



WHAT IS APPROPRIATE PREPOSITION?

According to English usage certain words are followed by particular Prepositions. These are called Appropriate Prepositions. Students should study the uses of Appropriate Prepositions carefully.

ইংরেজি ভাষারীতি অনুসারে কিছু কিছু শব্দের পর কিছু নির্দিষ্ট Preposition বসে। এগুলিকে Appropriate Preposition বলে। ছাত্র-ছাত্রীদের খুব যত্নের সঙ্গে এগুলি শেখা উচিত।



Abide by (মেনে চলা)—You should abide by the rules.

Abound in (প্রচুর পরিমাণে থাকা)—Fish abounds in this pond.

Abound with (প্রচুর পরিমাণে থাকা)—The river abounds with fish.

Absent from (অনুপস্থিতি)—He was absent from school.

Absorbed in (নিবিষ্ট)—He is absorbed in studies.

Access to (প্রবেশ অধিকার)—Public has no access to this garden.

According to (অনুসারে)—According to your order I went there.

Accompanied by (সঙ্গী হওয়া)—He was accompanied by his father.

Accompanied with (একসঙ্গে ঘটা)—He has fever accompanied with headache.

Acquainted with (পরিচিত)—I am acquainted with him.

Accused of (অভিযুক্ত)—He is accused of theft.

Accustomed to (অভ্যন্ত)—I am accustomed to such a life.

Acquit (one) of (খালাস দেওয়া)—I acquit you of the charge.

Add to (যোগ করা)—Add this to that.

Addicted to (আসক্ত)—He is addicted to wine.

Adjacent to (সংলগ্ন)—His school is adjacent to his house.

Admit of (স্মীকৃতি পাওয়া)—Your conduct admits of no excuse.

[Admit is followed by of only when it has an impersonal subject, i.e. it or an abstract noun (such as, conduct). But when the subject is personal, admit is not followed by of. I admit (accept) no excuse.]

Admit to (ভর্তি করা)—He was *admitted to* Class VI.

Admit into (প্রবেশাধিকার দেওয়া) — He was *admitted into* the room.

Affection for (সন্তোষ) — The teacher feels *affection for* every pupil.

Affectionate to (সন্তোষীল) — He is *affectionate to* me.

Afraid of (ভীত) — I am not *afraid of* ghosts.

Agree with (a person), **on** (a point), **to** (a proposal) [একমত হওয়া]

I agree *with* you *on* this point, but I cannot *agree to* all the proposals.

Aim at (লক্ষ্য স্থির করা) — He *aimed* his gun at the bird.

Alarmed at (আতঙ্কিত) — We were *alarmed at* the news.

Allot to (বিলি করা) — One room has been *allotted to* him.

Alternative to (বিকল্প) — This question is *alternative to* that.

Aloof from (দূরে থাকা) — Keep yourself *aloof from* bad company.

Ambition for (উচ্চাকাঙ্ক্ষা) — He has no *ambition for* fame in life.

Angry with (a person), **for** (something), **at** (one's conduct) [ত্রুদ্ধ] — He is *angry with* me *for* speaking against him.

I am *angry at* your conduct.

Annoyed with (a person), **for** (something) [বিরক্ত] — I was *annoyed with* him *for* being late.

Anxious about, for (উৎস্থি) — I am *anxious about* your health. He is *anxious for* getting a job.

Apart from (ব্যতীত) — *Apart from* the prize, he got a certificate.

Appeal to (a person), **for** (something) **against** (a wrong) [আবেদন করা] — He *appealed to* the Headmaster for pardon.

They *appealed against* the verdict of the lower court.

Appetite for (ক্ষুধা) — The patient has no *appetite for* food.

Apply to (a person), **for** (a thing) [আবেদন করা] — He *applied to* the Secretary for the post.

Aptitude for (স্বাভাবিক দক্ষতা) — I have no *aptitude for* Mathematics.

Arrive at (পৌছানো) — We *arrived at* the station in time.

Argue with (a person), **for** or **against** (a thing) [তর্ক করা] — I *argued with* him *for* (or *against*) the point.

Assign to (নির্দিষ্ট করে দেওয়া) — He *assigned* the task *to* me.

Ashamed of (লজ্জিত) — He is not *ashamed of* his conduct.

Ashamed for (লজ্জিত) — I feel *ashamed for* you. (A.L.D.—Hornby)

Attend to (মনোযোগ দেওয়া) — *Attend to* your lesson.

Attach to (জুড়ে দেওয়া) — *Attach* this slip *to* the letter.

Attend on (upon) [সেবা করা] — She *attends on (upon)* her mother.

Avail (oneself) of (সুযোগ গ্রহণ করা) — You must *avail yourself of* the opportunity.



Aware of (সচেতন) — He is aware of the fact.

Based on (ভিত্তি থাকা) — Your remarks are not based on facts.

Beg (a person) **for** (a thing) — He begged me for the favour.

Beg (a thing) **of** (a person) — He begged the favour of me.

Believe in (বিশ্বাস করা) — I do not believe in his honesty.

Belong to (অধিকারে থাকা) — This book belongs to me.

Bent on (ঝোক) — He is bent on doing this.

Beware of (সতর্ক হওয়া) — Beware of pick-pockets.

Blessed with (অধিকার-ধন্য) — He is blessed with (= possesses) good health.

Blessed in (সুখী) — He is blessed (= happy) in his children.

Blind of (দৃষ্টিশক্তিতে অঙ্গ) — He is blind of one eye.

Blind to (দোষের প্রতি অঙ্গ) — He is blind to his own faults.

Blush with, for (লজায় রাঙ্গ হওয়া) — She blushed with shame.

[There is no cause to blush for me. (COD)]

Boast of (গর্ব করা) — Do not boast of your wealth.

Born of, in (জন্মানো) — He was born of poor parents. He was born in poverty.

Bound for (যাত্রার জন্য প্রস্তুত) — The ship is bound for England.

Brood on, over (মন খারাপ করা) — Do not brood over your misfortune.

Burst into (কানায় ভেঙে পড়া) — He burst into tears at the sad news.

Burst out (হাসিতে ফেঁটে পড়া) — He burst out laughing at my joke.

Busy with (ব্যস্ত) — He is busy with his studies.

Callous to (উদাসীন) — He is callous to my suffering.

Capable of (সক্ষম) — He is capable of doing this alone.

Capacity for (যোগ্যতা) — He has capacity for hard work.

Care for (গ্রাহ্য করা) — I do not care for you.

Care of (যত্ন নেওয়া) — Take care of your health.

Careful of (যত্নবান) — He is careful of his money.

Certain of (নিশ্চিত) — He is certain of his ground.

Charge (a person) **with** (a fault), **on** or **against** (a person) [অভিযোগ করা] — He was charged with theft. Theft was charged on (against) him.

Close to [নিকটে] — The school is very close to our house.

Clue to (সূত্র) — Find out the clue to the mystery.

Come of (জন্মগ্রহণ করা) — He comes of a noble family.

Commence on (শুরু করা) — Our examination commences on the 3rd July.

Comment on (মন্তব্য করা) — He commented favourably on the point.

Compare with (similar things), **to** (dissimilar things). [তুলনা করা] — Rabindranath may be compared with Shakespeare. Anger is compared to fire.

Compete with (some one), **for** (something) [প্রতিযোগিতা করা]—I *competed with* him for the first prize.

Complain to (a person), **against** (another), **about** (a thing) [অভিযোগ করা]—They *complained* (made a complaint) *to* the Director *against* the Manager *about* his behaviour.

Comply with (মনে নেওয়া) — I shall *comply with* your request.

Composed of (তৈরি) — Water is *composed of* Hydrogen and Oxygen.

Confident of (স্থির বিশ্বাসী) — I am *confident of* success.

Confined in (a room), **to** (bed) [আবদ্ধ] — He is *confined in* a room for five days. He is confined to bed.

Congratulate on (অভিনন্দিত করা) — I *congratulate* you *on* your success.

Conscious of (সচেতন) — He is *conscious of* his weakness.

