E-COMMERCE RÉTAIL D'ATA ANALYSIS

Presentation by

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AGENDA

- ✓ INTRODUCTION
- ✓ DATASET OVERVIEW
- **✓** DATABASE SCHEMA
- **✓** BUSINESS GOAL
- ✓ DATA PREPARATION & UNDERSTANDING
- ✓ DATA ANALYSIS
- ✓ KEY RECOMMENDATION



INTRODUCTION

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 By leveraging three key datasets—Transactions,
 Customers, and Product Categories—we will uncover
 valuable insights to inform strategic business decisions
 and enhance overall performance
- This project aims to provide a comprehensive analysis of customer behavior, sales trends, and product performance within an e-commerce retail business context.



DATASET OVERVIEW

Transactionsnew.csv

 Description: Contains detailed records of customer transactions, capturing essential information such as transaction ID, customer ID, transaction date, product category, product subcategory, and transaction amount.

Customers_new.csv

 Description: Provides information about customers, including customer ID, name, date of birth, gender, and city code, enabling demographic analysis and customer segmentation.

prod_cat_info.csv

 Description: Includes product category information, detailing product category codes, names, subcategory codes, and names, which is crucial for analyzing product performance and market basket analysis.



DATABASE SCHEMA

Customer New

Cust_id int
DOB date

Gender varchar(10)

City_code varchar(10)

Transaction_new

Trans_id int int Cust_id Trans_date date Prod_sub_cat_code int Prod_cat_code int Qty int Rate decimal(10.2) decimal(10.2) Tax Total_amt decimal(10.2) varchar(50) Store_type

Prod_cat_code

Prod_cat_code int

Prod_cat varchar(50)

Prod_sub_cat_code int

Prod_subcat varchar(50)

BUSINESS GOAL

• Enhance Customer Understanding:

Objective: Develop a deep understanding of customer segments, preferences, and behaviors using demographic and transaction data.

Outcome: Create targeted marketing campaigns and personalized customer experiences to increase customer satisfaction and loyalty

• Increase Sales and Revenue:

Objective: Identify trends, peak periods, and product performance to optimize sales strategies.

Outcome: Implement effective sales tactics and promotions to boost revenue and improve overall sales performance.

• Strategic Decision Making:

Objective: Provide actionable insights from data analysis to inform strategic business decisions.

Outcome: Enable data driven decision-making processes to support business growth and operational efficiency.

• Enhance Cross Selling and Upselling:

Objective: Discover product associations through market basket analysis to enhance cross selling and upselling strategies.

Outcome: Increase average transaction value and customer satisfaction by recommending complementary products.

DATA PREPARATION & UNDERSTANDING

What is the total number of rows in each of the 3 tables in the database?

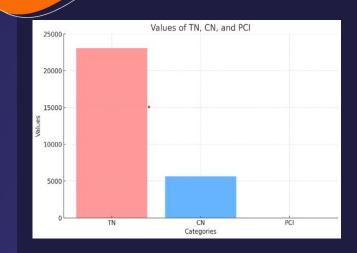
select count(*) from e_commerce.transactions_new;

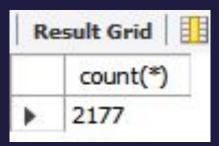
select count(*) from e_commerce.customers_new;

select count(*) from e_commerce.prod_cat_info;

What is the total number of transactions that have a return?

select count(*) from e_commerce.transactions_new where total_amt < 0;





You would have noticed, the dates provided across the datasets are not in a correct format. As first steps, please convert the date variables into valid date formats before proceeding ahead?

UPDATE e_commerce.transactions_new
 SET tran_date =
 STR_TO_DATE(tran
 _date, '%d-%m-%Y')
 WHERE tran_date
 IS NOT NULL;

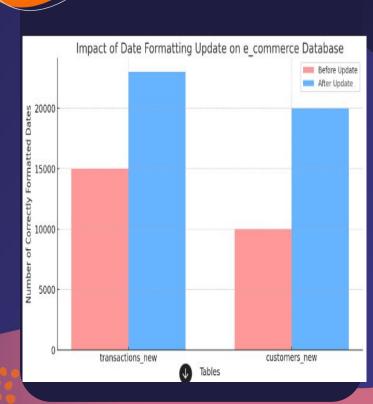
ALTER TABLE e_commerce.transactions_newMODIFY COLUMN tran_date DATE NOT

NULL;

UPDATE e commerce.customers new

SET DOB = STR_TO_DATE(DOB, '%d-%m-%Y')

WHERE DOB IS NOT NULL; ALTER TABLE e_commerce.customers_new MODIFY COLUMN DOB DATE NOT NULL;



What is the time range of the transaction data available for analysis? Show the output

in number of days, months and years simultaneously in different columns?

