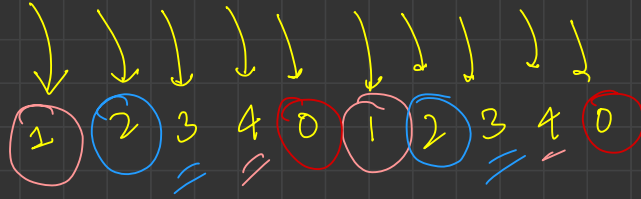
$$\begin{aligned} x+y &= a * k + \text{rem1} + b * k + \text{rem2} \\ &= k(a+b) + (\text{rem1} + \text{rem2}) \end{aligned}$$

↓  
divisible  $k$

↓  
should be divisible by  $k$

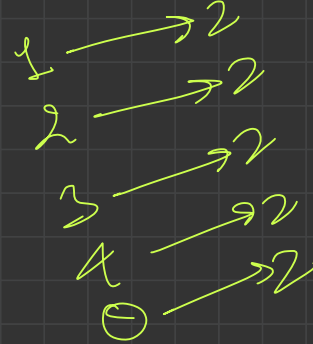
arr[] = { 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 }

K = 5



$$\text{rem1} + \text{rem2} = K$$

$$\text{rem1} = K - \text{rem2}$$



- ① equal freq. of comp. rem. to neutralize
- ② even numbers of zero.

freq map  
→ rem

# Largest Subarray With Zero Sum

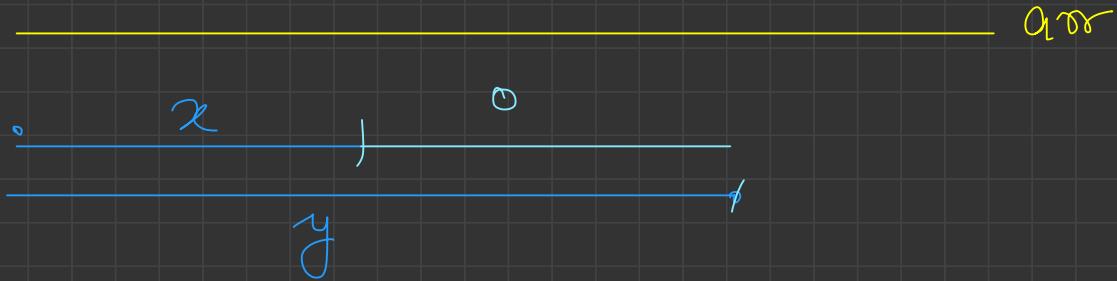
arr[] = { 15, -2, 2, -8, 1, 7, 10, 23 }

Brute Force

↳ TC:  $O(N^2)$

SC:  $O(1)$

arr[] = { 15, -2, 2, -8, 1, 7, 10, 23 }



arr [J] = { 15, -2, 2, -8, 1, 7, 10, 23 }

Index	Value
0	15
1	-2
2	2
3	-8
4	1
5	7
6	10
7	23

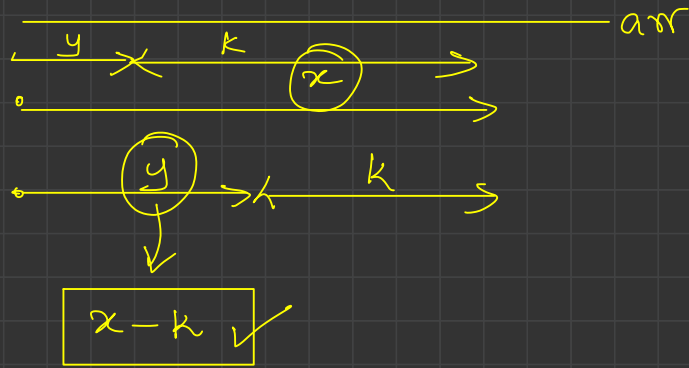
$$2 - 0 = 2$$

$$5 - 0 = 5$$

Subarray Sum equal to k

$$\text{int[] = } \{ \textcircled{10}, 2, -2, -20, \textcircled{10} \} \quad K=10$$

3 subarrays



$$\text{step1} = y = x - k$$

$x$   $\rightarrow$  step2 = no. of time  
I have seen  $y$

2