Consist of (গঠিত হওয়া) — This class *consists of* fifty boys.

Consist in (নিহিত থাকা) — Happiness *consists in* contentment.

Consist with (সঙ্গত হওয়া) — His statement does not *consist with* reason.

Consistent with (সামঞ্জস্যপূর্ণ) — Your action is not *consistent with* the rules.

Consult with (a person), **on or about** (a thing) [আলোচনা করা] — I *consulted with* him on/about the matter.

Contrary to (বিপরীত) — His action is *contrary to* his words.

Contribute to (দান হিসাবে দেওয়া) — He *contributed* one thousand rupees *to* the Flood Relief Fund.

Control over (নিয়ন্ত্রণ) — He has no *control over* his brother.

Count for (গণ্য হওয়া) — His advice *counts for* nothing (i.e. of no effect).

Count upon (নির্ভর করা) — I *count upon* your help for this work.

Cure of (আরোগ্য হওয়া) — He will be *cured of* the disease very soon.

Cope with (সামলানো) — I cannot *cope with* the situation.

Crave for (আকাঙ্ক্ষা করা) — He *craves for* wealth. (COD)

Deaf of (বধির) — He is *deaf of* one ear. (COD)

Deaf to (শুনতে অনিচ্ছুক) — He is *deaf to* my request.

Deal in (ব্যবসা করা) — He *deals in* rice/clothes etc.

Deal with (ব্যবহার করা) — He *deals well with* the customers.

Dedicate to (উৎসর্গ করা) — This book is *dedicated to* his father.

Delight in (আনন্দ) — He takes *delight in* music.

Depend on (নির্ভর করা) — Success *depends on* hard work.

Deprived of (বঢ়িত) — He was *deprived of* his property.

Desire for (ইচ্ছা) — He has no *desire for* fame.

Desirous of (ইচ্ছুক) — He is *desirous of* building a new house.

Despair of (নিরাশ হওয়া) — Do not *despair of* success.



Destined to (ভাগ্য নির্দিষ্ট) — He was *destined to* death.

Devoid of (বর্জিত) — He is *devoid of* common sense.

Devote to (উৎসর্গ করা) — He *devotes* much time *to* study.

Die of (a disease), **from** (an effect), **for** (a cause), **by** (poison), **in** (peace) [মারা যাওয়া] — He *died of* cholera. He *died from* over-eating. He *died for* his country. He *died by* poison. Let me *die in* peace.

Differ with (a person), **on** (a point), **in** (opinion) [ভিন্ন মত হওয়া] — I *differ with* you *on* this point. They *differ in* their opinions.

Differ from (ভিন্নরূপ হওয়া) — This thing *differs from* that.

Difference between (পার্থক্য) — There is no *difference between* the two brothers.

Different from (পৃথক) — This book is *different from* that.

Diffident of (সন্দিক্ষ) — I am *diffident of* success.

Disgrace to (কলঙ্ক) — He is a *disgrace to* his family.

Disgusted with (a person), **at** (a thing) [বিরক্ত] — I am *disgusted with* him *at* his conduct.

Displeased with (অসন্তুষ্ট) — He is *displeased with* me.

Dislike for (অপছন্দ) — He has *dislike for* dogs.

Displeased with, at (অসন্তুষ্ট) — I am *displeased with* him *at* his conduct.

Dispose of (বিক্রয় করা) — He *disposed of* his books.

Distinguish one thing from (another) [প্রভেদ করা] — A child cannot *distinguish* good *from* evil.

Distinguish between (প্রভেদ করা) — *Distinguish between* a phrase and a clause.

Divert from (অন্যদিকে নেওয়া) — The loud music *diverted* my attention *from* study.

Divide into (parts) [বিভক্ত করা] — It was *divided into* several parts.

Divide between (two), **among** (more than two) [ভাগ করা] — *Divide the mangoes between* Ram and Shyam. *Divide the mangoes among* the boys.

Due to (কারণে) — His absence is *due to* illness./He is absent *due to* his illness.

Dull of (বোধশক্তিহীন) — He is *dull of* understanding.

Dull at (কাঁচা) — He is *dull at* Physics/Mathematics etc.

Eager for, about (আগ্রহী) — He is *eager for* promotion in service. He is *eager about* the result. (COD)

Eligible for (যোগ্য) — He is *eligible for* the post.

Encroach on (অনধিকার প্রবেশ করা) — Do not *encroach on* my land.

End in (শেষ হওয়া) — All his plans *ended in* smoke.

Endowed with (ভূষিত) — He is *endowed with* talents.

Engaged with (a person) in (a work) [ব্যাপৃত] — I was *engaged with* him *in* talk.

Engaged to (বাগদন্ত) — Lila was *engaged to* him.



Enquire of (a person), **into** (a matter) [অনুসন্ধান করা]—He *enquired of* me *into* the matter.

Enter into (প্রবেশ করা)—He *entered into* details. [But] He *entered* the room.

Envy of (ঈর্ষা)—I have no *envy of* him. (P.O.D.)

Envious of (ঈর্ষাপ্রিতি)—I am not *envious of* his riches.

Entitled to (অধিকারী)—He is *entitled* to a reward for his honesty.

Equal in (rank), **with** (a person), **to** (a task) [সমতুল্য]—Mr. Bose is *equal in* rank *with* Mr. Ghosh. He rose *equal to* the occasion.

Escape from (প্লায়ন করা)—The man *escaped from* the prison.

Escape by (রক্ষা পাওয়া)—He *escaped by* a hair-breadth.

Esteem for (শ্রদ্ধা)—He has *esteem for* the superiors.

Essential to (অত্যাবশ্যক)—Food is *essential to* health.

Excel in (তুলনামূলকভাবে সুন্দর হওয়া)—He *excels in* painting. (COD)

Excuse for (অব্যাহতি দেওয়া)—He will not be *excused for* coming late.

Excuse from (অব্যাহতি পাওয়া)—They may be *excused from* complying with this regulation.

Exempt from (অব্যাহতি দেওয়া)—He was *exempted from* the fine.

Faith in (বিশ্বাস)—I have no *faith in* him.

Faith with (break faith—বিশ্বাস ভঙ্গ করা)—He *broke faith with* me.

Faithful to (বিশ্বস্ত)—The dog is *faithful to* his master.

False to (মিথ্যাবাদী)—I cannot be *false* (unfaithful) *to* my friend.

Famous for (বিখ্যাত)—Radhanagar is *famous for* the birth place of Raja Rammohun.

Familiar with (সুপরিচিত)—He is *familiar with* my brother.

Fatal to (মারাত্মক)—The doctor's mistake proved *fatal to* his life.

Favour with (অনুগ্রহ করা)—Would you *favour* me *with* an early reply?

(In) **favour of** (পক্ষে)—He spoke *in favour of* his friend.

Favourable to (a person) **for** (something) [অনুকূল]—This situation is *favourable to* me *for* doing this.

Feel for, in (সহানুভূতি অনুভব করা)—I *feel for* you *in* your trouble.

Fit for (যোগ্য)—He is not *fit for* the job.

Fond of (অনুরাগী)—She is *fond of* sweets.

Free from (মুক্ত)—He is now *free from* danger.

Fill with (পরিপূর্ণ)—This tank is *filled with* water.

Full of (পরিপূর্ণ)—This tank is *full of* water.

Glance at (চোখ বুলিয়ে নেওয়া)—He *glanced at* me casually./Have a glance at the book.

Good at (দক্ষ)—He is *good at* tennis. [But, He is *good for* nothing.]

Grateful to (a person) **for** (something) [কৃতজ্ঞ]—I am *grateful to* you *for* your help.

Greed for (লোভ)—He has no greed for wealth.

Guess at (অনুমান করা)—Can you guess at her age?

Guilty of (দোষী)—He is guilty of murder.

Hanker after (লালায়িত হওয়া)—Do not hanker after wealth.

Hard at (উদ্যমী)—He is hard at work before examination.

Hard of (কম শোনে)—He is hard of hearing.

Heir of (a person), **to** (a property) [উত্তরাধিকারী]—He is the heir of his uncle (to his uncle's property).

