Cross Country Analysis & Emigration

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Abstract

The emigration has been always a debatable topic to understand if it has advantages or disadvantages. This project focusses understanding the factors which could contribute the emigration. For this project, we collected the data from the online resources Kaggle and merged the different data files using tableau prep builder. The cleaning of data is also achieved using tableau prep builder. The data is analyzed using the visualization tool tableau. This visualization could help us to understand some of the factors causing emigration. The findings of this project can be leveraged to take various measures to improve the socio-economic conditions in different regions.

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1. Introduction

Emigration is the act of people moving from one place to another. If the act of movement is unidirectional, then it can cause some advantages and disadvantages to the origin and destination regions. There could be many reasons for people to migrate from one place to another place. For example, people move from smaller cities to urban areas for better job opportunities. This can create population density imbalance between urban and rural areas. Thus, it is important to analyze and understand the emigration rates and various factors causing emigration to address and improve the conditions in the regions with high emigrations rates.

According to Damarys et al. (2013) "Economic, demographic and sociological factors hold dominant positions in most accounts of the intention to emigrate." Based on this idea we would collect the data for this project as below:

- Demographic data Internet usage and birth rate for different regions.
- Sociological factors- Happiness score, corruption, life expectancy, and freedom for different regions.
- Economic factors Gross Domestic Product (GDP) per capita and income group
 The primary objective of this project is to understand the different factors that influence
 the people to migrate from one region to another region. Such data analysis will help to identify
 the socio-economic problems and to provide measurable solutions for overall growth of different
 countries.

1.1 Purpose of this document

The purpose of this document is to provide a detailed project description of the emigration based on demographic, economic, and sociological factors.

This document includes details as below:

- Data collection from online resources.
- Deliverables This will show end results obtained from this project.
- Development This includes data preparation and data visualization.
- Milestones for project organization and time plans.

1.2 Intended Audience

The data visualization gives a clear understanding of the correlation between various parameters like freedom, happiness, income, emigration etc. It offers a great pictorial representation using bar graphs, pie charts, geo-maps, etc. Using this visualized representation, some conclusions can be drawn and measures for improvements can be made. Audience for this project will be:

- Professor
- Students

1.3 Scope

The scope of this project is to analyze the emigration data region wise. The regions that the project covers are North America, Asia Pacific, Europe, Middle East, Arab States, South America, and Africa. The goal is to analyze the emigration among these regions and try to evaluate the regions with higher emigration and to understand the factors contributing to higher emigration rates. The results will be demonstrated using bar graphs, geo maps, dashboards, etc. using tableau tool.

2. Background and Objectives

Due to globalization migration of people from one region to another is more prevalent in 21st century. Many researchers have studying migration trends from very long time. The Table 1 shows some of the researchers and conclusions of their study on the immigration.

Table 1Literature Survey for Migration Cause

| Author | Causes |
|---------------------|---|
| Mayo county library | One of the causes for emigration is the economic crisis, which also leads to chain emigration. |
| Castelli (2018) | The one major cause for emigration is low economic development in the origin country. |
| Mlambo (2018) | Discussed various factors of migration from rural to urban regions in South America. The authors highlighted the factors like health and educational services, Employment opportunities for cause of migration. The migration to urban regions caused various drawbacks like less resource availability, loss of skilled people, etc. in rural regions and over population in the urban region. |

Note. The table shows the various research done by different authors and their conclusions. The above data is summary of data taken from 3 different resources as:

- https://www.mayo.ie/library/local-history/historical-events/emigration/causes-of-emigration
- https://doi.org/10.1093/jtm/tay040
- https://doi.org/10.14738/abr.64.4407

2.1 Objectives

Below are the objectives for this project:

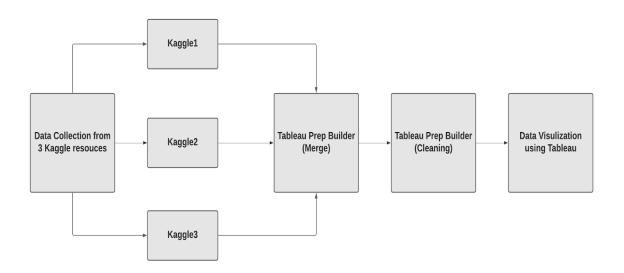
- Collect the data for the project requirement from various online resources like Kaggle.
- Merge the data using tableau prep builder.
- Visualize the emigration trends among various regions using dashboard and storytelling in tableau.
- Analyze the causes of emigration.

