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Objective: Automate file management.

backup.sh script

LAB 4 – Backup Script

Script Name

backup.sh



The script finds all .txt files in the current folder and copies them into a backup/

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directory with a timestamp added to the filename.

This ensures that no backups overwrite each other.

How the Script Works

- 1. mkdir -p backup → Creates a folder called backup if it doesn't already exist.
- 2. timestamp= $\$(date + "%Y%m%d %H%M%S") \rightarrow Stores the current date and time.$ Example: 20250910 231530
- 3. The script loops over all .txt files in the current folder:
 - \circ basename "\$file" .txt \rightarrow Gets the filename without extension.
 - \circ cp "\$file" "backup/\${base}_\${timestamp}.txt" \to Copies the file into backup/, appending the timestamp.
- 4. Prints confirmation of each backup created.

Example Run

Step 1: Create some .txt files

```
echo "Hello World" > notes.txt
echo "Shopping List" > list.txt
```

Step 2: Run the script

./backup.sh

Output Backed up notes.txt → backup/notes_20250910_231530.txt Backed up list.txt → backup/list_20250910_231530.txt

Step 3: Check backup folder

ls backup/

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Result:

notes_20250910_231530.txt list_20250910_231530.txt

Extra Questions

What is the difference between cp, mv, and rsync?

- 1. cp (copy) Copies files or directories from one place to another. Original file remains; a duplicate is created.
- 2. mv (move/rename)
- Moves files/directories (like cut-paste).
- Removes them from the original location.
- Also used for renaming.
- 3. rsync (remote sync / robust sync)
- A powerful tool for copying/synchronizing files.
- Works locally and over a network/SSH.
- Faster than cp because it only copies changes (not the entire file every time).
- Supports progress display, compression, mirroring directories, etc.

How can you schedule scripts to run automatically?

- 1. Using cron (Linux scheduler) cron runs tasks at fixed times/dates.
- 2. Using at (one-time scheduling) Runs a command/script once at a given time.
- 3. Using systemd timers (modern Linux) Alternative to cron. More powerful for recurring jobs. Uses .service and .timer files.