Hope for (আশা করা)—Let us hope for the best.

Hunger for (তীব্র আকাঙ্ক্ষা)—His hunger for knowledge surprised us.

Ignorant of (অজ্ঞ)—He is ignorant of this rule.

Ill with (অসুস্থ)—He is ill with fever.

Impose on (চাপানো)—The task was imposed on me.

Indebted to (ঝণী, কৃতজ্ঞ)—I am indebted to him for this help.

Indifferent to (উদাসীন)—He is indifferent to our problem.

Indulge in (আসক্ত হওয়া)—Do not indulge in wine.

[But, Do not indulge him with your support.]

Inform (a person), **of** (something) [জানানো]—He informed the police of the murder.

Inferior to (নিকৃষ্ট)—This orange is inferior to that.

Inquire of (a person), **about**, **into** (a matter) [অনুসন্ধান করা]—I inquired of him about (into) the matter.

Insist on (জিদ করা)—He insisted on my going home.

Interest in (আগ্রহ)—He has a special interest in history.

Interfere with (a person), **in** (a matter) [হস্তক্ষেপ করা]—Do not interfere with me in my business.

Invite to (নিমন্ত্রণ করা)—I invited him to dinner.

Involved in (জড়িত)—He is involved in the plot.

Jealous of (ঈর্ষাপূরায়ণ)—I am not at all jealous of his fortune.

Jump at (আগ্রহ সহকারে গ্রহণ করা)—Do not jump at the offer.

Jump to (তাড়াছড়ো করে সিদ্ধান্তে আসা)—Do not hastily jump to a conclusion.

Jump on (লাফিয়ে পড়ে ছুঁয়ে থাকা)—The cat jumped on the table.

Jump over (না ছুঁয়ে ডিঙিয়ে যাওয়া)—He jumped over the fence.

Junior to (নিম্নপদস্থ)—He is junior to me in service.

Junior to (বয়সে কম)—He is junior to me by five years.

Justification of, for (যুক্তিগ্রাহ্যতা)—There is no justification of (for) his conduct.

Key to (সমাধানের উপায়)—He has found out the key to his problem.

Kind (Noun) of (প্রকার)—What kind of paper is it?

[So kind (= kindness) of you to see me.]



Kind (Adj) to (সদয়)—She is very *kind to* the children.

Lack of (অভাব)—I have no *lack of* friends.

Lacking in (অভাব আছে এমন)—He is *lacking in* courage.

Lame of (খোঁড়া)—He is *lame of* one leg.

Lament for (বিলাপ করা)—She *lamented for* her child.

Late in (দেরি)—Why are you so *late in* coming?

Laugh at (বিজ্ঞপ করা)—Do not *laugh at* the poor.

Lay by (সঞ্চয করা)—*Lay by* something for the old age.

Liable to (দায়ী)—He is *liable to* fine for his misconduct.

Liking for (রঁচি)—She has a *liking for* music.

Limit to (সীমা)—You should have a *limit to* your demands.

Limited to (সীমাবদ্ধ)—Invitation was *limited to* members only.

Listen to (শোনা)—Listen to me. *Listen to* the news on the radio.

Live on (food) [খেয়ে বাঁচা]—The cow *lives on* grass.

Live by (কোনো উপায়ে বেঁচে থাকা)—He *lives by* honest means.

Live beyond, within (বাঁচা)—He *lives beyond* his means. He *lives within* his means. [সে তার উপর্যুক্ত অনুযায়ী জীবন যাপন করে।]

Live for (an ideal) [বেঁচে থাকা]—He *lives for* fame.

Look at (তাকানো)—*Look at* the moon.

Look after (দেখাশোনা করা)—There is none to *look after* her.

Look for (খোঁজা)—I am *looking for* a good job.

Look into (অনুসন্ধান করা)—I am *looking into* the matter.

Look over (পরীক্ষা করা)—He is *looking over* the answer papers.

Look up (শব্দার্থ খোঁজা)—*Look up* the word in the dictionary.

Long for (কামনা করা)—He *longed for* fame.

Loyal to (বিশ্বস্ত)—He is *loyal to* his master.

Mad with (উন্মাদপ্রায়)—He is *mad with* pain.

Made of (তৈরি)—This ring is *made of* gold.

Make for (অগ্রসর হওয়া)—The ship *made for* England.

Make out (বুঝতে পারা)—I cannot *make out* what you say.

Marry to (বিবাহ দেওয়া)—He *married* his daughter to a rich man. She was married to a rich man.

Marry (বিবাহ করা—v.t.) She *married* a French man. (A. L. D.—Hornby)

Mourn for, over (শোক করা)—Don't *mourn for (over)* the dead.

Need for, of (প্রয়োজনীয়)—I have no *need for* more money. I am in *need of* money.

Object to (আপত্তি করা)—He *objected to* my proposal.

Oblige (a person) **with** or **by** (doing) something [বাধিত করা]—He *obliged* me **with** a loan, or **by** giving me a loan.

Obliged to (a person), **for** (a thing) [বাধিত]—I am *obliged to* him for his kind help.

Obstacle to (বাধা)—Poverty is often *obstacle to* higher studies.

Obsessed by, with (উদ্বিঘ্ন) —He is *obsessed by* the idea.

Occupied with (a business), **in** (doing a thing) [নিয়োজিত]—He is *occupied with* his studies. He is *occupied in* writing a letter.

Occur to (one's mind) [মনে হওয়া]—The idea never *occurred to* me.

Occur in (an essay, a poem etc.)—This line *occurs in* the poem 'The Cloud', written by Shelley.

Offend against (লঙ্ঘন করা)—You have *offended against* good manners.

Offended with (a person) **at** (an action) [বিরক্ত]—I am *offended (displeased) with* you at your conduct.

Offensive to (বিরক্তিকর) —This acrid smell is *offensive to* me.

Officiate for (a person) **in** (a post) [পরিবর্তে কাজ করা]—He *officiated for* me **in** that post.



Open to (উন্মুক্ত) —His plan is *open to* objection.

Open at (উন্মুক্ত করা বা খোলা) —*Open at* page 20.

Opportunity for, of —I have no *opportunity for (of)* doing the work.

Opposite to (বিপরীত) —Your idea is *opposite to* mine. Our house is *opposite to* the park.

Overcome with, by (emotion etc.) [জয় করা, বশে আসা]—He was *overcome with* fatigue. He was *overcome by* anger. (COD)

Owe to (ধর্মী হওয়া) —I *owe* my all **to** him.

Parallel to (সমান্তরাল) —This road is *parallel to* that.

Part from (a person), **with** (a thing) [বিচ্ছিন্ন হওয়া]—He *parted from* his friend. She *parted with* the ring. (COD)

Partial to (পক্ষপাদদৃষ্ট) —He is *partial to* his son.

Partiality for (পক্ষপাতিত্ব) —He has no *partiality for* his son.

Pass for (গণ্য হওয়া) —He *passes for* a clever man.

Pass away (মারা যাওয়া) —He *passed away* last night.

Persist in (লেগে থাকা) —He *persisted in* disturbing me.

Pity for (করণা) —Have *pity for* the poor.

Play on (বাজানো) —He *played on* guitar.

Plead with (a person) **for** or **against** (something) [ওকালতি করা]—I *pledged with* him **for** justice (**against** the wrong done to me).

Pleased with (a person) **at** (something) [সন্তুষ্ট]—I am *pleased with* him. I am *pleased at* the news.

Polite in, to (নম্র) — He is *polite in* his manners. He is *polite to* strangers.

Poor in (spirit) [দুর্বল] — Don't be *poor in* spirit. He is *poor in* Mathematics.

Popular with (জনপ্রিয়) — He is *popular with* all for his good behaviour.

Prefer (one) to (another) [অধিক পছন্দ করা] — I prefer coffee *to* tea.

Preferable to (অধিক পছন্দযোগ্য) — Death is *preferable to* dishonour.

Preside over (সভাপতিত্ব করা) — He *presided over* the meeting.

Pretend to (ভান করা) — He does not *pretend to* high birth.

