

18. When words are joined by 'with', 'together with' or 'as well as' etc. the verb agrees with the first subject. (with, together with বা as well as দ্বারা কোনো word যুক্ত হলে verb-টি প্রথম subject অনুযায়ী হয়।)

প্রধানমন্ত্রী তাঁর ক্যাবিনেটের সমস্ত সদস্যদের সঙ্গে উপস্থিত হয়েছেন—The Prime Minister with all the members of his cabinet has arrived.

তাদের পিতার সঙ্গে তারাও প্রশংসার দাবী রাখে—They with their father deserve praise.

বিভার সঙ্গে তার বন্ধুরাও শাস্তি পেয়েছিল—Bibha as well as his friends was punished.

তুমি নয়, সে পুরস্কার পেয়েছে—He, and not you, (used parenthetically), has won the prize. (বাক্যের মধ্যে যে অংশ মূল বাক্যের গঠনের সঙ্গে যুক্ত নয়, তাকে parenthesis বলে।)

মিস্টার স্মিথ তাঁর কয়েকজন বন্ধুর সঙ্গে কিছু বই কিনছেন—Mr. Smith together with some of his friends is buying some books.

19. After **not only ... but also**, the verb agrees with the nearest phrase. (Not only ...but also-এর ক্ষেত্রে শেষের Subject অনুযায়ী verb হয়।)

Not only George but also his friends are buying books.

Not only the boys but also the teacher is watching the T.V.

20. When the subject of the verb is a **Relative Pronoun**, care should be taken to see that the verb agrees in number and person with the antecedent of the Relative Pronoun.

[Relative Pronoun Subject হলে তার antecedent-এর অর্থাৎ তার পূর্ববর্তী Noun বা Pronoun-এর number এবং person অনুযায়ী verb হয়।]

I who am your friend should stand by you.

He who is my friend should stand by me.

You who are my friend should stand by me.

This is the boy who is my friend. These are the boys who are my friends.

I am the man who has lost his cow. Those are the men who have lost their belongings.

[এখানে, who-এর পর **is, am, are, has** বা **have** বসেছে এদের antecedent He, You, I, the boy, the boys, the man বা the men অনুযায়ী]



21. In referring to **anybody, everybody, anyone, everyone, each** etc., the pronoun of the masculine or the feminine gender is used according to the context.

[anybody, everybody, anyone, everyone, each প্রভৃতির ক্ষেত্রে প্রসঙ্গ অনুসারে masculine gender বা feminine gender-এর pronoun ব্যবহৃত হয়।]

I shall help each of the girls in her studies.

Each of the boys will do his duty.

But when the sex is not determined, we use the pronoun of the masculine gender.

[Each, anybody ইত্যাদির sex যখন অনির্দিষ্ট থাকে, তখন masculine gender ব্যবহৃত হয়।]

Each must do his best.

Anyone can do this if he likes.

Everyone likes to have his way.

If anybody knows the truth, let him tell it.