3. Architecture and High-Level Design

The project architecture diagram shows the different phases shown in Figure 1.

Figure 1

Project Architecture



Notes. The architecture shows the data collection, data preparation, data cleaning and visualization phases for this project. These phases can further be explained in detail as below:

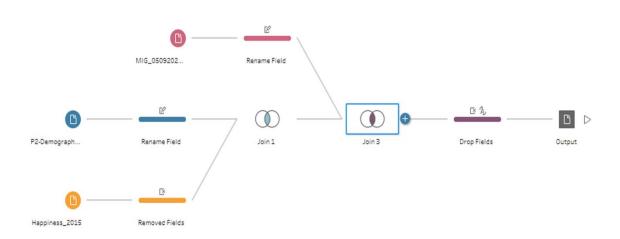
Data collection - For data collection, we have collected the data from three different Kaggle resources which have different fields as shown below:

- Demographic Data Country name, country code, birth rate, internet users, income group.
- Happiness Report Country, region, happiness rank, happiness score, standard Error,
 GDP, family, life expectancy, freedom, government trust, generosity, dystopia residual.
- Emigration Data Emigration, country, region.

Data Preparation - The data preparation is done in tableau prep builder. This includes joining the 3 resources based on Country and cleaning of data.

Figure 2

Data Preparation Flow Chart



Notes. The Figure 2 shows the cleaning and joining steps performed on raw data. I have removed some fields from the happiness file and renamed some fields in the demographic file. After

cleaning I joined the 2 files and again applied join with the third file. The join here is done based on the country field.

Figure 3Data After Preparation

| | А | В | С | D | E | F | G | Н | 1 | J | K | L |
|----|--------------|------------|----------------|---------------------|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|---------|------------|------------|-------------|
| 1 | Country Code | Birth rate | Internet users | Income Group | Country | Happiness Score | GDP per Capita | Life Expectancy | Freedom | Corruption | Region | Immigration |
| 2 | AFG | 35.253 | 5.9 | Low income | Afghanistan | 3.575 | 0.31982 | 0.30335 | 0.23414 | 0.42922 | APAC | 302327 |
| 3 | AGO | 45.985 | 19.1 | Upper middle income | Angola | 4.033 | 0.75778 | 0.16683 | 0.48827 | 0.12468 | Africa | 204 |
| 4 | ALB | 12.877 | 57.2 | Upper middle income | Albania | 4.959 | 0.87867 | 0.81325 | 0.35733 | 0.06413 | Europe | 36593 |
| 5 | ARE | 11.044 | 88 | High income | United Arab Emirates | 6.901 | 1.42727 | 0.80925 | 0.64157 | 0.1069 | Middle Ea | 56 |
| 6 | ARG | 17.716 | 59.9 | High income | Argentina | 6.574 | 1.05351 | 0.78723 | 0.44974 | 0.08484 | South Am | 17532 |
| 7 | ARM | 13.308 | 41.9 | Lower middle income | Armenia | 4.35 | 0.76821 | 0.7299 | 0.19847 | 0.48357 | Europe | 143 |
| 8 | AUS | 13.2 | 83 | High income | Australia | 7.284 | 1.33358 | 0.93156 | 0.65124 | 0.35637 | APAC | 67687 |
| 9 | AUT | 9.4 | 80.6188 | High income | Austria | 7.2 | 1.33723 | 0.89042 | 0.62433 | 0.18676 | Europe | 18976 |
| 10 | AZE | 18.3 | 58.7 | Upper middle income | Azerbaijan | 5.212 | 1.02389 | 0.64045 | 0.3703 | 0.16065 | APAC | 61041 |
| 11 | BDI | 44.151 | 1.3 | Low income | Burundi | 2.905 | 0.0153 | 0.22396 | 0.48827 | 0.10062 | Africa | 22155 |
| 12 | BEL | 11.2 | 82.1702 | High income | Belgium | 6.937 | 1.30782 | 0.89667 | 0.5845 | 0.48357 | Europe | 866 |
| 13 | BEN | 36.44 | 4.9 | Low income | Benin | 3.34 | 0.28665 | 0.3191 | 0.48827 | 0.12468 | Africa | 53323 |
| 14 | BFA | 40.551 | 9.1 | Low income | Burkina Faso | 3.587 | 0.25812 | 0.27125 | 0.39493 | 0.12832 | Africa | 2509 |
| 15 | BGD | 20.142 | 6.63 | Lower middle income | Bangladesh | 4.694 | 0.39753 | 0.60164 | 0.4082 | 0.12569 | APAC | 16775 |
| 16 | BGR | 9.2 | 53.0615 | Upper middle income | Bulgaria | 4.218 | 1.01216 | 0.76649 | 0.30587 | 0.00872 | Europe | 105 |
| 17 | BHR | 15.04 | 90.0000397 | High income | Bahrain | 5.96 | 1.32376 | 0.74716 | 0.45492 | 0.1175 | Arab State | 143990 |