Prevent (one) from (doing something) [বারণ করা] — I *prevented him from* going there.

Pride (oneself) on, (take pride in) [গর্ব করা] — He *prides himself on* (*takes pride in*) his high birth.

Proud of (গর্বিত) — He is *proud of* his position.

Prior to (পূর্বে) — *Prior to* that, he was in a wretched condition.

Prohibit from (বারণ করা) — I *prohibited him from* going there.

Prompt in (answers), **prompt at** (figures) [চটপটে] — He is *prompt in* his answers. He is *prompt at* figures.

Prone to (যৌক আছে এমন) — He is *prone to* idleness.

Proportionate to (আনুপাতিক) — Punishment should be *proportionate to* offence.

Provide against (evil days), **for** (children), **with** (a thing) [পূর্বে ব্যবস্থা করা, সরবরাহ করা] — You must *provide against* evil days *for* your children. I *provide* (supply) him *with* food.

Qualified for (যোগ্য) — He is *qualified for* the post.

Quick at, of (চটপটে) — He is *quick at* figures. He is *quick of* understanding.

Quarrel with (a person) **for, over, about** (something) [কলহ করা] — They *quarrelled with* one another *for* (*over, about*) the property.

Refer to [বিচারার্থে পাঠানো] — Refer the matter *to* him for enquiry.

Rejoice at, in (আনন্দ করা) — Every one rejoiced at (in) her success.

[Nesfield says "rejoice in one's own success", but "rejoice at the success of another." But COD does not make any such distinction]

Relevant to (প্রাসঙ্গিক) — Your remark is not *relevant to* the point.

Rely on (নির্ভর করা) — You can *rely on* him.

Remedy for (প্রতিকার) — There is no *remedy for* this disease. (COD)

[Nesfield says "remedy for or against snakebite."]

Remind (one) of (a thing) [মনে করিয়ে দেওয়া] — I *reminded him of* his promise.

Render into (অনুবাদ করা) — *Render* the passage *into* Hindi.

Replace (one thing) with another [পরিবর্তন করা] — Replace this chair *with* a new one. (COD)

["In a passive sentence where it is necessary to use *by* to denote an agent, *with* must be used before the name of the thing that is substituted."]

Require (a thing) **of** (a person) [প্রয়োজন হওয়া]—I *required* a loan of him.

Resign (oneself) **to** (আত্মসমর্পণ করা)—I *resigned* myself to fate.

(In) **respect of** [in point of—সম্বন্ধে]—He is junior to me *in respect of* service.

(With) **respect to** [about—সম্বন্ধে]—We are talking *with respect to* that matter.

Respond to (উত্তর দেওয়া)—Nobody *responded to* my call.

Responsible to (an authority) **for** (an action) [দায়ী]—He is *responsible to* the committee *for* his action.

Rest with, upon (নির্ভর করা, বিশ্বাসস্থাপন করা)—The whole matter *rests* (depends) *with* you. I *rest upon* (rely on) your promise.

Restore to (ফিরিয়ে দেওয়া)—*Restore* his property *to* him.

Restrict to (সীমাবদ্ধ করা)—Admission was *restricted to* students.

Retire from, on (অবসর লওয়া)—He *retired from* service *on* a pension.

Rich in (সম্পদশালী)—Bihar is *rich in* minerals.

Rid of (মুক্ত হওয়া)—Get *rid of* bad company.

Rob of (অপহরণ করা)—Somebody *robbed* him of his purse.

Sanguine of (নিশ্চিত)—She is *sanguine of* her success.

Satisfied with, of (সন্তুষ্ট)—I am *satisfied with* him. I am *satisfied of* the truth.

Satisfaction in, with (সন্তোষ)—I find *satisfaction in* gardening. Great was his *satisfaction with* his result.

Search for (অনুসন্ধান)—Their *search for* the thing was of no avail.

(In) **search of** (অনুসন্ধানে ব্যস্ত)—They are *in search of* a nice bird.

Sensible of (বোধ সম্পন্ন)—She is *sensible of* the risk.

Sensitive to (সংবেদনশীল)—She is *sensitive to* cold.

Sentence to, for (দণ্ডদেশ দেওয়া)—He was *sentenced to* death *for* murder.

Senior to (বয়সে বড়, উচ্চপদস্থ)—He is *senior to* me by four years. I am *senior to* him in service. (উচ্চ পদে)

Send for (ডেকে পাঠানো)—*Send for* a doctor immediately.

Sick of, for (পীড়িত, ঝান্টি)—I am *sick of* fever. I am *sick of* this idle life. He is *sick for* home.

Similar to (সদৃশ)—This pen is *similar to* that.

Sink in (mud), **into** (the sea, river etc.) [আবদ্ধ হওয়া, ডুবে যাওয়া]—

He *sank in* mud. The ship *sank into* the sea.



Slow of (speech), **at** (figures), **in** (doing something) [শ্঵াস]—He is *slow of* speech. He is *slow at* figures. He is *slow in* writing.

Smell of (গন্ধ দেয়া)—This glass *smells of* wine.

Smile on (অনুগ্রহ করা)—Fortune *smiled on* him.

Stare at (একদৃষ্টিতে তাকানো)—She *stared at* me.

Stick to (দৃঢ়ভাবে লেগে থাকা)—He *sticks to* his decision.



Subject to (শর্তধীন)—This is *subject to* approval of the committee.

Succeed in (সাফল্য লাভ করা)—He will *succeed in* life.

Suffer from (কষ্ট পাওয়া)—He is *suffering from* fever.

Superior to (উৎকৃষ্টতর)—This type of rice is *superior to* that.

Supply (a person) **with** (a thing), **to** (a person) [যোগান দেওয়া]—He *supplied us with* food. He *supplied* food *to* us.

Sure of (নিশ্চিত)—I am *sure of* success.

Sympathy for (সহানুভূতি)—I have no *sympathy for* him.

Take after (সদৃশ হওয়া)—The boy *takes after* his father.

Talk to, with (a person), **of, about, over** (a thing) [কথা বলা]—I am *talking to (with)* Mr. Roy *of (about, over)* the matter.

Taste for (রুচি)—She has no *taste for* music.

Tell upon (ক্ষতি করা)—Over-eating *tells upon* health.

Tide over (অতিক্রম করা)—He will soon *tide over* the difficulty.

Tired of (ক্লান্ত)—I am *tired of* doing the same thing day after day.

Think of, about (a person), **over** (something) [চিন্তা করা]—What do you *think of*, (about) him? *Think* carefully *over* his advice.

Tolerant of (সহিষ্ণুও)—We must be *tolerant of* opposition.

Triumph over (জয় করা)—Jim and Della *triumphed over* their poverty.

True to (বিশ্বস্ত)—He is *true to* his master.

Trust (a person) **with** (a thing), **to** (a person), **in** God [বিশ্বাস করা]—You may *trust me with* the work. You may *trust the work to* me. Trust in God.

Unite with (ঐক্যবদ্ধ হওয়া)—Be *united with* your friends.

Useful to (a person), **for** (some purpose) [প্রয়োজনীয়]—This book is *useful to* us *for* examination.

Vain of (অহঙ্কারী)—She is *vain of* her beauty.

Vary from (আলাদা হওয়া)—His opinion *varies from* his brother's.

Vexed with (a person), **for, at** (a thing) [বিরক্ত]—He is *vexed with* me *at* my conduct. He is *vexed with* me *for* opposing him.

Void of (বিহীন)—He is *void of* common sense.

Wait for (অপেক্ষা করা)—I *waited for* him for two hours.

Wait on (সেবা করা)—The nurse *waited on* the patient.

Want of (অভাব)—We have no *want of* money.

Wanting in (বিহীন)—He is *wanting in* common sense.

Warn of (সতর্ক করা)—He *warned me of* the danger.

Weak in (কঁচা)—He is *weak in* Mathematics.

Weak of (দুর্বল)—He is *weak of* understanding.

Weary of (ক্লান্ত)—He is *weary of* hard life.



