Learn how to save and load Booster models in XGBoost

A. Saving and loading binary data

After finding the best parameters for a <code>Booster</code> and training it on a dataset, we can save the model into a binary file. Each <code>Booster</code> contains a function called <code>save_model</code>, which saves the model's binary data into an input file.

The code below saves a trained Booster object, bst, into a binary file called model.bin.

```
# predefined data and labels
     dtrain = xgb.DMatrix(data, label=labels)
    params = {
       'max_depth': 3,
       'objective':'binary:logistic'
    bst = xgb.train(params, dtrain)
     # 2 new data observations
     dpred = xgb.DMatrix(new data)
     print('Probabilities:\n{}'.format(
       repr(bst.predict(dpred))))
    bst.save_model('model.bin')
    RUN
                                                                                                          SAVE
                                                                                                                       RESET
                                                                                                                              Close
                                                                                                                             3.7315
Output
 [16:37:25] /workspace/src/tree/updater_prune.cc:74: tree pruning end, 1 roots, 14 extra nodes, 0 pruned nodes, max_depth=3
 [16:37:25] /workspace/src/tree/updater_prune.cc:74: tree pruning end, 1 roots, 14 extra nodes, 0 pruned nodes, max_depth=3
 [16:37:25] /workspace/src/tree/updater_prune.cc:74: tree pruning end, 1 roots, 12 extra nodes, 0 pruned nodes, max_depth=3
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```

We can restore a Booster from a binary file using the load_model function. This requires us to initialize an empty Booster and load the file's data into it.

The code below loads the previously saved Booster from model.bin.

Load saved Booster

```
new_bst = xgb.Booster()
    new_bst.load_model('model.bin')
    print('Probabilities:\n{}'.format(
      repr(new_bst.predict(dpred))))
   RUN
                                                                                                  SAVE
                                                                                                              RESET
                                                                                                                   Close
Output
                                                                                                                   3.3195
 Probabilities:
 array([0.10744555, 0.02841334], dtype=float32)
```