Notes. The Figure 3 shows the CSV obtained from tableau prep builder after data preparation. It has fields shown in Figure 3 as country code, birth rate, income group, country, happiness score, GDP per capita, life expectancy, freedom, corruption, region, and emigration.

Data visualization - The data visualization is achieved using data visualization tool tableau.

4. Organization

The organization of the project covers the person working on the project and the customer who will be using this visualization.

4.1 Project group

Table 2

Person Details Working on Project

| Name | Initials | Responsibility (roles) |
|--------------|----------|---|
| Ritu Bhamrah | R.B. | Data collection, data cleaning, data visualization, |
| | | report, and presentation. |

Note. Table 2 shows the name, initials and responsibilities of the person working on this project.

4.2 Customer

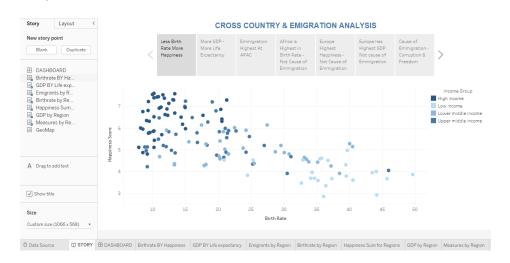
The target customers for this visualization would be anyone who is interested in analyzing emigration.

5. Development process

This project uses the tableau tool for visualization. This covers the dashboard and storytelling. The story shows all the graphs created for this visualization and the dashboard shows all the visualizations on a single page.

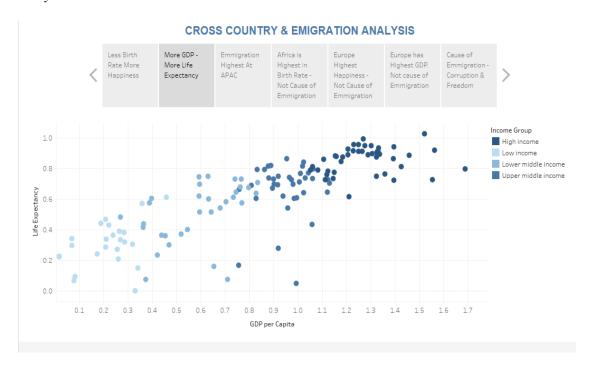
Story 1 - Scatter Plot

Figure 4



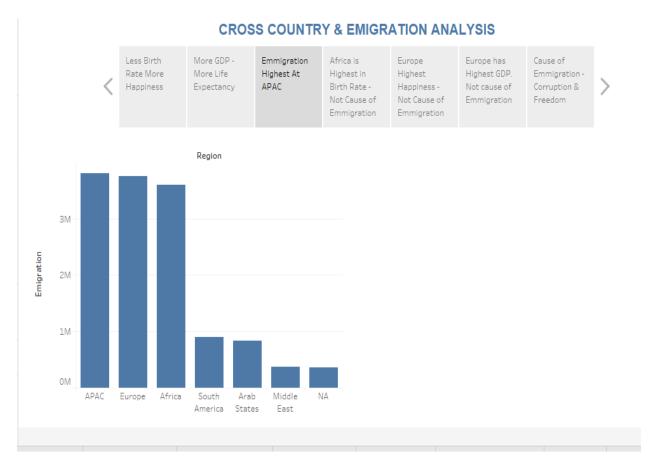
Note. The scatter plot shows that the less birth rate results in more happiness. The colors on the scatterplot show the data by different income groups - high income, low income, lower middle income, and upper middle income.

Figure 5
Story 2 - Scatter Plot



Note. The scatter plot shows as GDP increases the life expectancy also increases. The colors on the scatterplot show the data by different income groups - high income, low income, lower middle income, and upper middle income. The high-income group has high life expectancy compared to the low-income group.

Figure 6
Story 3 - Bar Graph



Note. The bar graph shows the different regions as APAC, Europe, Africa, South America, Arab States, Middle East, and North America. The highest emigration can be seen in the APAC region and the lowest emigration is in North America.