Wish for (আকাঙ্ক্ষা করা)—I do not *wish for* name and fame.

Wonder at (অবাক হওয়া)—I *wonder at* his ignorance.

Worthy of (যোগ্য)—He is *worthy of* our praise.

Yield to (আস্থসমর্পণ করা)—He *yielded to* his enemy.

Zeal for (প্রবল উৎসাহ)—He has a *zeal for* social work.

Zealous for, in (আগ্রহী)—He is *zealous for* improvement *in* a good cause.

Zest for (অনুরাগ)— She has no *zest for* music.

The Appropriate Prepositions are very difficult to remember. But if we arrange them in accordance with prepositions, we can notice some sort of similarity and it becomes easy to learn. Moreover, our ear is tuned with use of Prepositions.

Appropriate Preposition-গুলি মনে রাখা খুব কষ্টকর। কিন্তু এগুলিকে যদি আমরা এক একটি Preposition অনুযায়ী সাজিয়ে নিই, তাহলে এদের মধ্যে কিছু কিছু সাদৃশ্য দেখা যাবে এবং তখন এগুলি শেখা অনেক সহজ হবে। তাছাড়া এতে কানের মধ্যে একটা পারম্পর্যের ছন্দ তৈরি হয়ে যায়।

FOR

The following words take the preposition '**for**' after them. You have learnt the meaning of the words. Now see them systematically. [নীচের শব্দগুলির পরে 'for' preposition বসে। তোমরা শব্দগুলির অর্থ আগেই শিখেছ। এখন সেগুলি ঠিকমতো সাজিয়ে দেখো।]

NOUNS : [FOR]

affection for
ambition for
anxiety for
apology for
appetite for
aptitude for
blame for
candidate for
capacity for
compassion for
compensation for
contempt for

craving for
desire for
dislike for
esteem for
fitness for
fondness for
greed for
guarantee for
hunger for
leisure for
linking for
match for

motive for
opportunity for
partiality for
passion for
pity for
pretext for
remedy for
reputation for
shame for
taste for
zeal for
zest for

ADJECTIVES AND PARTICIPLES : [FOR]

anxious for
bound for
celebrated for
conspicuous for
customary for
designed for

destined for
distinguished for (something)
distinguished by (some action)
eager for
eligible for
eminent for

famous for
fit for
favourable for
good for
grateful for
necessary for

notorious for
penitent for
prepared for
proper for

qualified for
ready for
repetition
sorry for

sufficient for
useful for

beg for
care for
clamour for
feel for



VERBS : (FOR)

hope for
long for
lament for
make for

mourn for
pine for
pray for
stipulate for

start for
wait for
wish for
yearn for

FROM

The following words take the preposition 'from' after them :

[নীচের শব্দগুলির পরে 'from' preposition বসে।]

NOUNS : (FROM)

abstinence (বিরতি) from
cessation (নির্বাত্তি) from
descent (অবতরণ) from
digression (ভিন্মুখিতা) from

escape from
exemption from
inference from
respite from



ADJECTIVES AND PARTICIPLES : (FROM)

absent (অনুপস্থিত) from
alienated (হস্তান্তরিত) from
apart (ব্যক্তিত) from
disqualified (অযোগ্য) from

distinct (পৃথক) from
different (পৃথক) from
precluded (নির্বৃত্ত) from
remote (দূরবর্তী) from

VERBS : (FROM)

abstain from
alight from
avert from
cease from
debar from
derive from
derogate from
desist from
detract from
deviate from

differ from
digress from
dissent from
dissuade from
elicit from
emerge from
escape from
exclude from
excuse from
preserve from

prevent from
prohibit from
protect from
quote from
recoil from
recover from
refrain from
result from
retire from
vary from

IN

The following words take the preposition 'in' after them :

[নীচের শব্দগুলির পরে 'in' preposition বসে।]

NOUNS : (IN)

complicity (কৃকর্মের অশীদারিতা) in (a crime)
concurrence (সম্মতি) in (a proposal)
confidence (বিশ্বাস) in (a person)
experience (অভিজ্ঞতা) in (doing something)
faith (বিশ্বাস) in (a person or thing)

jurisdiction (বিচার ক্ষেত্র) in (a law suit)
laxity (শিথিলতা) in (morals)
readiness (তৎপরতা) in answering
(a question)
temperance (মিতাচার) in diet.

ADJECTIVES AND PARTICIPLES : (IN)

- absorbed (মগ্ন) in (study etc.)
 accomplished (গুণাধিক) in (art etc.)
 accurated in (statistics etc.)
 apt (দক্ষ) in (Mathematics etc.)
 assiduous (অধ্যাবসায়ী) in (studies)
 backward in (some thing)
 bigoted (গেঁড়া) in (opinion)
 confirmed in (a habit)
 correct in (a statement)
 defective in (point of style)
 deficient in (energy)
 diligent in (business)
 engaged in (business)
 entangled in (a plot)
 enveloped in (mist)
 experienced in (something)
 fertile in (resources)
 foiled (পরাজিত) in (an attempt)
 fruitful in (resources)
 held in (esteem)
 honest in (dealings)
 impressed in (thought)
 implicated in (a crime)
 indebted in (a large sum)
 interested in (a person or thing)
 invested in (govt. paper)
 involved in (difficulties)
 lavish in (expenditure)
 lax in (morals)
 obstinate in (resistance)
 polite in (manners)
 poor in (spirit)
 proficient in (any subject)
 profuse in (offers)
 remiss (যত্নহীন) in (duties)
 rich in (property)
 skilful/slothful in (business)
 slow in (doing something)
 temperate in (habits)
 veiled in (mystery)
 versed in (any subject)
 weak in (head)
 zealous in (a cause)

**VERBS : (IN)**

- abound in (fish etc.)
 arrive in (a country)
 believe in (one's honesty)
 consist in (facts or results)
 dabble in (politics)
 deal in (cloth etc.)
 delight in (music etc.)
 employ in (a work)
 enlist in (the army etc.)
 excel in (languages etc.)
 fail in (an attempt)
 fall in (love)
 glory in (success)
 Increase in (wisdom)
 indulge in (wine)
 involve in (debt)
 join in (a game)
 labour in (a good cause)
 originate in (a thing or place)
 preserve in (an effort)
 persist in (doing something)
 rejoice in (own success)

**OF**

The following words take the preposition 'of' after them :
 [নীচের শব্দগুলির পরে 'of' preposition বসে :]

NOUNS : (OF)

- abatement (হাস) of (the fever)
 abhorrence (ঘৃণা) of (ingratitude)
 assurance (নিশ্চয়তা) of (help)
 betrayal (বিশ্বাসঘাতকতা) of (a secret)
 cause of (troubles)
 charge of (murder etc.)
 consciousness of (guilt)
 consideration of (a thing)

- conviction of (guilt)
 decision of (some dispute)
 distrust of (a person or thing)
 doubt of or about (a thing)
 economy of (time)
 endurance (সহশক্তি) of (pain)
 evasion of (a rule)
 experience of (a thing)
 failure of (a plan)
 freedom of (action)
 hatred of or for (a person)
 heir [এয়ার] (উত্তরাধিকারী) of (a person)
- hope of or for (better luck)
 imputation of (guilt)
 infliction of (punishment)
 judge of (a matter)
 proof of (guilt)
 (In) pursuance of (an object)
 relation of (one thing) to (another)
 result of (a proceeding)
 (In) search of (wealth)
 tenacity of (purpose)
 want of (memory)
 witness of (an event)



ADJECTIVES AND PARTICIPLES : (OF)

