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Roll No: 28

Batch: MCA B

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NETWORKING&SYSTEM ADMINISTRATION LAB

Experiment No.: 7

Aim

Familiarization of Linux Commands

Procedure

1. read

To read the content of a line to a variable

Syntax:

```
student@S28:~$ read name
my name is ritty
student@S28:~$ echo $name
my name is ritty
```

2. locate

The Locate command is used to find the files by name

Syntax:

```
student@S28:-$ locate file.txt
/home/android/.gradle/wrapper/dists/gradle-4.4-all/9br9xq1tocpiv8o6njlyu5op1/gradle-4.4/samples/userguide/files/archiveNaming/somedir/file.txt
/home/android/.gradle/wrapper/dists/gradle-4.4-all/9br9xq1tocpiv8o6njlyu5op1/gradle-4.4/samples/userguide/tutorial/zipWithArguments/somedir/file.txt
/home/android/.gradle/wrapper/dists/gradle-4.4-all/9br9xq1tocpiv8o6njlyu5op1/gradle-4.4/samples/userguide/tutorial/zipWithCustomName/somedir/file.txt
/home/android/sdk/platform-tools/systrace/catapult/devil/devil/android/sdk/test/data/push_file.txt
/home/android/SDK/platform-tools/systrace/catapult/devil/android/sdk/test/data/push_file.txt
/home/student/.local/share/Trash/files/file.txt
/home/student/.local/share/Trash/info/file.txt.trashinfo
/home/student/Desktop/file.txt
/home/student/pesktop/file.txt
/usr/share/doc/alsa-base/driver/Procfile.txt.gz
```

3. find

The find command is used to search and locate the list of files and directories based on conditions you specify for files that match the argument.

```
student@S28:~$ find mark1
mark1
```

4. locate -i

The locate -i command is used for display the file name that is in both capital and small letters

Syntax:

```
student@528:-$ locate -i FILE.TXT
/home/android/.gradle/wrapper/dists/gradle-4.4-all/9br9xq1tocpiv8o6njlyu5op1/gradle-4.4/samples/userguide/files/archiveNaming/somedir/file.txt
/home/android/.gradle/wrapper/dists/gradle-4.4-all/9br9xq1tocpiv8o6njlyu5op1/gradle-4.4/samples/userguide/tutorial/zipWithArguments/somedir/file.txt
/home/android/.gradle/wrapper/dists/gradle-4.4-all/9br9xq1tocpiv8o6njlyu5op1/gradle-4.4/samples/userguide/tutorial/zipWithCustomName/somedir/file.txt
/home/android/Android/Sdk/platform-tools/systrace/catapult/devil/devil/android/sdk/test/data/push_file.txt
/home/android/SDK/platform-tools/systrace/catapult/devil/android/sdk/test/data/push_file.txt
/home/student/.local/share/Trashfiles/file.txt
/home/student/.local/share/Trashfiles/file.txt
/home/student/.local/share/Trashfiles/file.txt.trashinfo
/home/student/losktop/file.txt
/usr/local/glassfish-4.1.1/glassfish/legal/3RD-PARTY-LICENSE-WEB-PROFILE.txt
/usr/share/doc/alsa-base/driver/Procfile.txt.gz
```

5. grep

The grep command will let you search through all the text in a given file.

Syntax:

```
student@S28:~$ grep maths mark1
maths 69
```

6. grep -A1

To display the line after the result.

Syntax:

```
student@S28:~$ grep -A1 maths mark1
maths 69
science 76
```

7. grep -B1

To display the line before the result.

```
student@S28:~$ grep -B1 maths mark1
english 67
maths 69
```

8. grep -C1

To display both the line before and after the result.