SELECT

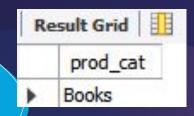
MIN(tran_date) AS trans_start_date, MAX(tran_date) AS tras_end_date, DATEDIFF(MAX(tran date), MIN(tran date)) AS total trans days, TIMESTAMPDIFF(MONTH, MIN(tran_date), MAX(tran_date)) AS total_trans_in_months, TIMESTAMPDIFF(YEAR, MIN(tran date), MAX(tran date)) AS total_trans_in_years

FROM e commerce.transactions new;

Result Grid			Export: Wrap Cell Content: IA		
	trans_start_date	tras_end_date	total_trans_days	total_trans_in_months	total_trans_in_years
•	2011-01-02	2014-12-02	1430	47	3

Which product category does the sub-category "DIY" belong to?

select prod cat from e commerce.prod cat info where prod subcat = 'DIY';



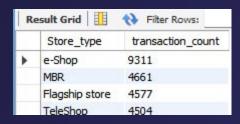




DATA ANALYSIS

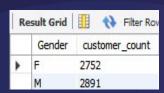
Which channel is most frequently used for transactions?

SELECT Store_type, COUNT(*) AS transaction_countFROM e_commerce.transactions_newGROUP BY Store_type ORDER BY transaction_count DESC;



What is the count of Male and Female customers in the database?

SELECT Gender, COUNT(DISTINCT customer_Id) AS customer_countFROM e_commerce.customers_newwhere Gender in ('M','F')GROUP BY Gender;





From which city do we have the maximum number of customers and how many?

select city_code,count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customer from e_commerce.customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customer from e_commerce.customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customer from e_commerce.customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customer from e_commerce.customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customer from e_commerce.customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customer from e_commerce.customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customer from e_commerce.customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customer from e_commerce.customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customers_new group by city_code order by count(DISTINCT indicated as total_customers_new group by city_code order by code or

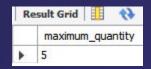
How many sub-categories are there under the Books category?

select count(*) from e_commerce.prod_cat_info where prod_cat = 'Books'



What is the maximum quantity of products ever ordered?

select max(Qty) as maximum_quantity from e_commerce.transactions_new;



What is the net total revenue generated in categories Electronics and Books?

select round(SUM(total_amt),2) as net_revenue,prod_cat from e_commerce.transactions_new join e_commerce.prod_cat_info on e_commerce.transactions_new.prod_cat_code= e_commerce.prod_cat_info.prod_cat_code where prod_cat in ("ELECTRONICS","BOOKS") group by prod_cat;

Re	esult Grid	♦ Filter Row	
	net_revenue	prod_cat	
>	53612318.18	Electronics	
	76936164.24	Books	





How many customers have >10 transactions with us, excluding returns?

Select cust_id, count(cust_id) as transactions from e_commerce.transactions_new where Qty>=0 group by cust_id having

count(cust_id) >10;



What is the combined revenue earned from the "Electronics" & "Clothing" categories, from "Flagship stores"?

Select Store_type,round(sum(total_amt),0) as net_revenue,prod_cat from e_commerce.transactions_new join e_commerce.prod_cat_info on e_commerce.transactions_new. prod_subcat_code = e_commerce.prod_cat_info.prod_cat_codewhere prod_cat in ("ELECTRONICS","Clothing") group by prod_cat,store_typehaving store type="Flagship store";

Store_type	net_revenue	prod_cat
Flagship store	6214421	Electronics
Flagship store	3470076	Clothing



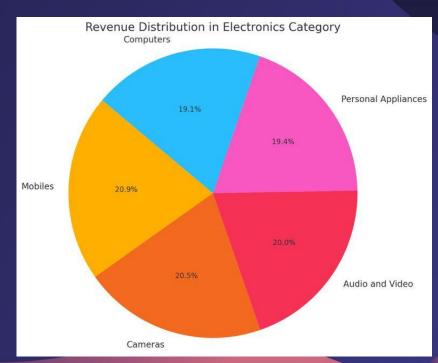


What is the total revenue generated from "Male" customers in "Electronics" category? Output should display total revenue by prod subcat?

select prod_subcat ,sum(total_amt) as revenue from e_commerce.transactions_new t

left join e_commerce.customers_new c on c.customer_Id = t.cust_Id Left join e_commerce.prod_cat_info pci on t.prod_subcat_code = pci.prod_sub_cat_code and t.prod_cat_code = pci.prod_cat_code where gender = 'M' and prod_cat = 'Electronics' group by prod_subcat order by revenue desc;

		- Company of the Comp
	prod_subcat	revenue
•	Mobiles	1192413.2349999996
	Cameras	1167845.7699999986
	Audio and video	1138983.1700000002
	Personal Appliances	1107593.4349999987
	Computers	1090794.1199999999