- accused (অভিযুক্ত) of (a crime)
 acquitted (মুক্ত) of (a charge)
 afraid (ভীত) of (death)
 ambitious of (distinction)
 apprehensive of (danger)
 apprised of (a fact)
 ashamed of (dullness)
 assured of (the truth)
 aware of (intentions)
 bereft of (a child)
 blind of (one eye)
 born of (rich parents)
 capable of (improvement)
 careful of (money)
 cautious (সতর্ক) of (anything)
 certain of (success)
 cognisant of (a truth)
 commemorative of (a victory)
 convinced of (a fact)
 covetous (লোভী) of (goods)
 cured of (a disease)
 composed of (a material)
 confident of (success)
 conscious of (a fault)
 convicted of (a crime)
 defeated of (purpose)
 defrauded of (earnings)
 depleted of (strength)
 deprived of (something)
- deserving of (praise)
 desirous of (success)
 despondent of (success)
 destitute of (money)
 devoid of (common sense)
 diffident of (success)
 disappointed of (anything)
 distrustful of (a man's motives)
 dull of (understanding)
 easy of (access)
 empty of (contents)
 envious of (another's success)
 fearful of (something)
 fond of (something)
 full of (persons or things)
 greedy of (riches)
 guilty of (theft)
 healed of (a disease)
 heedless of (consequences)
 hopeful of (success)
 ignorant of (any subject)
 impatient of (reproof)
 inclusive of (extras)
 independent of (parents)
 indicative of (motives)
 informed of (a fact)
 innocent of (a charge)
 irrespective of (consequences)
 lame of (one leg)
 lavish of (money)



neglectful of (interests)
 negligent of (duties)
 productive of (wealth)
 proud of (position)
 quick of (understanding)
 receptive of (advice)
 reckless of (expenditure)
 regardless of (consequences)
 repentant of (sin)
 sanguine of (success)
 sensible of (kindness)

sick of (waiting)
 slow of (hearing)
 subversive of (discipline)
 sure of (success)
 suspicious of (meaning)
 thankful of (favours)
 tired of (doing something)
 vain of (fine dress etc.)
 weary of (doing something)
 worthy of (praise)

VERBS : (OF)

accuse of (some misdeed)
 acquit of (blame)
 admit of (an excuse)
 beware of (something)
 boast of (something)
 complain of (something)
 consist of (materials)
 convict a person of (a crime)
 convince a person of (a fact)
 cure a man of (a disease)
 die of (a disease)
 dispose (বিক্রয় করা) of (property)



dream of (strange things)
 fail of (a purpose)
 heal of (a disease)
 hear of (an event)
 inform a person of (a thing)
 inquire of (a person)
 judge of or by (something)
 purge the mind of (false notions)
 repent of (misdeed)
 smell of (fish)
 suspect of (treachery)
 taste of (salt)

ON

The following words take the preposition 'on' after them :

[নীচের শব্দগুলির পরে 'on' preposition বসে :]

NOUNS : (ON)

assault (তীব্র আক্রমণ) on
 (a person or thing)
 attack (আক্রমণ) on (a place)
 authority on (a subject)
 controversy (বিতর্ক) on (a point)
 decision on (some case)
 dependence on (a person or thing)
 imposition on (the public)
 infliction on (the guilty)
 influence on (a man's action)

lecture on (a subject)
 onslaught on (a person)
 operation on (a thing)
 outlook on (the sea)
 outlook from (a window)
 parody on (a subject)
 premium on (gold)
 revenge on (a person)
 slur (কলঙ্ক) on (his name)
 subsistence on (rice)

ADJECTIVES AND PARTICIPLES : (ON)

based on (something)
 bent on (doing something)
 conditional on (something)

consequent on (some cause)
 determined on (doing a thing)
 engraved on (the memory)

entailed on (a person)
founded on (fact)
imperative on (a person)

incumbent on (a person)
resolved on (doing a thing)
silent on (a point)

VERBS : (ON)

calculate on (success)
decide on (something)
err on (the side of leniency)
encroach on (one's authority)
expatriate on (a subject)
fall on (the enemy)
fire on (a city)
gain on (someone in a race)
harp on (something)
hinge (নির্ভর করা) on (an event)
impose (প্রতারণা করা) on (a person)
infringe on (a man's rights)

insist on (something being done)
intrude on (one's leisure)
lean on (a staff)
meditate on (some subject)
operate on (a patient)
ponder (ধ্যান করা) on (a subject)
pounce (ঝাঁপিয়ে পড়া) on (a thing)
prevail on (a person) to do something
pride oneself on (a thing)
smile (অনুগ্রহ করা) on (a person)
speak on (a subject)
trample (পদদলিত করা) on (justice)



TO

The following words take the preposition 'to' after them.

[নীচের শব্দগুলির পরে 'to' preposition বসে।]

NOUNS : [TO]

access (প্রবেশাধিকার) to (a person or place)
adherence to (a plan or cause)
allusion to (something)
alternative to (something)
antidote to (some poison)
antipathy to (a person or thing)
approach to (anything)
assert to (an opinion)
attachment to (a person or thing)
attention to (study etc.)
attraction to (a thing)
concession to (a demand)
condemnation to (death)
conformity to (rule)
contribution to (a fund)
contrast to (a person or a thing)
disgrace to (a person)
dislike to (a person or thing)
drawback to (success)
duty to (a person)
exception to (a rule)
enmity to (a person) [Wren & Martin]



enmity with (a person) [Nesfield]
hostility to (a person or cause)
incentive to (industry)
indifference to (heat or cold)
invitation to (a dinner)
key to (a mystery)
leniency to (a person or rule)
likeness to (a person or thing)
limit to (a man's zeal)
menace to (the public health)
nomination to (a post)
obedience to (parents, orders etc.)
objection to (a proposal)
obstruction to (traffic)
opposition to (a person)
postscript to (a letter)
preface to (a book)
reference to (a person or a thing)
reply to (a letter)
repugnance (বিত্রঞ্চ) to (wishes)
resemblance to (a person or a thing)
resignation to (fate)

resistance (প্রতিরোধ) to (injustice)
 responsibility to (the law)
 But, responsibility for (an action)
 sequel (পরিণাম) to (an event)
 submission to (authority)
 subscription to (a fund)
 succession to (an estate)

supplement to (a book)
 temptation to (an evil)
 testimony to (one's character)
 testimony against (one's character)
 title to (an estate)
 (A) victim to (oppression)
 (The) victim of (oppression)

ADJECTIVES AND PARTICIPLES : [TO]

abandoned to (his fate)
 abhorrent to (his feelings)
 acceptable to (a person)
 accessory to (a crime)
 accustomed to (riding etc.)
 accessible to (strangers)
 accountable to (a person)
 adapted for (an occupation)
 adapted to (his tastes)
 adequate to (his wants)
 addicted to (bad habits)
 adjacent to (place)
 adverse to (his interests)
 affectionate to (a person)
 agreeable to (his wishes)
 akin to (a person or thing)
 alien to (his character)
 alive to (the consequences)
 allied to (a thing)
 allied with (a person or country)
 amenable to (reason)
 answerable to (a person)
 answerable for (his conduct)
 analogous to (a thing)
 apparent to (any one)
 applicable to (a case)
 appropriate to (an occasion)
 astonishing to (a person)
 averse to (hard work)
 beneficial to (a person)
 blind to (faults)
 callous to (suffering)
 close to (a person or thing)
 common to (several persons or things)
 comparable to (something else)

complaisant to (a person)
 condemned to (death)
 conducive to (success)
 conformable to (reason)
 congenial to (one's tastes)
 consecrated to (a person)
 contrary to (rule)
 creditable to (his judgement)
 deaf to (entreaties)
 derogatory to (his character)
 detrimental to (health)
 devoted to (a person or cause)
 disastrous to (a person etc.)
 due to (some cause)
 entitled to (a hearing)
 equal to (the occasion)
 essential to (something)
 exposed to (danger)
 faithful to (a master)
 false to (his friends)
 fatal to (his prospects)
 favourable to (his prospects)
 foreign to (the purpose)
 hostile to (his endeavours)
 hurtful to (health)
 immaterial to (the point)
 impertinent to (his master)
 impervious to (water)
 incidental to (a journey)
 inclined to (laziness)
 indebted to (a person)
 indifferent to (heat or cold)
 indigenous to (a country)
 indispensable to (success)
 indulgent to (his children)