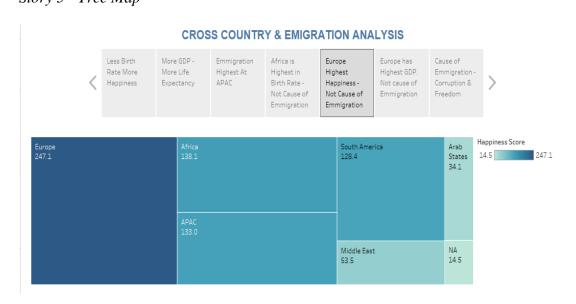
Figure 7
Story 4 - Stacked Bar Graph



Note. The bar graph shows the different regions as APAC, Europe, Africa, South America, Arab States, Middle East, and North America. It also shows the birth rate is highest in Africa with respect to different income groups. The graph does not show us that birth rate is the cause of emigration.

Story 5 - Tree Map

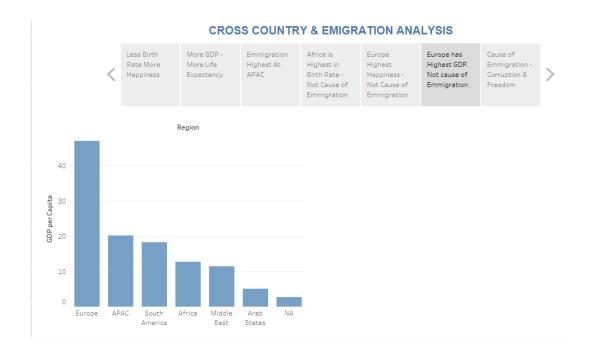
Figure 8



Note. The tree map shows the different regions as APAC, Europe, Africa, South America, Arab States, Middle East, and North America. It shows Europe has the highest happiness score. The tree map does not show us that happiness is the cause of emigration.

Figure 9

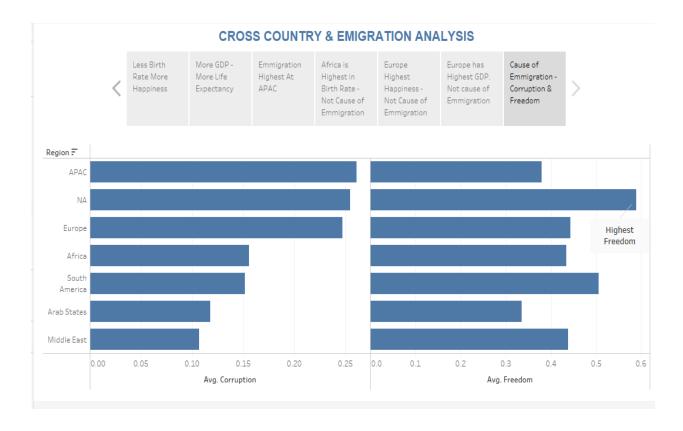
Story 6 - Bar Graph



Note. The bar graph shows the different regions as APAC, Europe, Africa, South America, Arab States, Middle East, and North America. It shows Europe has the highest GDP per capita. The graph does not show us that GDP is the cause of emigration.

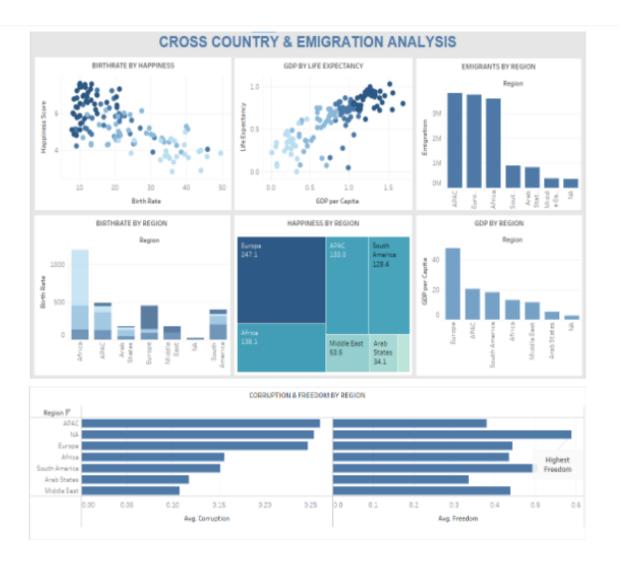
Figure 10

Story 7 - Bar Graph



Note. The bar graph shows the different regions as APAC, Europe, Africa, South America, Arab States, Middle East, and North America. It shows that the APAC has the highest corruption and the order of regions in corruption matches the order of emigration. However, there is one outlier as North America which is lowest in emigration. The second graph for freedom shows that the highest freedom can be seen in North America. Thus, we can conclude that the combination of corruption and freedom contribute to emigration.

