Credit Card Transactions Analysis - Summary Report

Introduction:

This analysis investigates **credit card transaction patterns**, detecting anomalies, identifying customer spending behaviours, and providing insights into potentially fraudulent activities. The dataset consists of **5,500 transactions** with details on transaction types, merchants, categories, amounts, payment modes, and customer demographics.

Data Cleaning and Preprocessing

- No missing values were found in essential columns after checking.
- The Amount column had missing values, which were filled with the median transaction amount.
- Additional date-related features (Year, Month, Day) were extracted from Transaction_Date.
- Transactions were categorized into Low, Medium, and High-value bands based on amount thresholds.

Key Insights and Analysis

1. Transaction Trends:

- The highest spending category was Dining (\$2,402,259.10), followed by Groceries (\$2,386,772.81).
- Travel and Clothing had the lowest total transaction amounts (\$2,168,822.96 and \$2,185,530.09, respectively).
- No transactions were recorded in January 2024, indicating possible missing or incorrect data.

2. Merchant Insights:

- The top five merchants by transaction count were Uber (833), Walmart (818), BestBuy (790), Netflix (774), and Amazon (770).
- These findings highlight frequent usage of ride-hailing services, online shopping, and entertainment subscriptions.

3. Declined Transactions:

 The most declined payment mode was Debit Card (145 declines), followed by PayPal (135) and UPI (134). Understanding these declines can help improve customer payment success rates.

4. Fraud Detection Indicators:

- No customers made more than 10 transactions in a single day, reducing concerns about unusual spending spikes.
- No high-risk online transactions (Amount > \$5000) were detected, suggesting low fraud exposure in large online purchases.
- The average transaction amount per age group revealed 46-60-year-olds had the highest spending (\$2,978.27), while 31-45-year-olds had the lowest (\$2,785.66).

5. Location-Based Spending Patterns:

- The highest average transaction amount was in Abigailfort (\$3,634.88), whereas
 Aaronside had the lowest (\$315.54).
- Variations in spending behaviour across locations suggest different consumer purchasing power.

Conclusion

This analysis provides valuable insights into **spending trends, merchant popularity, payment behaviour, and fraud detection**. Financial institutions can use these insights to:

- Optimize fraud detection strategies by focusing on high-risk categories.
- Enhance customer experience by reducing payment failures.
- Target marketing efforts based on customer spending behaviours and locations.

Future improvements could include time-series analysis for seasonal trends and predictive modelling for fraud detection.