



Construct a Binary tree from Preorder and Inorder.

→ root left right

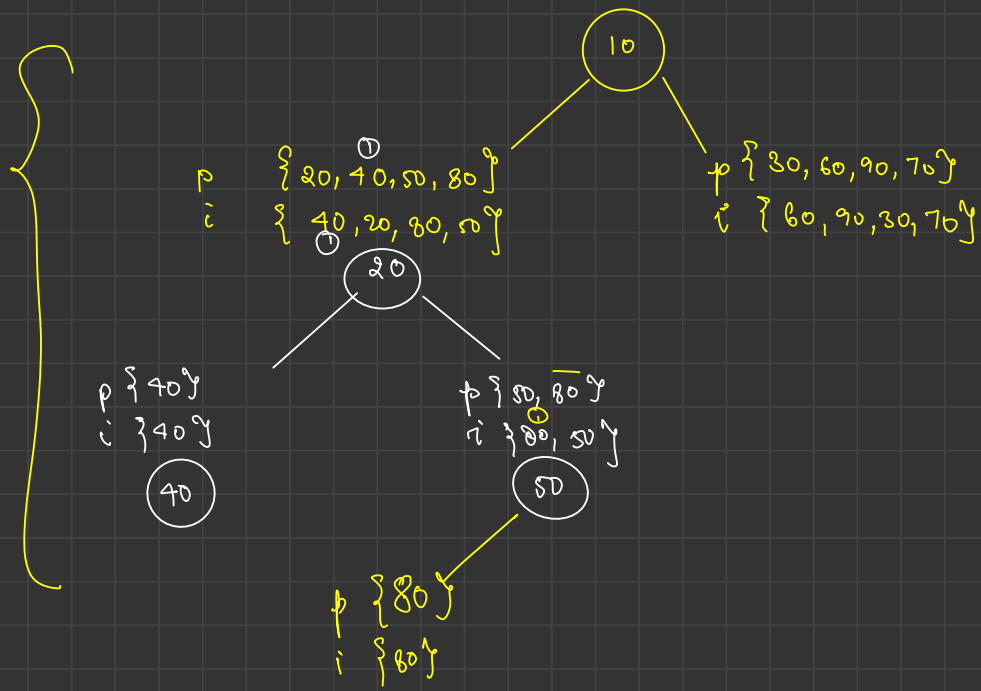
pre order : {10, 20, 40, 50, 80, 30, 60, 90, 70}

in order : {40, 20, 80, 50, 10, 60, 90, 30, 70}

→ left root right

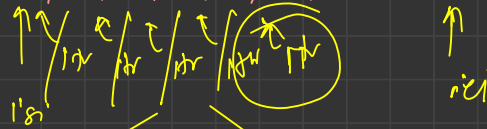
pre order: $\{ \overset{①}{10}, \overset{②}{20}, \overset{③}{40}, \overset{④}{50}, 80, 30, 60, 90, 70 \}$
 $\quad \quad \quad \underline{\quad \quad \quad \text{left} \quad \quad \quad \text{right} \quad \quad \quad}$
 in order: $\{ 40, 20, 80, 50, 10, 60, 90, 30, 70 \}$
 $\quad \quad \quad \underline{\overset{①}{40} \ \overset{②}{20} \ \overset{③}{80} \ \overset{④}{50}} \quad \quad \quad \text{right}$

Construct () takes pre order & in order of a tree and construct that tree



pre order : {10, 20, 40, 50, 80, 30, 60, 90, 70}

in order : {40, 20, 80, 50, 10, 60, 90, 30, 70}

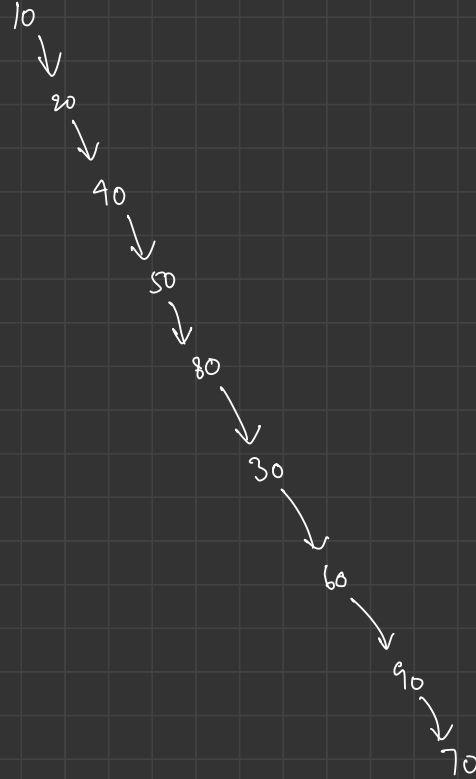
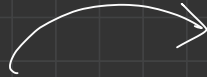
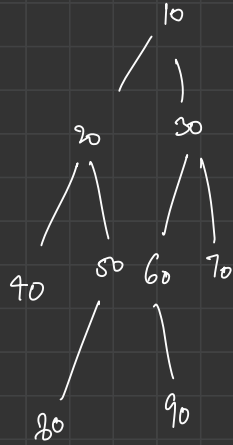