Figure 11Final Dashboard



Notes. The Figure shows all the graphs created for this project on one single dashboard.

6. Deliverables

The project deliverables for this project are as follows:

Table 3

Summary of Project Deliverables

| Deliverable | Phase | Explanation |
|-------------------------|-------------|--|
| Project proposal | Initial | Includes summary of project, its benefits and plan. |
| document | phase | |
| Data Prep Cleaning File | Final phase | CSV file generated after data preparation |
| Data Prep Flow File | Final phase | .Hyper to show flow chart by tableau prep builder |
| Tableau visualization | Final phase | Contains all visualizations, dashboard, and storytelling |
| Final report | Final phase | Detailed documentation project |

Note. Table 3 shows the deliverable given in different phases of the project with its explanation.

7. Project risks

The Table 4 shows the risk possibility and its prevention action that can be taken.

Table 4

Project Risks

| Risk | Preventive action | |
|--|--|--|
| The results are limited to only | More factors should be | |
| information collected. But there could | involved for not having | |
| be more factors contributing to | biased results | |
| emigration. | | |
| | The results are limited to only information collected. But there could be more factors contributing to | |

8. Communication

The communication involves all the files which will be shared through the canvas. I am also sharing the GitHub details for the same.

8.1 Canvas

Table 5

Details of Person Worked on Project

| SJSU ID | NAME | EMAIL ID |
|-----------|--------------|-----------------------|
| 015324478 | Ritu Bhamrah | ritu.bhamrah@sjsu.edu |

Note. The table contains the name, student id, and email address for person worked on this project.

8.2 GitHub

Table 6GitHub Details of Person Worked on Project

| GitHub ID | GitHub Email |
|-----------|------------------------|
| ritub5 | bhamrah.ritu@gmail.com |

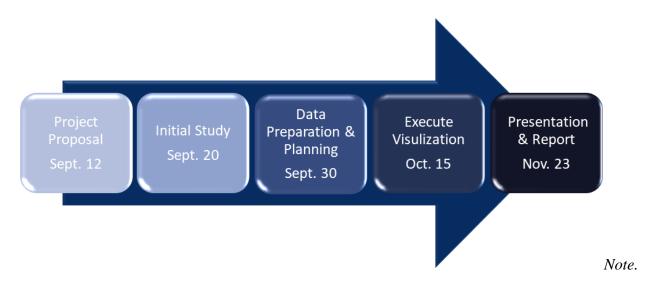
Note. The table contains the GitHub ID and email address for person worked on this project.

9. Project plan and Time Schedule

The project plan and time schedule are maintained by dividing the project into various tasks and milestones. For this project we have divided the project into milestones as shown in Figure 12. This also includes the data when each phase will be completed.

Figure 12

Milestones with Date of Delivery



The figure explains the different phases of the project - project proposal, initial study, data preparation, planning, data visualization, presentation, and report. It also includes dates when each phase will be completed.

The detailed explanation of each phase is as shown below:

- Project proposal The initial document for project proposal.
- Initial study In this phase we try to understand the factors which can influence the emigration of different regions. This will help in the data collection process.
- Data preparation and planning We collect the data from various Kaggle sources. We will do data preparation on raw data and merge all the files.

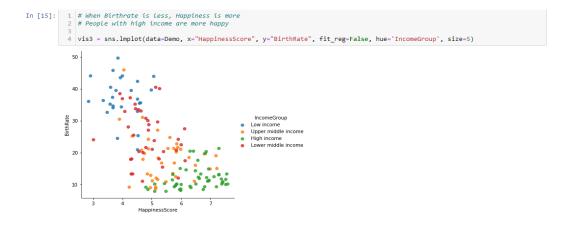
- Execute visualization We perform visualization using the clean data file generated by tableau data prep builder.
- Presentation and report We present our work and findings with the class and document the work in detail.

10. Test Plan

For testing the visualizations, we imported the data to a Jupyter notebook and checked if the graphs were correct or not. Some of the visualizations can be seen as below:

Figure 13

Happiness Score and Birth Rate with respect to Income Group



Note. The Figure 13 is the same graph which we also created from tableau. The results obtained in both cases are the same.

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