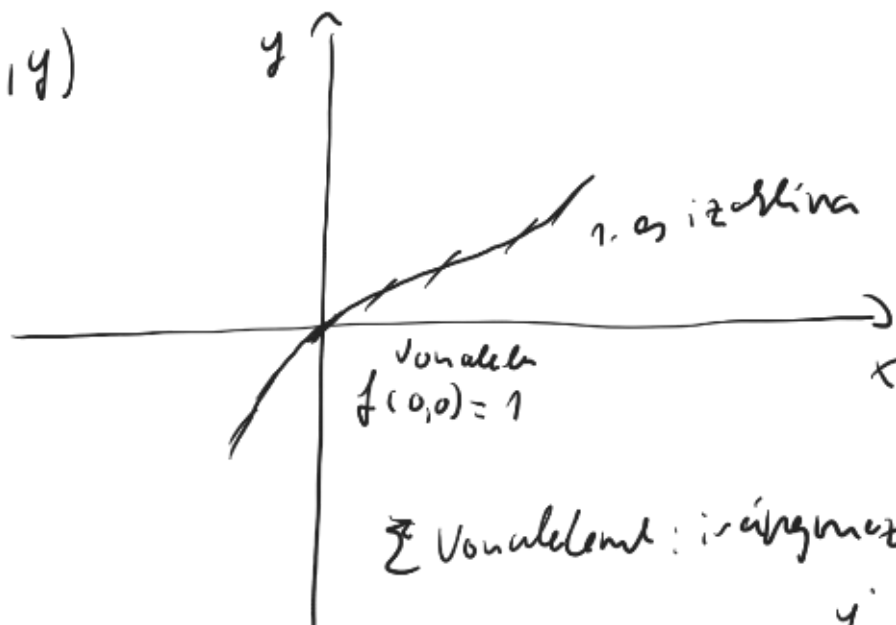


3. gyakorlat

$$y' = f(x, y)$$



$$k \in \mathbb{R} : k \text{ izotília} = \left\{ (x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : \overbrace{f(x, y)}^{y'} = k \right\}$$

$$y' = e^{y-3} + x$$

$$k \text{ izotília} : e^{y-3} + x = k$$

$$y = \ln(k - x) + 3$$

$$y' = (y^2 - 1)x - x + 2$$

$$2 \text{ izotília} \quad (y^2 - 1)x - x + x = 2$$

$$y = \pm \sqrt{2}$$

Állandó együtthatójú lin. el. es