Syntax:

```
student@S28:~$ grep -C1 maths mark1
english 67
maths 69
science 76
```

9. grep -i

This command is used for an case insesitive search

Syntax:

```
student@S28:~$ grep -i MATHS mark1
maths 69
```

10. grep -v

This command is used for an inverted search (it excluding the line that contains the particular word)

Syntax:

```
student@S28:~$ grep -v maths mark1
english 67
science 76
z
```

11. df

The df command is used to get a report on system disk space usage.

student@S28:~\$	df				
Filesystem	1K-blocks	Used	Available	Use%	Mounted on
udev	3989828	0	3989828	0%	/dev
tmpfs	803864	1800	802064	1%	/run
/dev/sda6	114460828	41795352	66808096	39%	/
tmpfs	4019316	0	4019316	0%	/dev/shm
tmpfs	5120	4	5116	1%	/run/lock
tmpfs	4019316	0	4019316	0%	/sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/loop6	144128	144128	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-26-1604/104
/dev/loop3	3840	3840	0	100%	/snap/gnome-system-monitor/45
/dev/loop5	540928	540928	0	100%	/snap/pycharm-community/274
/dev/loop4	113280	113280	0	100%	/snap/core/12834
/dev/loop2	2432	2432	0	100%	/snap/gnome-calculator/178
/dev/loop0	302848	302848	0	100%	/snap/vlc/2344

12. df -m

This command is used to see the reports in mega bytes.

Syntax:

student@S28:~	\$ df -m				
Filesystem	1M-blocks	Used	Available	Use%	Mounted on
udev	3897	0	3897	0%	/dev
tmpfs	786	2	784	1%	/run
/dev/sda6	111779	40816	65243	39%	1
tmpfs	3926	0	3926	0%	/dev/shm
tmpfs	5	1	5	1%	/run/lock
tmpfs	3926	0	3926	0%	/sys/fs/cgroup
/dev/loop6	141	141	0	100%	/snap/gnome-3-26-1604/104
/dev/loop3	4	4	0	100%	/snap/gnome-system-monitor/45
/dev/loop5	529	529	0	100%	/snap/pycharm-community/274
/dev/loop4	111	111	0	100%	/snap/core/12834
/dev/loop2	3	3	0	100%	/snap/gnome-calculator/178
/dev/loop0	296	296	0	100%	/snap/vlc/2344
/dev/loop7	56	56	0	100%	/snap/core18/2284
/dev/loop1	3	3	0	100%	/snap/gnome-system-monitor/174
/dev/loop8	1	1	0	100%	/snap/gnome-characters/741
/dev/loop9	3	3	0	100%	/snap/gnome-calculator/920

13. du

This command is used to check how much space a file or directory takes.

```
student@S28:~$ du
4
        ./.ssh
688
        ./.cache/fontconfig
8
        ./.cache/thumbnails/fail/gnome-thumbnail-factory
12
        ./.cache/thumbnails/fail
        ./.cache/thumbnails
16
8
        ./.cache/update-manager-core
4
        ./.cache/ibus-table
872
        ./.cache/gnome-software/fwupd/remotes.d/lvfs
876
        ./.cache/gnome-software/fwupd/remotes.d
880
        ./.cache/gnome-software/fwupd
        ./.cache/gnome-software/shell-extensions
672
372
        ./.cache/gnome-software/cssresource
        ./.cache/gnome-software/icons
552
2480
        ./.cache/gnome-software
        ./.cache/wallpaper
216
```

14. wc

This command is used for counting purpose, it is used to find the number of lines, the number of words, the number of characters and the number of bytes.

Syntax:

```
student@S28:~$ wc marvel1
5  8 46 marvel1
```

15. wc -w

This command is used for finding the number of words.

Syntax:

```
student@S28:~$ wc -w marvel1
8 marvel1
```

16. wc -m

This command is used for finding the number of bytes.

Syntax:

```
student@S28:~$ wc -m marvel1
46 marvel1
```

17. wc -l

This command is used for finding the number of lines.

```
student@S28:~$ wc -l marvel1
5 marvel1
```

18. wc -c

This command is used for finding the number of characters.

```
student@S28:~$ wc -c marvel1
46 marvel1
```