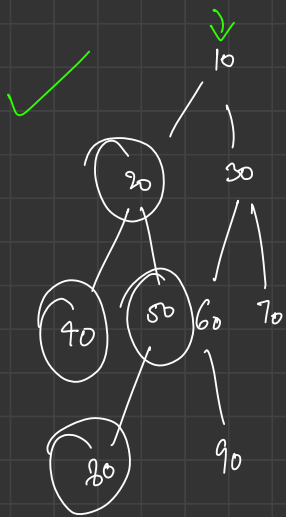
$cur = \text{pre} + 1$

$(pre + 1, pre + cur)$
 $(l's, l'r - 1)$

$(pre + cur + 1, pre)$
 $(r's + 1, r'e)$

flatten binary tree { inplace }





✓ $\text{flatten}(\text{Node root})$

fact: it will flatten the tree

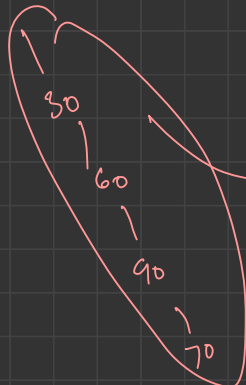


① Step 1

$\text{flatten}(\text{root.left})$

② Step 2

$\text{flatten}(\text{root.right})$

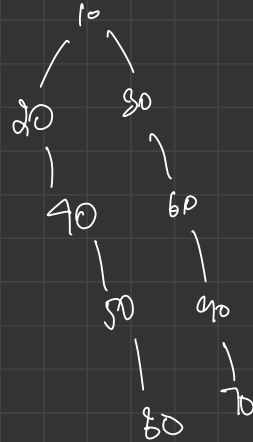


flatten(Node root)

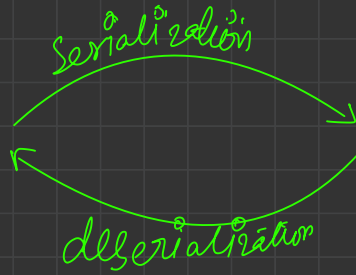
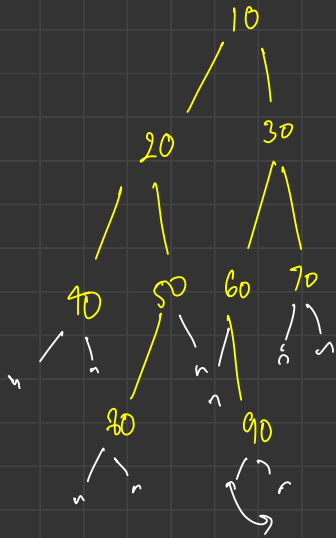
→ faith! It flattens a Binary Tree

① flatten(root.left)

② flatten(root.right)



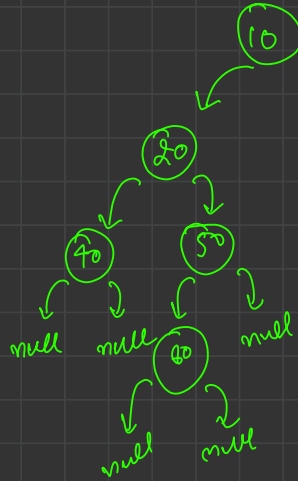
Serialize and deserialize a binary tree



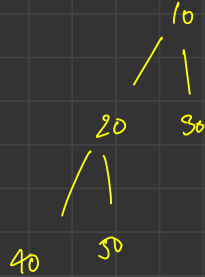
String

pre = "10,20,40,null,null,50,80,null,null,null,30,60,null,90,null,null,70,null,null"

pre - [10, 20, 40, null, null, 50, 80, null, null, null, 30, 60, null, 90, null, null, 70, null, null]



pre order traversal of a tree (iteratively)



10, 20, 40, 50, 30



stack

call 0 → print + left call ✓

call 1 → right call

call 2 → remove