

Lab 1 (Week 2)

The following source code represents the basic operations of the Queue data structure.

```
1  class Queue {
2      constructor() {
3          this.q = [];
4      }
5      // get the current number of elements in the queue
6      //Getter function
7      get length() {
8          return this.q.length
9      };
10     //Get all the elements
11     get queue() {
12         return this.q;
13     }
14     // Boolean function: returns true if the queue is empty, false
    otherwise
15     isEmpty() {
16         return 0 == this.q.length;
17     };
18     //adds new element to the end of the queue
19     enqueue(newItem) {
20         this.q.push(newItem)
21     };
22     //Boolean function: returns true if an item is found (first occurnace);
    false otherwise
23     inQueue(item) {
24         let i = 0;
25         let isFound = false;
26         while (i < this.q.length && !isFound) {
```

```
27.         if (this.q[i] === item) {
28.             isFound = true;
29.         } else
30.             i++;
31.     }
32.     return (isFound);
33. }
34. // pop an item from the queue
35. dequeue() {
36.     if (0 !== this.q.length) {
37.         let c = this.q[0];
38.         this.q.splice(0, 1);
39.         return c
40.     }
41. };
42.
43. };
44.
45. let queue = new Queue();
46. queue.enqueue(10);
47. queue.enqueue(20);
48. console.log(queue.length);
49. console.log(queue.q);
50. queue.dequeue();
51. queue.enqueue(33);
52. console.log(queue.q);
53. console.log(queue.inQueue(33));
54. console.log(queue.inQueue(88));
```

Expected output

```
1. 2
2. [ 10, 20 ]
3. [ 20, 33 ]
4. true
5. false
```

Tasks

- add a new function that removes all the elements in the queue
- add a new function that adds a set of items into the queue
 - E.g: `queue.addAll([3,7,1,9])`
- add a function that pops (dequeues) N elements from the queue. The function should reject the input if there is no enough element to be removed.
 - E.g: `queue.dequeueN(2); // pop 2 elements`
- add a new function that prints the content of the queue with their indexes. The output can be something like:
 - 1->34
 - 2->30
 - 3->11
 - 4->-3

Note: some text and codes have been taken from books and web pages.

References:

- [https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MEAN_\(software_bundle\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/MEAN_(software_bundle))
- <https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Guide/>
- <http://www.dofactory.com/tutorial/javascript-loops>
- <https://javascript.info/>

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