

Minimum is: 2

EXPERIMENT-3

OBJECTIVE

Write Object Oriented programs in Java: Objects, Classes constructors, returning and passing objects as parameter, Inheritance, Access Control, using super, final with inheritance Overloading and overriding methods, Abstract classes, Extended classes

EXPERIMENT-3.1

OBJECTIVE

Implementation of Objects, Classes and Constructors in Java.

PROGRAM

```
class Goeduhub // creating a class
{
    int id;
    String name;
    Goeduhub() // creating default constructor
    {
        System.out.println("Default constructor called!!");
    }
    //creating a parameterized constructor
    Goeduhub(int i,String n)
    {
        id = i;
        name = n;
        System.out.println("Parameterized constructor called!!");
    }
    Goeduhub(Goeduhub g)
    {
```

```

        id=g.id;
        name=g.name;
        System.out.println("Copy constructor called!!");
    }
    //method to display the values
    void display()
    {
        System.out.println(id+" "+name);
    }
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        Goeduhub g1 = new Goeduhub(); //creating objects and passing values
        g1.display(); //calling method to display the values of object
        Goeduhub g2 = new Goeduhub(123,"Ankit");
        g2.display();
        Goeduhub g3 = new Goeduhub(456,"Rohan");
        g3.display();
        Goeduhub g4 = new Goeduhub(g2); //passing object as parameter
        g4.display();
    }
}

```

OUTPUT

Default constructor called!!

0 null

Parameterized constructor called!!

123 Ankit

Parameterized constructor called!!

456 Rohan

Copy constructor called!!

123 Ankit

EXPERIMENT-3.2

OBJECTIVE

Implementation of Inheritance and Access control in Java

Program:

```
class lname{

void fun1() { System.out.println("Technologies !");

} }

class fname extends lname{

void fun2() {

System.out.print("Poornima ");}

}

class Greet extends fname{

void fun3(){

System.out.print("Welcome to ");}

}

class Test1 {

public static void main(String args[]){

Greet d=new Greet();

d.fun3();

d.fun2();

d.fun1();

}}}
```

OUTPUT

Welcome to Poornima Technologies!

EXPERIMENT-3.3

OBJECTIVE

Implementation of super and final keywords in Java

Program: // superclass Person

```
class Person
```

```
{
```

```
    int id=111;
```

```
    void message()
```

```
    {
```

```
        System.out.println("Welcome to Goeduhub!");
```

```
    }
```

```
    Person()
```

```
    {
```

```
        System.out.println("Person class Constructor");
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

// subclass Student extending the Person class

```
class Student extends Person // Inheritance
```

```
{
```

```
    Student()
```

```
    {
```

```
        super(); // invoke or call parent class constructor
```

```
        System.out.println("Student class Constructor");
```

```
    }
```

```
    void message()
```

```
{  
    System.out.println("Technologies");  
}  
void display()  
{  
    super.message(); // calling super class method  
    message();  
    System.out.println("Student Id: "+super.id); //accessing super class variable  
}  
}  
class Test  
{  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        Student s = new Student();  
        s.display();  
    }  
}
```

OUTPUT

Person class Constructor

Student class Constructor

Welcome to Poornima!

Technologies

Student Id: 111

EXPERIMENT-3.4**OBJECTIVE**

Implementation of overloading and overriding methods in Java

PROGRAM:

```
class Test1
{
    static int add(int a,int b){return a+b;}
    static int add(int a,int b,int c){return a+b+c;} //changing no. of arguments
    static double add(double a, double b){return a+b;} //changing data types
}

class Test2
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        System.out.println(Test1.add(24,41));
        System.out.println(Test1.add(24,41,11));
        System.out.println(Test1.add(13.2,14.6));
    }
}
```

OUTPUT

65

76

27.799999999999997

EXPERIMENT-3.5**OBJECTIVE**

Implementation of Abstract classes in Java

Program:

```
// Abstract class
abstract class Animal {

    // Abstract method (does not have a body)
    public abstract void speak();

    // Regular method
    public void sleep() {
        System.out.println("Zzzzz!!!");
    }
}

// Subclass (inherit from Animal)
class Dog extends Animal {

    public void speak() {
        // The body of speak() is provided here
        System.out.println("Dog barks!");
    }
}

class Test3 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Dog myDog = new Dog(); // Create a Dog object
        myDog.speak();
        myDog.sleep();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT

Dog barks!