indulgent in (wine)
 inimical to (a person)
 insensible to (shame)
 inured (অভ্যস্ত) to (some habits)
 irrelevant to (a question)
 liable to (error)
 limited to (a certain area)
 lost to (all sense of shame)
 loyal to (the government)
 material to (success)
 natural to (a person)
 necessary to (happiness)
 obedient to (parents etc.)
 obliged to (a person)
 offensive to (a person)
 opposed to (facts)
 opposite to (a place)
 painful to (one's feeling)
 paramount to (everything else)
 partial to (someone)
 peculiar to (a person or thing)
 pertinent to (a question)
 pledged to (someone)
 preferable to (something else)
 polite to (strangers)
 precious to (a person)
 polite in (manners)
 prefixed to (a title-deed)
 prejudicial to (his interests)
 preliminary to (an inquiry)
 preparatory to (an inquiry)
 preventive to (fever)

previous to (some event)
 prior to (something else)
 profitable to (an investor)
 prone to (idleness)
 reconciled to (a position)
 reduced to (poverty)
 reconciled with (an opponent)
 related to (a person)
 relevant to (a question)
 repugnant to (his wishes)
 repulsive to (his feelings)
 requisite to (happiness)
 requisite for (a purpose)
 responsible to (a person)
 restricted to (something)
 sacred to (a man's memory)
 sensitive to (blame)
 serviceable to (a person)
 similar to (a person or thing)
 strange to (a person)
 subordinate to (a person)
 subject to (authority)
 subsidiary to (trade)
 subsequent to (another event)
 suitable for (his income)
 suited to (the occasion)
 suited for (a post)
 suited to (the occasion)
 supplementary to (something)
 true to (his convictions)
 tantamount to (a falsehood)
 vital to (health)

VERBS : (TO)

accede to (a request)
 accrue to (a person)
 adapt to (circumstances)
 adhere to (a plan)
 agree to (a proposal)
 allot to (a person)
 allude to (a fact)
 answer to (a person)
 answer for (conduct)
 apologise to (a person)



apologise for (rudeness)
 appeal to (a person)
 appeal for or against (something)
 appoint to (a situation)
 ascribe to (a cause)
 aspire to (an object)
 assent to (one's terms)
 attend to (a book or speaker)
 attain to (a high place)
 attribute to (a cause)

belong to (a person)
 certify to (a man's character)
 cling to (a person or thing)
 compare to (a dissimilar thing)
 communicate a thing to (a person)
 conduce to (happenings)
 concede to (some demand)
 consent to (a proposal)
 conform to (a rule)
 contribute to (a fund)
 correspond to (something)
 demur to (statement)
 defer to (a man's wishes)
 devote one's time to (sport etc.)
 dispute with (a person) on (a matter)
 entitle anyone to (an estate)
 explain to (a person)
 impute blame to (a person)
 invite a man to (dinner)
 jump at (an offer)
 jump to (a conclusion)
 keep to (a point)
 keep (abstain) from (wine)
 listen to (something)



lead to (a place)
 object to (a proposal)
 occur to (one's mind)
 occur in (a poem etc.)
 prefer one thing to (another)
 pretend to (omniscience)
 proceed to (a business not yet commenced)
 proceed with (a business already commenced)
 refer to (a subject)
 revert to (an appointment)
 stoop to (something)
 submit to (authority)
 succumb to (difficulties)
 supply a thing to (a person)
 supply a person with (a thing)
 surrender to (the enemy)
 trust in (a person—Intr.)
 trust to (a man's honesty—Intr.)
 trust a man with (money—Tran.)
 turn to (a friend) for (help)
 testify to (a fact)
 yield to (some person or thing)

WITH

The following words take the preposition '**with**' after them.

[নীচের শব্দগুলির পরে 'with' preposition বসে।]

NOUNS : (WITH)

accomplice with (a person)
 accomplice in (some crime)
 (In) accordance with (a rule)
 acquaintance with (a person or thing)
 alliance with (a person or thing)
 bargain with (a person)
 bargain for (a thing)
 coheir with (a person)
 collusion with (a person)
 compact with (a person)
 competition with (a person)
 competition for (a thing)
 comparison with (a person or thing)

compliance with (a request)
 concurrence with (a person)
 conformity with (anyone's views)
 concurrence in (a proposal)
 conformity to (rule)
 condolence with (a person)
 contact with (something)
 controversy on or about (something)
 controversy with (a person)
 conversation with (a person)
 correspondence with (a person)
 correspondence to (a thing)
 connection with (a person or thing)

(In) contrast with (a person or thing)
disagreement with (a person)
engagement with (a business)
engagement with (a person)
enmity with (a person)
familiarity with (a person or thing)
harmony with (anything)
identity with (a person or thing)
interview with (a person)
intercession with (a superior)
intercession for (a friend)

intercourse with (a person)
intimacy with (a person)
quarrel with (another person)
quarrel between (two persons)
relations with (a person)
rupture with (a friend)
rupture between (two persons)
share with (a person)
share of (a thing)
(In) unison with (his character)



ADJECTIVES & PARTICIPLES : (WITH)

abounding with or in fish
acquainted with (a person or thing)
afflicted with (rheumatism)
aggravated with (a person)
aggravated at (a thing)
angry with (a person)
angry at (a thing)
annoyed at (a thing)
annoyed with (a person)
blessed with (good health)
beset with (difficulties)
busy with (his lessons)
charged with (a crime)
charged (loaded) with (a bullet)
charged to (his account)
collateral with (something else)
commensurate with (one's desires)
compatible with (one's temper)
compliant with (one's wishes)
compounded with (something else)
consistent with (honesty)
contemporary with (a person or event)
contented with (something)
contrasted with (something else)
conversant with (persons or things)
convulsed with (laughter)
delighted with (success)
deluged with (water)
disgusted with (a thing)
displeased with (a person)
distracted with (pain)
drenched with (water)



endowed with (natural ability)
even (= equal) with (a rival)
exhausted with (labour)
familiar with (a person or thing)
fascinated with (a person or thing)
fatigued with (doing something)
flushed with (victory)
fraught with (danger)
gifted with (abilities)
honoured with (something)
identical with (anything)
ill with (fever)
indignant with (a person)
indignant at (something done)
imbued with (confidence)
infatuated (মুক্ষ) with (a person)
infected with (small-pox etc.)
infested with (rats)
inspired with (hope)
intimate with (a person)
invested with (full powers)
mad with (disappointment)
occupied with (some work)
occupied in (reading a book)
overcome with (sorrow)
overwhelmed with (grief)
parallel with or to (anything)
popular with (some persons)
replete (পূর্ণ) with (comfort)
satiated (পরিতৃষ্ঠ) with (pleasure)

satisfied with (his income)
 simultaneous with (an event)
 stained with (crimes)

synonymous with (another word)
 sympathetic with (sufferers)
 touched with (anything)

VERBS : (WITH)

accord with or to (a thing)
 agree with (a person)
 agree to (a proposal)
 argue with (a person)
 argue for or against (a point)
 associate with (a person or thing)
 bear with (a man's impatience)
 clash with (one's meaning)
 close with (an offer)
 coincide with (one's opinion)
 combat with (difficulties)
 comply with (one's wishes)
 concur with (a person)
 content with (a person)
 concur in (an opinion)
 condole with (a person)
 cope with (a person)
 correspond with a person (write)
 correspond to something (agree)
 credit with (good intentions)
 disagree with (a person or thing)
 debit with (a sum of money)
 deal with a person (behave)
 deal with a subject (write on)
 deal in rice etc. (trade in)
 deluge with (water)
 dispense with (a man's services)
 entrust anyone with (a thing)
 entrust a thing to (anyone)
 exchange with (a person)
 expostulate (প্রতিবাদ করা) with
 (a person)
 fill with (anything)
 fill in or up (the blanks)
 flirt with (a person)
 furnish a person with (a thing)

grapple with (difficulties)
 impress a person with (an idea)
 impress an idea on (a person)
 indorse with (a signature)
 indulge oneself with (wine)
 indulge in (wine)
 interfere with (a person)
 interfere in (some matter)
 intersect with (each other)
 inspire a man with (courage)
 intrigue with (the opposite party)
 menace (ভীত করা) with (punishment)
 meddle (অযথা হস্তক্ষেপ করা) with (other
 men's business)
 overwhelm with (kindness)
 part (বিদায় লওয়া বা বিছির হওয়া)
 with (a person or thing)—**Nesfield**
 participate with (a person)
 participate in (something)
 quake with (fear)
 quarrel with (someone)
 quarrel over or about (something)
 reconcile with (an adversary)
 remonstrate with (a person)
 remonstrate against (some proceeding)
 reason with (a person)
 reason about (something)

 reward a man with (something),
 for (something done)
 side with (a person) in (dispute)
 sympathise with (a person) in
 (his troubles)
 trifle with (a man's feelings)
 vie (প্রতিযোগিতা করা) with
 (another person)