For all customers aged between 25 to 35 years find what is the net total revenue generated by these consumers in last 30 days of transactions from max transaction date available in the data?

```
WITH max_tran_date AS ( SELECT MAX(tran_date) AS max_date FROM e_commerce.transactions_new),last_30days_sales AS ( SELECT t.cust_id, t.tran_date, t.total_amt, m.max_date FROM e_commerce.transactions_new t CROSS JOIN max_tran_date m WHERE t.tran_date BETWEEN DATE_SUB(m.max_date, INTERVAL 30 DAY) AND m.max_date),age_btwn_2530 AS ( SELECT c.ï» ¿customer_Id, YEAR(m.max_date) - YEAR(c.DOB) AS age FROM e_commerce.customers_new c CROSS JOIN max_tran_date m WHERE YEAR(m.max_date) - YEAR(c.DOB) BETWEEN 25 AND 35),net_rev AS ( SELECT SUM(t.total_amt) AS net_total_revenue FROM last_30days_sales t JOIN age_btwn_2530 e ON t.cust_id = e.ï» ¿customer_Id)SELECT net_total_revenueFROM net_rev;
```



Which store-type sells the maximum products; by value of sales amount and by quantity sold?

SELECT Store_type, SUM(total_amt) AS total_amt, SUM(Qty) AS total_qtyFROM e_commerce.transactions_new GROUP BY

Store_type ORDER BY SUM(total_amt) DESC, SUM(Qty) DESCLIMIT 1;

Result Grid		♦ Filter Rows:	
	Store_type	total_amt	total_qty
•	e-Shop	19824816.05000001	22763

Which product category has seen the max value of returns in the last 3 months of transactions?

```
WITH MaxTranDate AS (
  SELECT MAX(tran_date) AS max_date
  FROM e_commerce.transactions_new
Last90DaysReturns AS (
  SELECT
    SUM(CASE WHEN tn.total_amt < 0 THEN tn.total_amt ELSE 0 END) AS return_amount,
    pci.prod cat
  FROM e commerce.transactions new tn
  JOIN MaxTranDate m ON tn.tran_date BETWEEN DATE_SUB(m.max_date, INTERVAL 90 DAY) AND m.max_date
  LEFT JOIN e_commerce.prod_cat_info pci ON tn.prod_subcat_code = pci.prod_sub_cat_code
                  AND tn.prod_cat_code = pci.prod_cat_code
  GROUP BY pci.prod_cat
SELECT
  prod_cat,
  return amount
FROM Last90DaysReturns
ORDER BY return_amount
```

LIMIT 1;

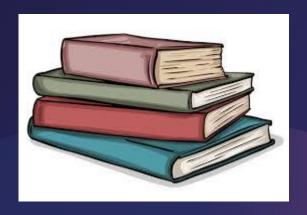
Result Grid Filter Rows:				
	prod_cat	return_amount		
•	Home and kitchen	-9840.025		



What are the categories for which average revenue is above the overall average?

SELECT p.prod_cat, AVG(t.total_amt) AS avg_cat_revFROM e_commerce.transactions_new tJOIN e_commerce.prod_cat_info p ON t.prod_cat_code = p.prod_cat_codeGROUP BY p.prod_catHAVING AVG(t.total_amt) > (SELECT AVG(total_amt) FROM e_commerce.transactions_new);

R	esult Grid	N Filter Rows:
	prod_cat	avg_cat_rev
•	Clothing	2111.870773648651
	Electronics	2189.1514158840396
	Books	2112.818263305291







Find the average and total revenue by each subcategory for the categories which are among top 5 categories in terms of quality sold?

WITH TopCategories AS (SELECT prod_cat_code, SUM(Qty) AS total_quantity_sold FROM e_commerce.transactions_new GROUP BY prod_cat_code ORDER BY total_quantity_sold DESC LIMIT5)SELECT p.prod_cat, AVG(t.total_amt) AS avg_revenue, SUM(t.total_amt) AS total_revenueFROM e_commerce.transactions_new tJOIN e_commerce.prod_cat_info p ON t.prod_cat_code = p.prod_cat_codeJOIN TopCategories tc ON t.prod_cat_code = tc.prod_cat_codeGROUP BY p.prod_cat;

R	esult Grid	♦ Filter Rows:	
	Store_type	total_amt	total_qty
•	e-Shop	19824816.05000001	22763



Key Recommendations*

1. Customer Transaction Analysis:

- Increase Average Transaction Value (ATV):
 - Offer bundle deals or discounts for multiple purchases.
 - Implement upselling and cross-selling strategies during checkout.

2. New Product Category Analysis:

- Market Research and Validation:
 - Conduct thorough market research to understand demand and competition.
 - Use focus groups or surveys to gather feedback on potential new products.

3. Implementation Strategy

Prioritize Actionable Insights:

- Focus on insights that directly impact revenue, customer satisfaction, and operational efficiency.
- Allocate resources to initiatives with the highest potential ROI based on data analysis.

Continuous Improvement:

- Foster a culture of data-driven decision-making within the organization.
- Regularly review and update strategies based on new data and market dynamics

Thank you





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