বিশেষভাবে লক্ষণীয়

For : affection for, ambition for, anxiety for, desire for, dislike for ইত্যাদি।

From : differ from, escape from, preserve from, prevent from, prohibit from,
 protect from, quote from, recover from, refrain from ইত্যাদি।

In : absorbed in, apt in, engaged in, backward in, defective in ইত্যাদি।
Of : afraid of, ashamed of, blind of (one eye), lame of (one leg), deaf of (one ear), dull of (understanding), hard of (hearing), sure of, sanguine of, tired of, weary of, worthy of ইত্যাদি।



Preposition অনুযায়ী শব্দগুলি পাশাপাশি পড়লে একধরনের সাম্ভাব্য পাওয়া যাবে, যা appropriate preposition-এর মতো কঠিন বিষয়কে মনে রাখতে অনেক সাহায্য করবে।

SPECIAL PREPOSITIONS

Than : 'Than' is usually a Conjunction, but it is sometimes used as a Preposition.

I cannot accept less than fifty rupees for this article. (than—Prep.)

—Wren & Martin

['Than' স্বভাবত Conjunction হলেও উপরের বাকের মতো কিছু ক্ষেত্রে Preposition]

He is taller than I (am) [not me]. [Here 'than' is a Conjunction.]

But : As a rule 'but' is a Conjunction. When used as a Preposition 'but' means except.

—Wren & Martin

['But' স্বভাবত Conjunction হলেও except বা 'ব্যতীত / ছাড়া' অর্থে কিছু ক্ষেত্রে Preposition-হিসাবে ব্যবহৃত হয়।]

All is lost but honour. (সম্মান ছাড়া সবই গেছে।)

She returned all the gifts but one. (সে একটি ছাড়া সব উপহার ফেরত দিল।)

None but the brave deserves the fair. (সাহসী ছাড়া কেউই সুন্দরের যোগ্য হতে পারে না।)

Nobody will help you but me. (not I) (আমাকে বাদ দিয়ে কেউ তোমাকে সাহায্য করবে না।)

But is a Conjunction where it does not mean except.

[But 'ব্যতীত' অর্থে ব্যবহৃত না হয়ে 'কিন্তু' অর্থে ব্যবহৃত হলে Conjunction হয়।]

The boy is intelligent but failed in the examination [but—Conjunction]

SOME COMMON ERRORS IN PREPOSITION

আমরা তাঁর কাছে ইংরেজি পড়ি—We read English with him. (near him নয়)

আমাকে লেখার জন্য একটি কলম দাও—Give me a pen to write with. (শুধু write নয়)

তোমার কাছে বইটি রেখে দাও—Keep the book with you. (near you নয়)

বইটির পনেরো পাতা খোল—Open the book at page 15. (শুধু page 15 নয়)

রামের সঙ্গে সীতার বিবাহ হলো—Ram was married to Sita. (with নয়)

তাঁকে বসতে একটা চেয়ার দাও—Give him a chair to sit on. (to sit নয়)

তিনি আমার উপর রাগ করেছেন—He is angry with me. (upon me নয়)

তুমি কোথা থেকে আসছ?—Where do you come from? (from where নয়)

তিনি অসুস্থতার জন্য স্কুলে আসতে পারেননি—He could not come to school on account of illness (due to নয়)

আমি বাড়ি গিয়েছিলাম—I went home. (to home নয়—কারণ এখানে home শব্দটি here, there—এর মতো adverb)



EXERCISE**1. Complete the following sentences with appropriate prepositions :**

- (a) He is absent school.
 (b) He was admitted Class VI.
 (c) This book belongs him.
 (d) Are you busy your studies?
 (e) Take care your health.
 (f) He will comply my request.
 (g) He has no control his son.
 (h) The man is eligible the post.
 (i) They will not be excused coming late.
 (j) She is familiar my parents.
 (k) He is not fit the job.
 (l) I am fond sweets.
 (m) I prefer sweets meat.
 (n) You can rely him.
 (o) He is senior me.
 (p) She is junior him.
 (q) This is superior that.
 (r) This is inferior that.
 (s) He is waiting me.
 (t) She waited the patient.

2. Insert suitable prepositions in the following passages :

A list of prepositions to be inserted is given on the right column.

- (a) Mr. John is a European. He deals umbrella.
 But he deals well the customers. He is aware good relations the customers. He has invited some of them dinner today.
- (b) Karim died cholera. But his friend, Abdul died over-eating though he wished to die his country.
- (c) The man is blind one eye. But he is not blind his son's faults. He knows very well that his son is lame one leg. He is also hard hearing. However, he devotes much time study. He hopes that fortune will smile him. He is not ashamed his physical deformity. He does not hanker name or fame.
- (d) I agree you this point. But I cannot agree your previous proposal. However, you should not be angry me speaking you. I am not at all angry your conduct.
- (e) He is fond sweets. But I prefer fruit sweets. In fact fruit and honey are preferable fish or meat. But my friend differs me this point.
- (f) You should abide the rules of the school and you should not be absent school. Your school is adjacent your house and so you will not be excused coming late.

of,
in,
to,
with
for,
from,
of
to,
of,
on,
after

at, to,
on, for,
against,
with

to,
on,
of,
with

by,
to,
for,
from



- (g) She is proud her wealth. But you should not take pride your health or wealth. You should not be devoid common sense. Moreover, you should not laugh the poor and you should have zeal social work.
- | | |
|--|--------------------------|
| | at, in, of, for |
|--|--------------------------|

3. Write in your own English with the help of appropriate prepositions.

তোমার বিরুদ্ধে চুরির অভিযোগ আনা হয়েছিল। আমি তোমার বিরুদ্ধে আনা অভিযোগ থেকে তোমাকে খালাস (acquit) দিলাম। আমি তার সম্বন্ধে সমস্ত ব্যাপারে খোঁজ নিয়েছিলাম (enquire)। সে কলেরায় মরেনি, আস্থাহত্যা করেও মরেনি, বেশি খেয়ে মারা গিয়েছে। সে চালের ব্যবসা করে, কিন্তু খন্দেরদের সঙ্গে খারাপ ব্যবহার করে। চিঠিটার ব্যাপারে আমি তোমাকে বিশ্বাস করেছিলুম (entrust)। নদীতে প্রচুর মাছ আছে (abound)। সে চুক্তি মেনে চলবে (abide) বলে প্রতিজ্ঞা করেছিল। সৎভাবে বেঁচে থাকতে চেষ্টা করো, আর যদি অল্প আয়ের সাহায্যে বেঁচে থাকতে চাও, তাহলে তোমার নিজের উপায়ের মধ্যেই বাঁচো। অনেকেই খ্যাতির জন্য বাঁচতে চায়, কিন্তু নিজের সামর্থ্যকে ছাড়িয়ে যায়। তুমি যা করেছ তার জন্য তোমার ক্ষমা চাওয়া (apologise) উচিত। তোমার কাজ তোমার কথার সঙ্গে সঙ্গতিপূর্ণ (consistent) নয়। অসৎ সঙ্গ থেকে মুক্ত হতে (get rid) চেষ্টা করো।

(ii) She is proud ~~of~~ her wealth. But you should not take pride
in your health or wealth. You should not be devoid ~~of~~
common sense. Moreover, you should not laugh ~~at~~ the poor
and you should have real ~~social~~ social work.

in.
of,
for